St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXIII. ST. LOUIS, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1885. NO. 210.

THE GREATEST SUCCESS

Ever Known in the History of the Jewelry Trade was the OPENING TO-DAY of the

MILLION DOLLAR SACRIFICE SALE!

OF THE

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO. 4th and Locust. 4th and Locust.

Notwithstanding the inclement weather the Immense Establishment was **CROWDED** with **EAGER PURCHASERS,** astonished and delighted with the **MARVELOUSLY LOW PRICES** and the **MAGNIFICENT BARGAINS** offered in the **FINEST GOODS** in the Market. Do not fail to attend the Second Day's Sale, TO-MORROW.

COME EARLY AND SECURE THE CHOICEST.

SILVER PLATED WARE AT A REDUCTION WORTH WHILE.

READ A FEW OF OUR BARGAINS.

Fine Goods Were Never Before Offered at as Low Prices.

Rogers Triple Plate Knives, per set	$1 80
Quadruple Plate Knives	2 00
Triple Plate Table Spoons	2 75
Triple Plate Tea Spoons	1 95
Triple Plate Forks	2 75
Elegant quadruple plated tea set, five pieces, including large waiter	20 00
Quadruple plated sugar bowl, cream spoon-holder and sugar spoon	7 75

All other goods at correspondingly low prices. Remember we sell no trash, no single plate, no cheap goods, but guarantee every article we sell to be exactly as represented. In addition to some of our own make we sell Rogers, Meriden, Wilcox and Derby goods.

E. M. WADSWORTH & CO.,
612 OLIVE STREET.
Replating and Repairing a Specialty.

ST. LOUIS CITY.

Proposals for Gold and Sterling Renewal Bonds.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, ST. LOUIS, February 11, 1885.

By virtue of Ordinance No. 8,961, authorizing the issue and sale of $750,000 in bonds of the City of St. Louis, to pay $500,000 in bonds of the late County of St. Louis, for which the city is liable, matured February 1, 1885, sealed proposals for the purchase of six hundred and twenty thousand dollars ($620,000) in St. Louis City bonds, herein after described, or any portion thereof, will be received at the MAYOR'S OFFICE, in the city of St. Louis, until 12 o'clock noon of the 6th day of March, 1885, and publicly opened by the undersigned, at said place and hour.

The remaining $80,000, in bonds authorized, will be purchased and retired by the Sinking Fund at the highest price offered by other bidders, thus reducing the debt to that amount.

The award will be subject to the approval of the Committee on Ways and Means of each branch of the Municipal Assembly. Said bonds will be dated February 2, 1885, and will each be of the denomination of $1,000 U. S. GOLD COIN, or 200 POUNDS STERLING, payable TWENTY (20) YEARS after their date, and redeemable at the option of the City at any time after ten years from their date, and will bear interest from their date at the rate of FOUR (4) PER CENT. per annum. Semi-annual interest coupons, payable in U. S. Gold Coin, or in pounds sterling on the second day of February and August respectively, will be attached to each bond, and both bonds and coupons will be payable to bearer, either at the National Bank of Commerce in New York, in U. S Gold Coin or at the office of J. S. Morgan & Co., London, England, in pounds sterling, at the option of the holder.

Bonds must be paid for in current funds and will be delivered at the office of the Comptroller of the City of St. Louis, on the 20th day of March, 1885.

Proposals must state the price offered in current funds, per bond, and must be accompanied by a deposit of cash, or certified check payable to the order of the Comptroller (and subject to his approval), equal in amount to five (5) per cent. of the amount in bonds bid for, as earnest money for the faithful compliance with the proposal; said deposit to be returned if proposal is not accepted, otherwise to be held subject to forfeiture to the City in event of failure on the part of the bidder to comply with his proposal, or in case of compliance to be retained as part of the purchase money.

All proposals must refer to this advertisement as a portion of the agreement on the part of the bidder, must be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Proposals for purchase of St. Louis City Bonds."

The undersigned reserve the right to reject any and all proposals.

A sample bond can be seen and further information obtained at the office of the Comptroller of the City of St. Louis.

WM. L. EWING, Mayor.
E. L. ADREON, Comptroller.

WAR!

The St. Louis druggists, at a meeting held on the 12th of January, resolved to cut schedule prices on Patent Medicines so as to freeze out the original cutter, the Anti-Monopoly Drug Store. Notwithstanding their action, resolution and prices advertised, I shall continue in the future, as in the past, to sell Patent Medicines, Drugs, etc., from 10 to 20 per cent less than any other druggist in the city. Goods fresh and quantities unlimited. Orders for patent medicines at wholesale prices solicited from country druggists. Boxing and cartage free.

ANTI-MONOPOLY DRUG STORE,
S. W. Cor. Sixth and Market Streets.

ESTABLISHED 1838.

CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING

SUITS CLEANED IN SIX HOURS.

Cleaning.		Dyeing.	
Coat	$1 00	Coat	$2
Pants	50	Pants	1

W. SURBLED
North Sixth st., bet. Market and Chestnut.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.

Newland's School of Midwifery

—AND—

LYING-IN INSTITUTE.

This is the only institute of the kind in the West in which regular physicians lecture, and which is connected with a lying-in institute, so that students will receive practical and theoretical lessons. Male and female students admitted. The regular term will commence in March, 1885.

Ladies who expect their confinement can be accommodated. DR. H. NEWLAND,
2365 Chouteau av.

HENRY ENGAU,
Bookbinder and Blank Book Manufacturer,
314 OLIVE ST., ST. LOUIS.
Fine binding a specialty.

SPRING DRESS GOODS!

NOW OPEN.

Full Lines of Towanda Toile du Nord, Thistle and Peneleton Brands of Scotch and American Zephyr Ginghams, Seersuckers and Percales.

Qualities: 1s, 1,000s, 1,200s.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.

WASHINGTON AVENUE AND FIFTH STREET.

SCARRITT FURNITURE CO

Call and see 50 Patterns Latest Improved

FOLDING BEDS

UPRIGHT AND CABINET.

Elegant in Style, Low in Price, Double and Single,

Easy to Operate, Economy in Room, Perfection has been Reached.

609, 611, 613 North Fourth St.

(This cut represents a very desirable pattern of fine Penknife and Toilet-Knife combined. Pearl handle, 3½ inches long, two regular blades, scissors, corn blade, tweezers, blunt blade for cleansing nail and a stationary nail-file cut on back of spring, and nickel-lined.)

ONLY CUTLERY, BUT EVERYTHING IN CUTLERY.

A very large stock at Wholesale for Merchants, and also a select line of FINE GOODS at Retail.

A. J. JORDAN, 612 Washington Avenue.

FURNITURE ON PAYMENTS.

Parlor Suits from $450 down to	$45 00
Chamber Suits from $500 down to	25 00

—AT—

H. L. NIEDRINGHAUS'

Franklin Avenue Furniture Establishment,
1003, 1005 FRANKLIN AV.

A SUITABLE DISCOUNT FOR CASH. You can buy as cheap here as any place in the city.

BEWARE OF THIEVING IMITATIONS. IF YOU WANT COUSSENS'

HONEY OF TAR

FOR YOUR

COUGH OR COLD

Ask your druggist to give you a bottle bearing this TRADE MARK. No other genuine.

Unrivalled in Appearance.
Unparalleled in Simplicity.
Unsurpassed in Construction.
Unprecedented in Durability.
Unexcelled in Economy of Fuel.

EXCELSIOR MFG. COMPANY.

M. EHRET, JR., & CO.

BEST GRADES

28-inch & 32-inch **TARRED FELTS**

NINTH and OLIVE STS., St. Louis, Mo.

DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC

A POSITIVE CURE FOR

DRUNKENNESS

OR THE LIQUOR HABIT.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist.

Golden Specific Co., Prop'rs, Cincinnati, O.

FOR SALE BY

M. W. ALEXANDER, Druggist,
Broadway (5th) and Olive, ST. LOUIS.
Call or write for circulars and full particulars

The sweet gum taken from the tree of the Southern swamps contains a stimulating expectorant principle which loosens the phlegm, and cuts the false membrane, relieving the early morning cough in Consumption, curing Coughs, Croup, and Whooping Cough. This, combined with the mucilaginous healing and flesh producing principle in the Mullein Plant of the old field, presents in Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein, the finest known remedy for Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Colds, and Consumption. For full information send 2ct. stamp for "Taylor's Riddle Book" for the welfare of home and amusement of the little ones.

WALTER A. TAYLOR, Atlanta, Ga.

JOHN MAGUIRE,
REAL ESTATE AGENT
NO. 413 WALNUT ST. BET. 5TH AND 6TH.

THE "RICHMOND" $5.00

LADIES' CLUB ROLLER SKATE.

This Skate is made especially for the Ladies. It has pure steel bot oms, corrugated shank, full nickel plated. Has toe clamps and fair leather heel straps, with pads to prevent strap from pinching the instep. Has pure Turkey boxwood wheels, bushed with brass, and is, without question, the neatest ladies' skate made. Price, $5.00.

Richmond "Half Clamp Club" Skates for gentlemen, same style as the ladies Club. Price, $5.00.

Each Skate encased in a neat box.

These Skates are on exhibition at the Star Roller Skating Rink, 19th and Pine Sts.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

E. C. MEACHAM ARMS CO., 400,402 & 404 N. 3d st ST. LOUIS, MO.

McNICHOLS' BEACON SHINES AFAR—HE WILL BRING YOU SAFELY TO PORT.

For long, long months the storm has raged,
The shore is lined with costly wrecks;
No oil those off waves can assuage,
No craft the howling toughest checks.
With anxious eye that sweeps the foam
Each bold commander notes the strife,
And feels how sweet would be the home
Which once was his with child and wife.

As rapid as the lightning's dart
Across the black and frowning sky,
Some noble vessel breaks apart,
From bow to keel its frag ments fly.
Hope, shrieking, for her pinions white,
And shuddering shuns beneath the waves;
When—all ends a beacon lights
Starts up and all the valley saves.

Within a rock-ribbed, firm-fixed spire,
Untouched by wind or dash of rain:
There shines an unabated fire,
Which guides the ship wrecked home again.
McNichols leads the safe to land,
And points the way to rest and ease;
With ready will and helpful hand,
He builds each home up by degrees.

No tumbled heart need quite despair,
Hope leaves not long the breast of man;
McNichols' stock is rich and rare,
Still no ds out his instalment plan.
No need for poverty to rent
The tender ties which bind you here;
McNichol is the poor man's friend,
And he can make cloud disappear.

If any man or woman, earning ever so small a sum, can not afford to put by each week something toward building us an Star an ding place, when every thing useful is offered on such easy terms at such low prices—then there is something wrong in their management of affairs. Household goods of the newest and best. Carpets, Curtains and Furniture. Pictures for ornaments, handsome China Sets, may be had at low rates by weekly payments, and

THE ONLY McNICHOLS

Is the man. He will show you the way. If you wish to see how it is done drop in at his crowded Storehouse, 1023-1024 Market street. THE ONLY McNICHOLS—TRADE MARK.

P. S.—Despise not the day of small things, for from such beginnings come all things. A word to the wise is sufficient.

ALEXANDER'S DRUG STORE

N. W. Corner Broadway (Fifth) and Olive Sts.

Pure Medicines, Fine Perfumery, Sponges, Mirrors, Hair Brushes, Combs, Soap and other Fancy Toilet Articles.

ALEXANDER'S UNRIVALED COLOGNE WATER.

Prescriptions accurately prepared by competent apothecaries under the supervision of M. W. Alexander, graduate of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy.

TERRIBLE FLOOD AT C. FARNER Stove, Furniture and Carpet Company,

N. W. COR. 14TH ST. AND CLARK AV.

Goods at a sacrifice; must be sold; only a small payment required; balance on easy time payments or a good discount for cash.

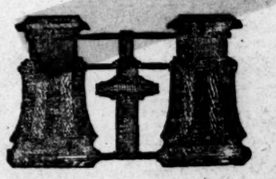
Sole agents for the celebrated Alligator cook stove.

BLANKE & BRO.

CANDY COMPANY,

608, 610 and 612 Market St.

Pure Goods, adapted to the finer retail trade, a specialty.



Opera Glasses from $2 to $50.
Sole Agents for the Celebrated Laval Opera Glasses.

Hernstein & Prince, 317 N. 4th St.

McMUNN'S ELIXIROF

OPIUM

Is the pure extract from the drug, from which all the hurtful properties are removed and the medical ones retained. No headache, costiveness or sickness of the stomach attend its use. Price 50 cents. At druggists.

E. E. SOUTHER & BRO.
St. Louis, Mo.
Dealers in IRON AND STEEL;
MANUFACTURERS OF
Corrugated Iron for Roofing, Siding & Ceiling

Climax Iron Roofing shown below.

Catalogues, Prices & Complete Information on application.

Electric-Light SOAP

IS THE BEST. Inquire of your Grocer.
ELECTRIC SOAP M'F'G CO. Indianapolis, Ind.

LATEST EDITION.

IN RUEFUL RETREAT.

The British Troops in Soudan Falling Back to Korti.

Wolseley's Expedition Acknowledged to be a Failure—Departure of the Coldstream Guards and and Hussars for Suakim—Death of Mrs Lowell—A Revolt of Exiles in Siberia—Foreign News.

LONDON, February 19.—The first battalion of the Coldstream Guards, 840 in number, started to-day for Suakim. They left Wellington Barracks amid pathetic scenes of leave-taking. Relatives and friends assembled in force to bid the departing soldiers farewell. Many affecting episodes occurred. Mothers hung around the necks of sons, wives clung to husbands, and children said good-bye to fathers between sobs. Many men brushed tears away as they bade sons or brothers a hearty farewell. The Guards

MARCHED WITH DIFFICULTY

through the throngs of women, children and friends to Westminster Bridge, where they took the steamer for Gravesend. As they embarked the band struck up "Auld Lang Syne," and followed with "Home, Sweet Home." The steamer moved away from the pier amid cheers. At Gravesend the Guards embarked for Suakim. The entire route from the barracks to the bridge and the Thames' embankment was crowded with people who cheered in the most enthusiastic manner as the men passed by The men presented a splendid appearance, and went away in the best of spirits.

HUSSARS EMBARK FOR SOUDAN.

A detachment of hussars left Aldershot to-day for Portsmouth, where they will embark for Egypt. The steamer Tyne sailed to-day with re-inforcements and stores for the Soudan.

Advices from Gakdul Wells of the 17th report the arrival of General Wood and three companies of infantry.

THE BRITISH FALLING BACK.

It is announced that the fall of Khartoum and the death of General Gordon have rendered the main object of General Wolseley's expedition impossible. The Government has deemed it expedient to change the whole plan of the campaign in the Soudan. General Brackenbury, who succeeded the late General Earle, has been ordered to abandon his advance on Berber and concentrate his troops at Korti. Col Sir Redvers Buller, who evacuated Gubat on the 18th, and withdrew his forces to Abu Klea, has also been ordered to fall back on Korti. All the available troops in Wolseley's command will be concentrated at that place, and at Debbeh and Korosko, the main body being at Korti.

CHANGES THE WHOLE PLAN.

"Col. Buller's retreat from Gubat before the approach of El Mahdi and his army will," says the Pall Mall Gazette, "change the whole plan of the Soudan campaign." The next movement of the British forces must now, the Gazette thinks, depend on the action of El Mahdi. A small force will probably be left to hold Gakdul Wells for the purpose of preventing hostile Arabs from using them in the advance toward Korti, across the desert from Khartoum. If Lord Wolseley feels himself strong enough to allow Gen. Brackenburg to advance with the late Gen. Earle's troops to Abu Hamed, he may proceed thither in order to hold the Nile end of the Korosko route open; otherwise, the Gazette believes Gen. Brackenburg will probably be recalled to Korti. In this event, the plan will be to leave but a small force at Korti to keep up communication with Gakdul Wells, and retreat and concentrate the main strength of the British

FORCES

at present in the Soudan at Debbeh; further down the Nile, Korosko will be held in force, and the Gazette argues the contemplated advance upon Berber will be abandoned, so far at least as it was intended to make it the base of active operations. All but purely defensive operations, according to the Gazette, will be abandoned along the Nile. In regard to Gen. Wolseley himself, the Gazette believes he will be recalled, either to Cairo or London. In case he is recalled to Cairo the only reason that will be given will probably be that he can better direct from that point the military operations from Suakim against Osman Digna. The severance of the land telegraph lines, such as the cut between Dongola and Wadyhaf is used to make the statement plausible. In the event of Wolseley's recall to London, it will be said he can be far more useful in personal contact with the Ministry than shut up in the muddrate of Dongola.

ENGINEER CORPS OFF TO SUAKIM.

The engineer, telegraph and commission corps for the Suakim expedition sailed for Suakim to-day.

NO HOPE FOR STEWART.

Gen. Wolseley telegraphs the Government to-day that the condition of Gen. Sir Herbert Stewart is less hopeful. The fever attending the wound in the groin has increased.

RETIREMENT TO CAIRO PROBABLE.

It is probable that General Lord Wolseley may evacuate Korti and retire to Debbeh, where the desert routes from Omdurman 'El Obeid and Darfour converge on the Nile. General Wolseley can there await help from England. At Korti the General could be surrounded. In retirement all the available supplies will be swept up, and the whole army entrenched at Debbeh could hold its own, if necessary, until the rising of the Nile occurs. Dongola, Hanneck and various other points on the river between Debbeh and Halfa are held by weak detachments of British troops. There is a line of telegraph which possibly might be maintained, while the steam launches on the clear reaches could keep up some sort of communication with the second cataract. The moral effect of this retirement will be serious, though it may be, to a certain extent, neutralized by the action in unmistakable strength from Suakim. Wolseley will probably return to Cairo to consult with Gen. Stephenson and others in regard to the present situation of affairs.

GEN. DAVIS RELIEVES FREEMANTLE.

CAIRO, February 19.—Major General Davis goes to Suakim to relieve Colonel Fremantle, commanding the garrisons there.

SPANISH OFFICERS VOLUNTEER THEIR SERVICES.

MADRID, February 19.—Officers of the British Legation are daily besieged by numbers of Spanish officers seeking employment in the Soudan. This is owing to the spread of a report throughout Spain that England desires to enlist Spaniards in the Egyptian service. The Carlists offered the Legation 4,000 volunteers.

Siberia.

REVOLT OF EXILES.

LONDON, February 19.—Advices just received from the Government of Irkutsk, in Eastern Siberia, are to the effect that a large number of Russian exiles there have revolted, but were subdued after a desperate contest with the authorities. Nine soldiers and thirty exiles were killed. Many were wounded on both sides. Great excitement prevailed, but affairs are now quiet, although a number of the unruly fear swift punishment.

Nova Scotia.

A PERILOUS TRIP.

HALIFAX, February 19.—The steamer Newcastle City left here Monday last for London with a general cargo and 134 head of cattle. On Sunday, when about 200 miles southeast of Sable Island, she experienced a heavy storm. A heavy sea washing over her carried away one hundred cattle, destroyed the boats and injured the hatches. She put back to this port and arrived to-day, where she will repair.

The Dominion.

MONTREAL, February 19.—The snow blockade is ended, and trains are all on time.

Mexico.

WAR ON WHITE SETTLERS.

GUAYMAS, February 19.—Cajeme, a Yafui chief, burned a number of boats, seized from white settlers on the Yaqui river, on the 14th inst. It is also reported that a number of ranches have been burned between the settlements and the part of the river he claims, by bands of his tribe.

England.

MRS. LOWELL DEAD.

LONDON, February 19.—Mrs. James Russell Lowell died at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

THE QUEEN AT WINDSOR.

The Queen has returned to Windsor. The Prince of Wales has arrived in London.

A FATAL CONFLAGRATION.

The Knugden cotton mills at Blackburn burned to-day. The loss is $100,000. Two constables were killed by the walls falling. Several employes who were within the buildings at the time the fire started are reported missing.

THE RAILWAYS.

The Wabash Annual Report—How Gould is Traveling.

The work of compiling the annual report of the Wabash was commenced this morning and will be ready for the printer within two weeks. Some extensive tabular work has to be executed. It is said the report will show heavy gains for the last half of last year.

The Vandalia and Indianapolis and St. Louis Lines are having a small-sized fracas all to themselves on passenger traffic between St. Louis and New York. Yesterday afternoon the price went down to $14 and it was currently reported that $12 would buy a ticket to the metropolis. So far the other lines have remained out of the fuss, but unless something is done to-day or to-morrow the other roads will become involved beyond a doubt and a rate of $5 to New York will not be out of the question. No meeting has been called as yet, as it is hoped the two belligerents will amicably arrange matters.

At the Gould headquarters the idea prevails that Mr. Gould will not come up the Mississippi by boat, his time having become too valuable to spend more than a few days on his yacht between Charleston, S. C., and New Orleans. Capt. R. B. Hayes has left for New Orleans and goes to Galveston, where he will meet Col. H. M. Hoxie, and return to St. Louis within a week.

STILL STUBBORN.

Another Vote for Senator in the Illinois Legislature.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., February 19.—The Senate adopted a resolution to-day requesting Congress to make an appropriation for the Hennepin Canal.

Senator Bell of Peoria introduced a bill making it a penitentiary offense for a bank officer, guardian, or other person handling funds in trust to deal in options.

Every Senator and Representative was present at noon when the Joint Assembly was convened for the election of a United States Senator. O'Shea and Sittig, who had not previously attended, each explained his vote

O'Shea said that 3,500 of his constituents were opposed to Morrison, and to represent them faithfully he would be obliged to vote against Morrison "first, last and all the time." He voted for John R. Tilden of Chicago. Sittig read a lengthy speech of protest against boss rule and to make "ride in the ditch" demands, and voted for Hon. E. B. Washburne.

The seven Democrats who scattered the votes yesterday did the same to-day, except that Senator Streeter changed his vote from Joan Smith to ex-Congressman A. Stephenson of Bloomington. Senator MacMillan changed from Logan to Andrew Shuman editor of the Chicago Evening Journal. The result was no choice. Logan, 100; Morrison, 94; scattering, 19.

A BIG CATTLE DEAL.

The Marquis De Mores Makes a $30,000 Purchase at Superior City.

MILWAUKEE, February 19.—A special to The Evening Wisconsin from Superior City says a sale of 600 head of cattle has just been made by the Powder River Cattle Company to the Marquis De Mores, the price being $30,000, for shipment to England. This is the first sale of a series soon to follow. Arrangements for the shipment of 2,000 more head to the lake are now being made by the same company, which has extensive ranches in Nebraska, Wyoming and Montana. The cattle will be put in a stall and fattened at Duluth, and as soon as navigation opens will be shipped by the lake to the Atlantic seaboard, thence to England, with which country's Government, it is claimed, arrangements are made for the shipments duty free.

CANNOT COMMIT WITNESSES.

The Coroner's Powers Defined by the City Counselor.

In response to a joint request by the Coroner and Jailer, City Counselor Bell to-day gave the following opinion defining that official's power in the matter of taking recognizance of witnesses in cases of homicide:

1. The Coroner has no power to commit any one to jail to be held as a witness on the trial of a criminal case.

2. The recognizance spoken of in section 5,145 of the general statutes is the personal recognizance of the witness, and security is not required.

3. No authority has been vested in the Coroner by the statutes of this State to commit one to jail for failing or refusing to enter into a recognizance when ordered by said officer.

KILLED FOR DOING HIS DUTY.

A Sheriff Murdered While Trying to Serve a Writ.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., February 19.—Tuesday, in Marion County, on the Upper White River, Sheriff Keeler was killed by Captain Stallions, a steamboatman. Stallions threatened to kill Keefer if he came on the boat to serve a writ, and shot him dead.

Fighting Natural Gas.

PITTSBURG, PA., February 19.—After the destructive explosion of natural gas in this city a bill was filed in court asking for an injunction to restrain the natural gas companies from bringing gas into the city. This morning Judge Stowe rendered a decision refusing an absolute injunction on the grounds that the affidavits did not show the general danger, but said that unless the mains near the scene of the explosion were not made safe within forty-eight hours an injunction would be granted as to that portion of the lines. The Court suggested the appointment of a commission to inspect and report on the safety of the mains.

An Old Railroad Man Dead.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, February 19.—B. H. Barney, for twenty years agent of the Greatwestern Despatch, Erie and Pacific Despatch and the Southshore Line, died at an early hour this morning of paralysis of the heart.

Quit the Knights of Labor.

PITTSBURG, PA., February 19.—At a meeting of the Bricklayers' Assembly, Knights of Labor, in Allegheny City, last night, it was unanimously decided to sever connection with that order, and join the International Bricklayers' Union.

Death of Mrs. Colt.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

BOONVILLE, Mo., February 19.—Mrs. Bettie Colt, daughter of Capt. Henry McPherson, the well-known steamboat man and the wife of Wm. A. Colt of Clinton, Mo., died at the latter place at 3 o'clock this morning.

Thrown From the Track.

BUFFALO, N. Y., February 19.—Express train No. 1 on the Erie Road was thrown from the track near Swain's Station. Several cars and the engine were wrecked. No one was hurt.

Favor Grant's Retirement.

HARRISBURG, PA., February 19.—The Senate this morning adopted, without debate or discussion, the House resolution urging the prompt action of Congress upon the Grant retirement bill.

"LITTLE NELL" is the cutest, prettiest, and most charming artist on rollers ever seen in St. Louis. She appears to-night at Star Rink.

CLARDY CAN CROW.

An Increased Appropriation for the Mississippi River Improvement.

The River and Harbor Bill Still Under Consideration—Des Moines River Settlers' Bill Not Finished Yet—Checking the Thurman Boom—The Post Office Appropriations.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 19.—The report of the Secretary of the Treasury to the Speaker of the House, showing the amount of money expended in the payment of Government officers at the polls since the law passed in 1874, shows the amounts paid in Missouri as follows: For special deputies, Eastern Missouri District, in 1876, $ 9,110; 1880, $6,505; 1882, $6,830. To supervisors in 1876, $1,330; in 1880, $1,815.

The Post Office Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 19.—The post office appropriation bill as reported to the Senate appropriates $33,819,900, an increase of $330,000 over the bill as it passed the House, and $3,279,179 less than the estimates. The aggregate appropriated is $34,547,169 in excess of the estimated revenue for the fiscal year of 1885. An increase of $49,000 is made in the appropriation for the transportation on railroad routes. A decrease of $150,000 is made in the appropriation for the compensation of clerks in the post offices, and a decrease of $50,000 in the appropriation for the compensation of letter-carriers and the expenses of the free delivery system. All new legislation is stricken from the bill.

The Sundry Civil Service Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 19.—The House Appropriation Committee will consider the sundry Civil Service bill to-morrow. It is understood that an effort will be made to incorporate in it a provision to stop the coinage of silver from July 1, for one year. Members of the committee opposed to such legislation express the opinion that its provision will be favorably considered by a majority of the committee. The New York members of the House, who are strong silver men, assert they will filibuster on any legislation providing for the stoppage of silver coinage, even at the risk of forcing an extra session.

Clardy's Victory.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 19.—Clardy scored a victory in the House for the Mississippi River, today. The appropriations in the bill for the section of the river between the mouth of the Illinois and Cairo were $400,000. He moved to make the amount $600,000, and, making a strong speech in its favor, carried his amendment by a handsome majority against an opposition speech by Thomas, of Illinois.

Favoring Education.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 19.—Senator Mahone to-day reported favorably from the Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads the amendment to the Post Office appropriation bill, providing that the reports of State Boards of Education, State Superintendents of Public Instruction and other books, circulars, forms and blanks relating to education, be transmitted through mails as second-class matter.

Senator McPherson's Amendment.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 19.—Senator McPherson to-day introduced the following as an amendment to the Pacific Railroad Sixty Year Funding Bill: "Provided that all the bonds, stocks and other securities now owned by the said railroad companies, as part of the assets of such company shall be deposited with the Secretary of the Treasury as part security for the payment for principal and interest of the bonds authorized and directed in Section 2 of this act.

Checking the Thurman Boom.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 19.—Mr. Converse quietly took the train for Albany yesterday, and is expected to turn up there to-day. The anti-Thurman people, it is suspected, are becoming alarmed at the prospect of his entrance into the Cabinet, and have sent Converse to Washington to wrestle with Cleveland on the subject.

The Hennepin People Scared.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 19.—A good deal of interest is felt by the friends and opponents of the Hennepin Canal, to-day, as to what Chairman Hammonds' ruling will be on the attempt to strike out the Hennepin Canal section of the river and harbor bill under the rules. The general expression is that they will rule against it, and cut it out, as several precedents in his own rulings and speeches point in that direction.

Four Large Buildings Burned.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., February 19.—A fire started this morning in a double three-story wooden building known as the Bridge Block, westerly, owned by Jeremiah Potter of New York, and spread to two other buildings owned by Maxon & Co. The loss is $40,000; insurance unknown.

XLVIIITH CONGRESS.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 19.—Senator Mitchell presented a memorial from the Board of Trade of Erie, Pa., urging the acquisition by the United States of the Portage Lake and Lake Superior Ship Canal. Referred.

Senator Plumb from the Committee on Appropriations reported the Post Office Appropriation bill.

Senator Allison from the same committee reported, with only verbal amendments, the joint resolution appropriating $2,500 to defray the expenses of the inaugural ceremonies. Passed.

The Des Moines River lands bill was then placed before the Senate, and Senator Lapham resumed his remarks. An amendment heretofore proposed by him would exclude from the provisions of the bill such of the Des Moines River lands purchased before March, 1861, and confirm the titles of such lands to the purchasers. This amendment was rejected—yeas, 19; nays, 20. Senator Lapham then offered an amendment requiring parties bringing suit under the pending bill to file bonds, giving security for costs. Senator Lapham supplemented this amendment in further remarks, to which Senator Wilson replied in behalf of the settlers.

Senator McPherson said that the mornings of six days had been wasted in talking about this bill. He moved its indefinite postponement.

Senator Allison said that all he wanted was that the Senate should vote on the bill. It was a bill involving the interests of thousands of people who believe they had a right and asked the privilege of coming into the United States Courts and establishing their rights. That was a poor privilege, he knew, but he asked the Senate to grant it to those people.

The motion to postpone was rejected; yeas, 23; nays, 32.

Senator Morgan addressed the Senate on the bill, but with Senator Lapham's second amendment still pending, the bill went over, and Senator Van Wyck called up the Texas Pacific forfeiture bill, and it was read.

Senator Hale then asked unanimous consent to take up the agricultural appropriation bill.

Senator Cullom objected, saying that he did not think the forfeiture bill would take up much time. The consideration of the forfeiture bill was then entered on and the committee amendments agreed to.

Senator Morgan offered an amendment similar to that offered by him in the case of the Atlantic and Pacific bill, providing for the reference to the United States Courts of all controversies concerning the rights and equities claimed by the United States, or by private parties, in the lands forfeited.

Senator Morgan addressed the Senate in support of his amendment. In order that he might not be misunderstood, he desired at once emphatically to announce his conviction that this Texas Pacific grant should be forfeited, and his determination to vote for the bill whether the Senate adopted his amendment or not. The company had never earned a foot of the land, and Senator Morgan did not believe any valid transfer of it could have been made without the express sanction of Congress. Having said this much as to his personal position, he addressed himself to the merits of the legal questions involved and the course of Congress generally with regard to the land grants.

The House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 19.—The House met in continuation of yesterday's session.

Mr. Holman introduced a joint resolution requesting the President to open negotiations with the French Republic, with a view of negotiating a new convention with that Government for the establishment of another French and American claims commission, which shall have ample jurisdiction to reopen, examine and finally determine all claims which were filed before the late commission under the convention of January 15, 1880.

The House then went into committee of the whole, Mr. Hammond in the chair, on the river and harbor bill.

On motion of Mr. J. D. Taylor of Ohio the amendment was adopted appropriating $7,500 for the construction of the ice harbor at Bellaire, Ohio.

On motion of Mr. Maybury the amendment was adopted appropriating $50,000 for the protection of the dykes in the St. Clair River.

On motion of Mr. Clardy the appropriation for the improvement of the Mississippi River, between the Illinois and Ohio Rivers, was increased from $400,000 to $600,000, and it was directed that $30,000 of this sum be expended at Cape Girardeau.

The committee then rose, and the House adjourned, and the session of Thursday began.

Mr. Bennett, from Committee on Elections, submitted a report in the Iowa contested election case of Frederick vs. Wilson, accompanied by a resolution declaring the contestant, Frederick, entitled to the seat. Laid over for future action.

The consideration of the river and harbor bill was resumed in committee of the whole:

Mr. Bayne moved to reduce from $2,800,000 to $2,800,000 the appropriation for the improvement of the Mississippi River from the head of the passes to the mouth of the Ohio River. Lost, 40 to 114.

Mr. Hiscock offered an amendment prohibiting the rectification of the Red and Atchafalaya Rivers upon any plan which, in the opening of the Mississippi River Commission, would render it necessary to build levees on the Mississippi from the mouth of the Atchafalaya down the Mississippi.

Mr. Ellis offered as a substitute for the amendment, an amendment providing that no portion of the appropriation for the improvement of the Mississippi shall be expended to repair or build leases for the purpose of reclaiming lands, or preventing injury to lands by overflows; provided, however, that the commission is authorized to repair and build the levees, if in its judgment it should be done as part of their plan to afford ease and safety to the navigation and commerce of the river and to deepen the channel. The substitute was agreed to by 101 to 63.

LITTLE NELLIE FULLER, "the queen of the rollers," to-night at Star Rink.

BEFOGGED BOOK-KEEPING.

D. L. Wing Still Absent from the City—Mr. Kempland's Enigma.

Mr. D. L. Wing had not returned to St. Louis at 2 p. m. to-day, although it was stated by several people that he had been seen on 'Change. Mrs. Wing received a telegram from her husband dated at Charleston, Ill., yesterday, in which he stated that he would return to St. Louis on the night train. Quite a number of people called to-day at the office of the Litchfield Milling Company asking for the absent gentleman, and the singular character of the transactions that marked the wind up of the Planet Milling Company's business was the topic on all tongues on 'Change to-day, and numberless anecdotes were told of the manner in which the business was done.

Nothing has yet been done with the books of the Planet Milling Company, except to draw from them an apparent balance sheet based upon the expert's opinion of the meaning of many of the entries. The books are in the hands of Mr. Kempland, who however, will not attempt to do anything more with them until after he has had an interview with Mr Wing.

A POST-DISPATCH reporter called upon Mr. Kempland, and asked him for the footings of the balance sheet but that gentleman declined to make any statement whatever. It is said that the books are in a most confused condition in parts. There are entries which wholly fail to correspond with each other, and there are entries made in one part of the books not carried out into their proper place in the other books.

Mr. Kehlor and many other gentlemen insist that Mr. Wing will explain everything when he returns, and a number of pressing dispatches have been sent to Charleston, Ill., to him, urging him to come back at once. While thoroughly conversant with the facts in the case, Mr. Lackland, the president of the Bostmen's Bank, has stated to inquirers his firm conviction that the whole matter was all right and that Wing's honesty could not be impugned. A reporter inquired at the Bostmen's Bank as to Mr. Wing's transaction there. Mr. Thompson said; "I am not ignorant of the matters to which you refer" The reporter's question had been directed to the current statement that Mr. Wing had drawn up on duplicate bills of lading, and Mr. Wing's explanation was not perfectly satisfactory, but he has settled up these matters with us, and I do not care to make any statement in the premises."

HE DID NOT COME.

A Mysterious Case in Which Detectives Were Badly Needed.

Messrs. Toof and Runnells, the former from Connecticut and the latter from Iowa, arrived at the Southern Hotel at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon and a few hours after their arrival began a wild search for a detective. It appears that these gentlemen are looking for a person whose name is said to be Sears, who is alleged to have abducted his own child and carried it away from its mother's custody, to whom it was awarded in court. It was expected that Sears would arrive in St. Louis last night, and Messrs. Toof and Runnels sought to have him arrested and held until the proper writs could be served upon him. Contrary to their belief, however, the fugitive did not come to St. Louis at all, and the search for him is all at sea. The whole case is wrapped in mystery, and some of the most prominent families in the United States are said to be concerned in the case. The gentlemen concerned are extremely reticent as to the whole case. Mr. Wells H. Blodgett, the attorney of the Wabash road, is co-operating with the visitors, who will probably leave St. Louis to-day to continue their search for the missing child and its father elsewhere.

Criminal Notes.

W. T. Arnold was acquitted to-day of a charge of petit larceny in the Court of Criminal Correction.

George Quigley, John King and James Madden, charged with burglary and larceny, had a preliminary hearing to-day, and were held to answer in bond of $1,000 each. In default of bond they were committed to jail.

Andrew Johnson was sent to Jail to-day for five days for an assault and battery.

Charles Neumao was arrested to-day on a charge of obtaining $60 under false pretenses from Fred Buch.

B. Houster was jailed to-day on a charge of assaulting Henry Wheatley.

Henry Hahr was committed to Jail to-day on a charge of sterling an overcoat from George Walsh.

Weather Reports.

The record of the weather in the Northwest shows that considerable cold is their portion up there. Fort Buford being 30° below at 6 a. m.; Bismarck, 19° below and St. Paul 10° below. Although the mercury is pretty low in the Northwest the fall from yesterday's record has been so small that there is no reason to expect that it will increase the cold in this locality. On the contrary, the Signal Service predictions are for slightly higher temperature, with cloudy weather. The readings at the local office to-day were as follows: 2 a. m., 10.7° above; 6 a. m., 10° above; 10 a. m., 14°; 12, 18° 04.

The readings at Aloe's were as follows: 8 a. m., 7 deg. above; 9 a. m., 7 deg.; 10 a. m. 8 deg.; 11 a. m., 9 deg.; 12 m., 11 deg; 1 p. m., 19 deg.; 2 p. m., 15 deg. The lowest during last night was 4 deg. above zero.

Kesher Schell Barzel.

District No. 4 of Kesher Schell Barzel, a leading Hebrew benevolent association, will hold their annual meeting in Covenant Hall, Ninth and Market streets, beginning next Sunday. The district embraces the States of Missouri, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Tennessee and Michigan, and other Central States, and the number of the delegates and their friends, for whom accommodation has been secured at the Lindell from to-morrow, when they will arrive, is over 200. The meetings will be presided over by F. S. Spiegel of Cincinnati, president of the district. Tuesday evening the visiting delegates will be banqueted by their St. Louis friends at Liederkranz Hall.

$5,000 For a Husband.

The jury in the case of Elizabeth Guenther against the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railroad Company returned a verdict this morning in Judge Barclay's court in favor of the plaintiff for $5,000 damages. Mrs. Guenther's husband was working in a quarry near Carondelet and one day while walking on the track of the defendant company's road was run over and killed. His widow sued for $5,000 damages.

Another Lottery Raid.

At noon to-day the detectives made another raid on Herman Bruner's lottery shop on Fourth street near Walnut, and arrested Herman Bruner and Gus Helfer at the "bird store," in which the lottery office is conducted. A lot of stamps marked "E. Kaub" were seized with several bundles of tickets.

SHOUTING SEDALIANS.

A Favorable Report on the Capital Removal Bill.

Denizens of Jefferson City Alarmed—New Legislation—A Number of Bills Introduced To-Day—Report of the State Superintendent of Public Schools—A Breeze in the House.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., February 19.—The State superintendent of public schools issued his annual published report this morning. It sets forth, at length, the condition of the State public schools, and draws comparisons showing the increased attendance and prosperity over former years. The statement of the financial condition of the public schools, which is of special interest, shows $3,132,331 65 to the credit of the State School Fund, and $509,000 in the University and Seminary fund, making a total of $3,641,331 65. The County School fund is $2,084,053 28; Township fund $3,347,260 11; Special fund $130,437 87; making the grand total of the school funds of Missouri $10,178,805 80. The total receipts were $5,738,087 62; total expenditures, $4,229,581 33; amount unexpended, $1,508,509 29; township, county and special school funds and fines and penalties, $5,028,834 93; grand total on hand, $6,537,474 24, and the value of school property is $8,825,548; average rate per $100 levied for school purposes, $0.434; assessed valuation of property, $762,092,398; amount received from taxation, $7,782,994 24; amount paid teachers, $2,828,650 25; average cost per day for tuition, of each pupil $0.063. There are 8,881 white, and 528 colored schools in operation in the State, which employ 13,296 teachers, and are attended by 501,831 white, and 26,131 colored children.

THE CAPITAL REMOVAL BILL.

The news that Steele's capital moving bill was reported favorably by the Committee on Constitutional Amendments this morning, while the Loring amendment moving the Capital to St. Louis was reported adversely, is received with demonstrations of delight by the Sedalia lobbyists who have been thronging the hotel corridors here, and have been keeping "open house" with free liquor on the sideboard for two weeks past. These gentlemen think there is little doubt of the passage of the Steele bill, and that a constitutional amendment moving the Capital to Sedalia will be submitted at the next general election. Paradoxical as it may seem, some of the leading Sedalians express themselves as satisfied if the bill passes the General Assembly, and admit that they have not the least hope that the people will ratify the action of the Legislature at the election. This admission on their part gives, it is claimed by some, to the whole scheme the color of a speculation, and the residents of Jefferson City "do say" that all this capital moving talk is used as a lever, and its only purpose is to boost Sedalia real estate.

Articles of incorporation of the Adam Roth Grocery Company were filed with the Secretary of State to-day; capital stock $50,000; stockholders, Adam, George A. and John H. Roth.

Congressman-elect Wm. Dawson arrived here this morning, en route to Washington.

Senate.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., February 19.—The House joint concurrent resolution No. 12 was called up, the rules suspended, the resolution read a third time and passed. This resolution authorizes and instructs the committee appointed by Governor Crittenden to settle with the Auditor and Treasurer, to cancel vouchers, destroy warrants and enter settlement on the books of the auditor and treasurer.

The new charter bill for cities of the second class was called up by Senator Young and passed.

Senator Archer called up Senate bill 120, which provides that owners of property sold under deeds of trust and mortgages shall have one year in which to redeem the same, by paying the interest and cost up to the time of redemption, was ordered to engrossment.

The following bills were introduced:

By Senator Wear, providing for the transferring of cases from the Appellate Court to the Supreme Court.

By Senator Edwards, an act specifying how and in what manner a mutual fire insurance company may be organized, and prescribing the kind, character and amount of premium notes such companies shall take, to limit the amount of any one note, and also limit the aggregate of the notes given by any one person to not more than $600.

By Senator Woods, increasing the salaries of Circuit Judges from $2,000 to $3,000 per annum.

By Senator Farris, appropriating $65 to pay off union military bonds, held by J. L. Herndon.

The House.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, February 19.—A communication was received from the St. Louis Labor Unions requesting the General Assembly to witness their procession on Sunday next.

The Committee on Constitutional Amendments submitted two reports on the bill and amendment providing for the removal of the capital. The first is an unfavorable report on Mr. Loring's amendment, removing the capital to St. Louis, and the second a favorable report on Mr. Steele's bill removing the capital to Sedalia.

Mr. Smith introduced a joint and concurrent resolution memorializing Congress to enact a law under which receivers of railroad companies can be sued in open State Courts.

The following bills were introduced:

By Mr. Sansbury, extending the time for turning witness fees over to the State from one to five years.

By Mr. Castleman, authorizing special judges of Circuit Courts to hear and determine motions for appeals, bonds, etc., in cases over which they have presided.

By Mr. Walton, for the protection of hotels and boarding-house keepers, by giving them a lien on the baggage of guests for board.

A BREEZE IN THE HORSE.

Chief Clerk Bentley is very unfortunate in his relations to the House, and scarcely a day passes without an unpleasant passage at arms between them. This morning there was a clash between Bentley and the House Committee on Printing, of which Jeff Storts is chairman. Yesterday a resolution was introduced by Dr. Shields, allowing the Committee on Printing to secure the services of other printers to do the work of the House, inasmuch as the State Printer was behind with the printing of House bills, and was not likely to catch up during the session. To-day Mr. Storts, chairman of the Printing Committee, stated that the committee had applied to Mr. Bentley for documents for printing the evidence in the Doorkeeper Thomas investigation in particular, but Bentley refused to give them up. Mr. Storts appealed to the House to know whether the Committee on Printing must await the pleasure of Mr. Bentley's inclination or whether the chief clerk was subject to the orders of the committee. He claimed that in view of the resolution adopted yesterday, Mr. Bentley was compelled to accede to the demands of the committee. Mr. Bentley claimed that the resolution does not apply to or bind him in any way.

Mr. Castleman of St. Louis introduced a resolution instructing the chief clerk to turn over to the Committee on Printing the evidence in the Thomas case.

Mr. Ratchford of St. Louis moved to amend by adding, "Provided that such printing is not awarded to any printing establishment working convict labor."

Mr. Farris of Ray moved to lay the amendment on the table. Lost.

Mr. Farris then moved to postpone the resolution and amendment indefinitely. Mr. Storb took the floor and in a vigorous, forcible speech, said that the motion of the gentleman from Ray was only a subterfuge to cover up and white-wash the report of the Investigation Committee, which had in its possession damaging evidence against Doorkeeper Thomas, and that he, for one, who had the carried the banner of the Democracy through many a hard fought battle, did not intend that by his vote or by his connivance that a snow-white banner should be smirched by the same kind of dirt and corruption with which he and his brother Democrats had been charging their opponents, the Republican party. He hoped that the members would remember their duty to their party and their respect for justice, and vote down the motion.

Mr. Farris rose and explained that he had not the slightest intention of whitewashing or protecting any officer of the House who has been derelict in his duty; but that furthermore, he did not believe Doorkeeper Thomas guilty, and that if the Democratic party could only save itself by destroying an innocent old man, why it was time for it to go.

Messrs. Castleman, Alexander and Wells spoke in favor of the Farris motion and held that the premature publication of the report of the Investigating Committee was merely a side issue. Pending the discussion, the House took a recess to 2:30 p. m.

It appears that the House printing is behind and that the Storts is of the opinion that unless the resolution adopted yesterday, allowing the committee to have the printing done elsewhere than by the State Printer, is carried out the evidence in the Thomas case will never be printed, and the case never tried by the House. He thinks that an indefinite postponement of the printing of the evidence is the game of the Thomas crowd to clear their man, while he is anxious that the committee report and the evidence in the case should be printed, brought before the House and disposed of.

FINKS-CHEWNING.

A Brilliant Wedding at the National Capital.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 19.—The marriage of J. H. Finks, brother of Major J. O. Finks of St. Louis, to Miss Annie Chewning of Louisiana, Mo., occurred at the residence of Colonel Ramage, in this city, last night. Among the Missourians present were Senator and Mrs. Vest, Hon. John B. Hale, J. F. Edwards, Hon. John Cosgrove, Captain Cunningham and wife, Major Towles, the chief clerk of the House, Colonel Coombes and wife, Major Newman, Major J. O. Finks and Captain Hereford.

Big night at Star Rink. Little Nell Daly's polo team and bicycle exhibition will appear.

BLAZING BLOCKS.

A Destructive Fire in Philadelphia This Morning.

The Flames Spread in a Business Locality on Chestnut Street—Two Men Buried Under Falling Walls—Loss Over $200,000—A Disastrous Fire at Troy, N. Y.—Burning of a Flouring Mill at Rondout, N. Y.—Incendiaries Caught.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., February 19, 10 A. M.—A destructive fire is now burning fiercely on Chestnut street, between Second and Front streets, a locality devoted entirely to large warehouses and business houses. Three buildings are now in flames. Several persons are believed to have been killed and injured.

Later—The fire on Chestnut street is spreading, and now extends from the Corn Exchange to Letitia street, about half a block of very valuable buildings. The Corn Exchange National Bank, on the corner of Second and Chestnut streets, has caught fire and is burning in the upper stories. The flames have crossed Chestnut street, and many large business houses on the other side are in imminent danger.

The fire originated in an unknown manner in

THE FIVE-STORY BRICK STRUCTURE,

No. 128 Chestnut street, occupied by Stephenson & Co., Getz & Stratton, Richard A. Blythe and Garside & Co., dealers in cotton and wool. After the fire was discovered and the flames burst from the windows front of the building the three upper stories fell out and crashed down into the street. The loud noise thus made caused a rumor that an explosion had also occurred, but it is not yet known whether or not there were were any explosives in the building.

BURIED IN THE DEBRIS.

When the wall fell, a laborer, John McKay, was engazed in removing a safe from the adjoining building. He was instantly buried by the falling bricks and instantly killed. A horse attached to a hose cart standing in front of the building was also killed. The flames spread rapidly to the buildings on the east, and Nos. 123 and 121 Chestnut street were enveloped in flames. The former building was occupied by Irvin C. Beatty & Co., dealers in worsted yarns, and the latter by George H. McFadden & Co. cotton dealers.

10:35 A. M.—The fourth alarm has just been sounded.

TWO MEN KILLED.

So far as known now two men were killed at the scene of the fire. John McKay or McCormick, driver of the hose cart, and J. G. Blyer, aged 18.

At 11:15 a. m. the firemen are confident that they have the fire fully under control, and it cannot spread further. The losses are very heavy. A rough estimate is that it will not be less than $200,000.

THE LOSS AND DAMAGE.

Nine large business houses were almost completely burned out and six damaged. Four others incurred losses which many thousand dollars will not repair. The burned buildings are as follows: Stevenson & Co., Irvince C. Beatty & Co., E. Lehback & Co., Thelins & Co., and the Camden Woolen Works, and G. H. McFadden & Co. This includes all the buildings on the north side of Chestnut street, between Second and Letitia, excepting the Corn Exchange National Bank, which at this hour is not injured except in the rear, but as

THE FIRE IS STILL BURNING,

it is in great danger. The fire spread from the rear of these buildings to the right and to the left, and two buildings on Second street were badly affected, M. Hilmer & Son's building, 47 S. Second street, was totally destroyed, and Pitkin & Thomas', 43 S. Second, was damaged. The first building to take fire on Letitia street was H. K. Bennett & Co.'s, No. 32. The flames spread to Bedelle & Weiss', No. 30, Jo

PARLIAMENT OPENED.

Scenes in the House of Lords and the Commons To-Day.

Northcote's Motion of an Address Censuring the Government in the Commons—Gladstone's Statement—Granville Says the Decision of the Campaign is Left to Wolseley—The Conservatives Badgering the Premier.

LONDON, February 19.—Parliament opened this evening. No crowd was in attendance. The police allowed no person to pass the gates unless able to show he had the right to enter. Gladstone, upon entering, was loudly cheered. In the House of Lords the Government was at once assaulted by the Conservatives with a bombardment of questions concerning its intentions in the Soudan. Earl Granville, Minister for Foreign Affairs, replied to various interrogatories on behalf of the government. He frankly stated that the government left it entirely to Gen. Wolseley to decide whether the British force should proceed to attack Khartoum at once, or delay the attack until later—say some time next autumn. Earl Granville further admitted the Government believed Wolseley would decide on a postponement of aggressive operations.

LORD SALISBURY,

the conservative leader speaking for the opposition, said that everybody should be made to feel that the Government will probably meet the present grave juncture in the public affairs of England. He said the statement, made on behalf of the Government by Earl Granville was one which it became the Lords to reflect upon.

IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Sir Stafford Northcote, leader of the opposition gave notice of a motion of inquiry respecting the Government's Egyptian policy.

The Marquis of Hartington, Secretary of State for war, replying to a question of Sir Stafford Northcote, said the War office had received a dispatch stating that Col. Buller had evacuated Gubat and would probably retire to Merawi or Korti.

GLADSTONE,

replying to certain interrogatories about the Government's conduct in Egypt, replied in much the same tone as that used by Earl Granville in the House of Lords. He added, however, that the present situation did not allow the Government to make overtures to El Mahdi, because such overtures might defeat their own object.

Sir Stafford Northcote followed the Marquis of Hartington and the prime minister, saying he would defer discussion, and merely take the occasion at the present time to pay a tribute to Gen. Gordon. Sir Stafford Northcote said he would move on the earliest day possible, which he hoped would not be further off than next Monday that an humble address be presented

HER MAJESTY, THE QUEEN,

representing that the course pursued by the present liberal Government in regard to Egypt and the Soudan had involved a great sacrifice of valuable lives and heavy expenses, without any beneficial results, [cheers] rendering it imperatively necessary to the interests of the British Empire and the Egyptian people that the Government should distinctly recognize and take decided measures to fulfill the responsibility now incumbent upon them to insure good stable government, in Egypt and in those portions of the Soudan necessary for Egypt's security. (Cheers.)

Earl Granville, continuing, said: "The finances of Egypt and the relief of Gordon, that heroic soldier whose loss has excited the greatest sympathy and unanimous regret, are the prominent questions before the country. The Government hope to be able soon to present papers to Parliament to show that a complete settlement of Egypt's financial affairs had been arrived at, a settlement alike consistent with the public engagements and honorable to the country, but just when the Government was expecting to hear of a meeting between the British troops in advance under the leadership of Colonel Wilson and General Gordon, the dreadful news arrived that what military strength and famine had failed of success in doing, had been accomplished by treachery, and one of the greatest and most gallant of soldiers was no more."

Gilstone in the House of Commons stated the polit of the government to evacuate Egypt, eventuall remained unchanged. He said he had done all tcould for General Gordon, and was not to be held responsible for his death.

Ld Salisbury in the House of Lords, responded as fows: "If the country is not satisfied with the Govment explanations it will visit bitter censure upo those answerable for so fruitless a policy. (Chrs). We do not propose to anticipate the discussn which must inevitably come later on but we must hope England will not retire fromEgypt, leaving no record of our presence there exc the mischief done and the bones of our soldier'

Gstone replying to a request from Sir Staffordnorthcote, said he would name a day to-morrow the discussion of the proposed vote of censur

Dy. the Nationalist member for Cork, gave not of his intention to offer a notice of nquiry regarding the working of thecrimes' act. Sir Herbert Maxwell gave not of his intention to move to-morrow for the intuction of a measure empowering judges to orceffenders under the explosive act of 1883 to betgred.

BELGIUM'S SCHEME FAILS.

BRUSSELS, February 19.—The efforts of Belgium to see the creation of an international convention, foe regulation of duties on sugar, failed, owing to opposition of Germany.

Settling the Irish Land Question.

DUBLIN, February 19.—The United Ireland to-day proposes a novel scheme for settling the land question in Ireland. It recommends that the tenants each estate combine for the purpose of protecting individual interests by united action. "Let the tants of each estate," the paper says, "determine themselves what will be a fair yearly tal for the individual holdings. Then let th pay over the whole amount of the year's rent trustees, whom they are to choose from the ety and members of the Central League. Then on the landlords demand a settlement of the ants the latter should simply refer them to the ttees.

Fugitive Anarchists.

BERNE, February 19.—Two anarchists at St. Gall, spected of being implicated in the plot to explode e Federal palace, have fled to parts unknown.

ONLY ROUTINE BUSINESS.

o-Day's Session of the Illinois Encampment, G. A. R.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

PEORIA, ILL., February 19.—This morning's session of the State Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Illinois, was mainly taxen up with routine business, though there were some sensational features. By a rising vote the Adjutant-General was again instructed to submit to General Grant a copy of the resolutions passed yesterday. The election of officers is pro re-sing this afternoon. The next encampment will probably be held at Aurora. The encampment will adjourn sine die to-night.

City Hall Notes.

The following building permits were issued today: J. M. Green, store and office on Sixth, near Chestnut, $5,000; H. Minger, dwelling on North Market near Twelfth, $8,000; James A. Fanning, two dwellings on Blantner place, near Webster avenue, $5,000; J. P. Farley, seven dwellings on Grand, near Laclede, $30,000.

A medical gentleman of Elsberry, Mo., whose anatomical and orthographical resources are both somewhat limited, signed the death certificate of a patient sent on here for burial, with the cause of death assigned as "beaing want of development of the foramen ovale." The Dispensary doctors had lots of fun over the certificate this afternoon.

They Want Their Interest.

PITTSBURG, Pa., February 19.—An application was made before Judge McKennan of the United States Circuit Court to-day, asking for authority for the receivers of the Reading Road to pay the interest on the floating indebtedness of the company. The argument occurred in Chambers, and the Court reserved its decision. Messrs. Bickson and Kearcher argued in favor of the motion, and Mr. Hannis represented the mortgaged bondholders.

A Schooner Wrecked.

MOBILE, ALA., February 19.—The schooner E. V Oliva, Wm. Clark, master, with fruit, from Ruatan to Mobile, went ashore last night on Dixie Island at the entrance to Mobile Bay, and is a total loss. The vessel had a crew of five men, one of whom was taken from the rigging this morning, but died shortly after. There is no trace of the others.

AUGH!

The Horrible Objects to be Seen on Foerstel's Office Floor.

Another Evidence of the Necessity for Close Inspection of Meats Put on the Market—Two Dealers in Diseased Meats Discovered, and One to be Prosecuted.

A large beef liver lies on the floor of the office of Meat Inspector Foerstel's office on Market street, and from crevices in the uncomely thing there is quite a free flow of yellow pus. All over the liver there are evidences of disease.

"Where did that come from?" asked a Post-Dispatch reporter after the sickening object had been held up for his inspection.

"That was offered for sale at William Scholl's meat-shop, corner of Third and Spruce streets, and we took it in. The worst thing about it is that that liver must have come out of a beef that was very seriously diseased, and the meat has probably all been sold and eaten."

Near the liver on the office floor were two pork shoulders, which were very singular in aspect. The meat was puffy in parts just as though it were made up of a series of huge blisters. It required no expert to see that it was not healthy meat. The scarlet spots and marks all over it as though it had been bitten by an animal, and altogether the stuff was exceedingly repulsive.

"Did these come from the same place?" was asked.

"No, these came from the meat shop of John Lorch, No. 716 S. Second street. An inspector went there yesterday and found a hog's carcass offered for sale which showed clearly that the animal had been 'downed.' You see when a hog weakens or is knocked down by some accident in a car, the other hogs trample it to death very quickly, and keep biting it as long as it shows any signs of life. That's what these tooth marks on the skin. Wherever the flesh is trampled on or the bones broken, the meat puffs up just as it will on a man, and becomes suppurative. Such flesh is

ALMOST POISONOUS

if eaten, and yet the two men, Lorch and Schol, deal almost exclusively in that kind of stock. When we discovered the bad hog at Lorch's place, we condemned it, and notified him not to sell it. If there was any law for it, as in other cities, we should have seized it and given it to the dead animal contractor, but we couldn't do that. So after notifying him not to sell, we went back in the evening, and found he had sold all but these two shoulders. We took these ourselves, for evidence, and this morning we instituted proceedings against him in the Police Court. The case will be tried Saturday."

"How did you discover the cases?"

"Our inspectors in East St. Louis found that Lorch and Schoh buy diseased stock almost exclusively, and they ran them down. Lorch sells pork to Schoh, to be rossed in his shop, and Schoh sells best he can't get rid of to Lorch, who uses it with a fair share of Schoh's sausage stuff. They have been carrying on a sort of a mutual exchange for a long time. There are several other meatshops doing the same line of trade in this town, and we propose to rout them all out before it is over with. It is unfortunate, however, that we can not seize bad meat, because no case can be made in court unless we can prove actual sales."

"What is the effect of the present cold snap?"

"The effect is, to turn all the hogs and cattle bound for the Chicago market into St. Louis, because the snow blockades shut them off from going further North. The hogs, traveling in open cars, die in great numbers. You know a hog in cold weather will begin to chunk, and in a short time they are piled

EIGHT OR TEN DEEP

in the middle of a car in their effort to keep warm. Those on the bottom roll in here and smother rather than crawl out where it is cold. It is such a universal rule that in the pens we have to keep men on watch on cold nights to drag the hogs off and keep them from piling. Well, the cold weather is being fearfully on shipments, and over 500 downed hogs were taken out of one lot. Since these can't come into St. Louis under our inspection, they are being butchered in East St. Louis and sent by car-loads to Chicago and Cincinnati."

ABOUT TOWN.

LAW docket will be called in Judge Dillon's court to-morrow.

PETER ROSS was jailed to-day on a charge of keeping a gambling house.

LAW docket will be called in Judge Thayer's and Judge Horner's courts to-morrow.

MEIGS-UNDERHILL GRAND CONCERT, Union Church, Garrison and Lucas avenues, to-night.

A CHARGE of fraud against George Foley was dismissed to-day for want of prosecution.

MISS KATIE D. BANIGAN won the prize at the singing match of the Carlisle Circle last manday evening.

A SET of single buggy harness was stolen yesterday from Abraham Mack's stable at 817 N. Twenty-second street.

TO-day the Sheriff received the list for the March Grand Jury, which will be selected on the first Monday in March.

THERE will be a temperance meeting at 8 p. m. to-night, led by the Rev. Ben Deering at the church corner of Locust and Tenth streets.

THE Montefiore Social Circle will give a masquerade ball to-morrow evening at Euterpe Hall, corner Jefferson avenue and Walnut street.

THE Philalethic Society will commemorate the birth of Washington with literary exercises at the St. Louis University on Monday evening next.

GENERAL EDGARTON received information to-day that the Post Office at Harborsport, Miss., was burglarized and $6 in stamps stolen from the safe.

WILD & STRIEFF brought suit to-day against Robinson & Laimun for $3.27 50, for breach of contract on the sale and delivery of a quantity of sleeve buttons.

ON complaint of Joseph Monesk, supported by Joseph Novak and J. Watschikofski, Stephen Grascheck was tried to-day on a charge of embezzlement and acquitted.

THE case of Henry Schoettler, accused of selling o eaginous substances of butter, was dismissed in Judge Noonan's court to-day, there being no evidence against him.

KATIE McCANNA, a witness in the Shook murder trial, refused to answer a subpœ a to the Criminal Court to-day and on being questioned answered impertinently and was sent to jail for ten days for contempt.

THE Douglass Club held a masquerade party Tuesday night at the residence of Miss Nell e Jones, 1824 O'Fallon street. The attendance was large and the affair was so successful that it was decided to give another one before long.

THE funeral of the late Will A. Prall, a member of Missouri Lodge, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., took place this afternoon. The ceremonies were attended by a large delegation of Masonic bodies, who, in full regalia, escorted the remains to their last resting place.

THE committee appointed by the directors of the Merchants' Exchange to draw up resolutions on the death of the late Chas. L. Hunt reported to-day. The resolutions express the regret of the members at the death of Colonel Hunt and their regard for him as a liberal and public-spirited citizen.

THE residents of Manchester road, between Compton and Grand avenues, are not in the best of humor over the Market street car line owners' action in allowing the snow to accumulate to a height of 18 inches, making driving exceedingly dangerous. A petition to the Street Commissioner to work him up to his sense of duty in this matter is being talked of.

Seized the Drinks.

CHICAGO, ILL., February 19.—C. Cavaroos, Sons & Co., importers of wines and fancy liquors, were closed by the Sheriff this afternoon on preferred claims of $58,000. Their stock is estimated at $80,000.

CITY PERSONALS.

Meigs-Underhill Grand Concert, Union Church, Garrison and Lucas avenues, to-night.

Recorder Thomas F. Farrelly has been confined to his house since Saturday last with a severe spell of sickness.

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Mr. Charles B. Smythe, the attorney, returned to-day from Jefferson City, where he made an important business and a pleasant social call on Governor Marmaduke. The Governor and Mr. Smythe father were old and intimate friends.

THE Meigs-Underhill Concert Company of New York City, who are highly spoken of, will give a concert this evening at Union M. E. Church, corner of Garrison and Lucas avenues. This is the first of four first-class entertainments to be given this spring by the N. M. C. A. The Lastman Concert Company and Mendelssohn Club, both of Boston, will appear in April.

The Bridal Bulletin.

The following marriage licenses were issued today: Fred W. Peters, 3811 Kosciusko street, to Veronica Zimlich, 2348 S. Broadway; Herman Brosig, 3400 S. Second street, to Mina Burghardt, 1031 Stoddard avenue; Richard Williams, Cheltenham, to Elizabeth Gettins, Cheltenham; Joseph Conrad, 1431 N. Ninth street, to Mrs. Annie Schmidt, 1431 N. Ninth street; Frederick H. Kohring, Obear avenue, to Lizzie Brinkemann, Talcott avenue; Leopold Rosenbaum, 18 3 S. Eighth street, to Emma Littman, 1038 S. Broadway; George F. Grung, Barry street, to Augusta Litto, 1933 Wyoming street.

The Export Association

CHICAGO, February 19.—The Western Export Association adjourned until 2:30 p. m., when they will vote on the proposition to reduce the production of distilleries to 25 per cent.

Small Preferences.

NEW YORK, February 19.—John R. Hall, fancy goods dealer, has assigned to Joseph D. Wilson. The preference amounts to $,000.

DIED.

ANSLYN—February 18, at 5 p. m., BESSIE ANSLYN, aged 28 years.

Funeral from the residence of her uncle, Wm. Aslyn 4572 Cottage avenue, to-day at 2 p. m.

New York City and Keokuk, Iowa papers, please copy.

CUSHIN—Last night at 10 o'clock MARY CUSHIN, beloved wife of Patrick Cushin.

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STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	52¾	52¾	52¾	52¾
Central New Jersey	99	99½	99½	99½
Central Pacific	32½	32¾	32	32¼
Chic., Bur., M. & O.	87¾	87¾	87	87¼
Chic., St. P., M. & O., pref.	98½	98¾	98	98¾
Chic., R. I. & Pac.	112	112	112	112
Chic. Bur. & Quincy	122¾	122¾	121¾	122¼
Chic., Mil. & St. Paul	107¾	108	107¾	107¾
Chicago & Northwestern	93¾	94	93	93¾
Delaware, Lackawanna & West.	109¾	109¾	108	109¾
Illinois Central	123¾	123¾	122¾	123¼
Lake Shore	66¾	66¾	66¼	66¼
Louisville & Nashville	53¾	53¾	53¼	53¼
Michigan Central	86	86	85¾	85¾
Missouri Pacific	93¾	94¼	93¾	93¾
Mobile & Ohio	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾
Manhattan Consolidated	75	75¼	75	75¼
New York Central	94¾	95¼	94¾	95¼
N. Y., Chicago & St. Louis, com.	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾
Northern Pacific com.	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Northern Pacific pref.	41¾	41¾	40¾	41¾
Oregon & Transcontinental	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Oregon Nav. & Trans. com.	63	63¼	63	63¼
Ohio & Mississippi	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾
Ohio Central	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾
Pacific Mail	54¾	55¼	54¾	55¼
Pitt. & Reading	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Pullman Palace Car	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾
Texas & Pacific	13	13	13	13
Union Pacific	48	48¾	47¾	47¾
Western U. Tel. Co.	85¾	86¼	85¾	85¾
West Shore Bonds	86¾	87¾	86	87¾

COMMERCE.

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That Wheat Will Advance—Corn and Provisions in a Strong Position.

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Corn was dull at the opening, but rather weak. Orr, Crittenden & Lester were selling May at 41. There were many buying orders at that price, which prevented further decline, and the market gradually rose to 41⅝, closing firm. Warner sold quite a line, and Baley, Poole & Geddes were the principal buyers. Receipts were small, and there was a sharp demand for track stuff, with prices higher. It is thought there will be no increase to the receipts till next week, and perhaps not then. The firmness in pork helps to maintain the price of corn. Lesser, who has been a buyer of corn for some time past, sold some to-day, but not a large quantity. It is evident we must get more corn here or prices will go higher. Receipts to-day at all principal points were 220,000 bu; shipments were 445,000 bu.

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Oil Dull.

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Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley.
To-day	2,654,296	612,195	68,386	6,970	10,777
Yesterday	2,694,339	620,141	58,337	5,414	10,777
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2 Mixed	No. 2	No. 2	
To-day	1,692,920	446,996	31,872	5,591	.....
Yesterday	1,660,128	444,317	2,920	4,068	.....

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	14,350	64,900	968	70,520
Chicago	24,784	17,385	16,668	59,351
Milwaukee	19,430	960	2,850	.....
Baltimore	17,629	111,163	.....	125,018
Toledo	7,400	8,000	10,000	19,000
New York	10,500	25,472	.....	122,970

CHICAGO INSPECTIONS — 65 cars winter wheat; 3 cars winter wheat; 77 cars corn; 39 cars oats; 1 car rye; 26 cars barley.

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles for the Past 24 Hours.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, brls	5,333	8,395
Wheat, bu	14,350	968
Corn, bu	64,900	70,520
Oats, bu	5,300	4,050
Rye	.....	1,050
Barley	1,300	.....
Hay, tons	90	96
Pork, brls	.....	73
Hams, lbs	.....	17,208
Meats, lbs	228,875	218,949
Lard, lbs	400	94,165
Grease	20,000	20,123

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS—Wheat—24 cars No. 2 hard winter; 8 cars No. 3 dq 4 cars No. 4 winter; 2 cars rejected doc 5 cars no grade; 2 cars No. Northern Dalt; total, 45 cars. Corn—8 cars No. 2 white-mixed; 5 cars rejected doc 26 cars No. 2 mixed; 11 cars rejected; total, 100 cars. Oats 1 car No. 2; 7 cars rejected; total, 8 cars. Rye—5 cars No. 2. Total in, 158 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—Wheat—1 car No. 2 Mediterranean; 1 car No. 3 do; 10 cars No. 2 red winter; 11 cars No. 3 winter; 1 car rejected doc; total 24 cars. Corn—2 cars No. 1 white, mixed; 1 car rejected do; 2 cars No. 2 mixed; 7 cars rej ected; total, 62 cars. Oats—1 car No. 2; 1 car rejected; total, 2 cars. Total out, 88 cars.

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Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	14,350	64,900	968	70,520
Chicago	24,784	17,385	16,668	59,351
Milwaukee	19,430	960	2,850	.....
Baltimore	17,629	111,163	.....	125,018
Toledo	7,400	8,000	10,000	19,000
New York	10,500	25,472	.....	122,970

CHICAGO INSPECTIONS — 65 cars winter wheat; 3 cars winter wheat; 77 cars corn; 39 cars oats; 1 car rye; 26 cars barley.

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles for the Past 24 Hours.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, brls	5,333	8,395
Wheat, bu	14,350	968
Corn, bu	64,900	70,520
Oats, bu	5,300	4,050
Rye	.....	1,050
Barley	1,300	.....
Hay, tons	90	96
Pork, brls	.....	73
Hams, lbs	.....	17,208
Meats, lbs	228,875	218,949
Lard, lbs	400	94,165
Grease	20,000	20,123

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS—Wheat—24 cars No. 2 hard winter; 8 cars No. 3 dq 4 cars No. 4 winter; 2 cars rejected doc 5 cars no grade; 2 cars No. Northern Dalt; total, 45 cars. Corn—8 cars No. 2 white-mixed; 5 cars rejected doc 26 cars No. 2 mixed; 11 cars rejected; total, 100 cars. Oats 1 car No. 2; 7 cars rejected; total, 8 cars. Rye—5 cars No. 2. Total in, 158 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—Wheat—1 car No. 2 Mediterranean; 1 car No. 3 do; 10 cars No. 2 red winter; 11 cars No. 3 winter; 1 car rejected doc; total 24 cars. Corn—2 cars No. 1 white, mixed; 1 car rejected do; 2 cars No. 2 mixed; 7 cars rej ected; total, 62 cars. Oats—1 car No. 2; 1 car rejected; total, 2 cars. Total out, 88 cars.

Commercial Notes.

The imports into the United Kingdom last week were 212,500 brls flour, 2,220,000 bu wheat, and 1,450,000 bu corn. Adding the

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month	85
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed

POST-DISPATCH,

515 and 517 Market street.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1885.

If the list of Cabinet officers is made known this week it will, of course, put an end to further competition for the prize.

No man can get the vote of the southern part of the town for Mayor who is not ready to prevent a second Poplar street track between the Union Depot and the Chouteau avenue station.

In estimating the Cabinet probabilities it is safe to assume that New York will be represented, and only two names from New York are suggested—Manning and Whitney. Of the two the chances favor Whitney.

The certainty that Cleveland means exactly what he says in the matter of changes in office, will not lessen the attendance of patriots at the inauguration. A very small glimmer of hope will go a great way among an army of office-seekers.

The gas question is to be dragged out of the darkness of the committee room into the light of day in a report to the House of Delegates to-morrow on the Water Gas proposition. The Water Gas proposition is better than the St. Louis Gas Company's proposition, but it is not good enough.

If, through the chronic jackassitude of the Democratic legislators at Springfield, John Logan is returned to the Senate, they deserve to be ducked, if not drowned, in the Sangamon River; and we hope a delegation of their Democratic constituents will see that the punishment is duly administered.

Now comes Parson Newman with the intimation that if Grant is not placed on the retired list very soon, a trust fund of $1,000,000 will be raised to relieve his pressing impecuniosity. Newman will probably contribute at least $50 to this fund, providing he can get the job of preaching a few more $10,000 funeral sermons.

The *Globe-Democrat*, with its usual agility in such matters, hops upon its unesteemed contemporary the *Republican* for calling Miltiades "the Just," instead of Aristides. This is a small blunder—for the *Republican*, That venerable survival of the unfittest is liable any day to raise a blister on the classical mind by mistaking Cantharides for Socrates.

The city has received two bids for the very valuable gas franchise which it has to offer. Neither bid is acceptable, and we believe that, with proper management, the city can secure very favorable terms for the gas supply. We are quite confident that if a proper pressure is applied the St. Louis Gas Company will reduce its price twenty-five cents below its lowest offer and reduce the price for street lamps forthwith to the price proposed for 1890.

The Coldstream Guards, the first battalion of which started for the Soudan to-day, derives its name from the fact that Gen. Monk, in 1659, started with the regiment from the town of Coldstream, in Berwickshire, Scotland, on his famous march into England—a march which made Charles II King, and Monk Duke of Albemarle. The Coldstreams are the "dandy" soldiers of the British army; but, as Wellington said of them at Waterloo, "the puppies fight well."

Mrs. Maria Lowell, wife of James Russell Lowell, American Minister to England, died in London to-day. She was an amiable and accomplished lady, and in early days a member of the brilliant literary circle of which Emerson, Hawthorne, Lowell, Margaret Fuller and the Channings were central figures. A letter written by her, soon after marriage, to Mrs Hawthorne appears in the lately published biography of Hawthorne and his wife.

The battle of Shiloh is still raging. The latest arrival on the field is General Durbin Ward of Ohio; who says that if the Federal troops were not surprised by the Confederates on that occasion, then he, Ward, who saw it all, "is very much surprised indeed." *Per contra*, Grant, Sherman, and several other Federal commanders, declare there was no surprise at all!

"When first on earth fair Truth was born,
She crept into a hunting-horn.
The hunter osme—the horn was blown—
And where Truth went was never known."

If the Governor and the House approve the bill which the Missouri Senate passed yesterday, the pupils in our common schools will hereafter have to put in their time studying the effect of alcohol and narcotics on the human system, and nobody but persons well versed in that branch of science will be permitted to teach in the schools. If the bill is not so drawn as to favor the text-book job which lurks behind it the originators of the proposition will be disappointed. The House should not pass it without an amendment providing school children with instruction in regard to the painful and often fatal effect of green apples in the youthful stomach.

Our esteemed contemporary the *Globe-Democrat* this morning pays an appreciative tribute to "Ristori, the great German tragedienne, who appeared in this city many years ago, and will be remembered by the older generation of play-goers." The Post-Dispatch was not in existence at that pre-historic epoch, but the tradition we hear is that Ristori, the great German tragedienne, was supported by the celebrated Irish delineator Rossi, and by one Salvini, who advertised himself as "The Funniest Dutchman on Earth."

Whether Lord Dufferin has or not demanded 20,000 more British troops for India, it is evident that the English mind was not wholly unprepared for such a demand, even at this time when reinforcements are needed in Africa. Russia's outposts are steadily approaching the Indian frontier and the native Governments of India are steadily increasing and improving their standing armies. The successes of the Soudanese must have a dangerous effect on the temper of the Mohammedans of India. The continued submission of the two hundred millions of that peninsuala to English rule, is a queer thing, anyhow.

The property holders and residents of the southern part of the town are considerably tirred up over the recent decision of the Circuit Court, which assents to the right of the Iron Mountain Railway to lay another line of tracks across Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh streets, the new line to extend from the present Chouteau Avenue Station to the Union Depot. This would cut the city in two in a most dangerous manner. It would inflict unnecessary loss on a very large number of citizens, and work to their injury personally and financially. They look to the city to protect them against such an injustice, and have a right to demand that the city will resist the proposed obstruction to the utmost.

The doom of Wolseley's army seems to be settled by the announcement that several of the leading dynamiters are going to the Soudan to teach El Mahdi how to conquer the hated Saxon. There are two systems of tactics employed by the dynamite warriors. One is to live in peace and security under a nation's laws and sneak in to its public buildings and run away leaving explosives to kill innocent noncombatants. The other system is to keep four thousand miles away from the foeman of the police force and try to excite somebody else to commit murder. It is not stated which system of tactics will be employed to exterminate Wolseley—probably the latter, as it is safer.

It is said that Frank James' friends are trying to work Governor Marmaduke up to the point of refusing to comply with a requisition from Minnesota which is expected when Missouri indictments can no longer be used to shield Frank from Minnesota justice. How it may be with his friends we know not, but we are satisfied that Republican papers in this State are inclined to exaggerate the eagerness of Minnesota to get hold of the renowned bandit. At Huntsville, Alabama, Minnesota's agent was very careful to hold back her requisition till that of Missouri was served, and there are several grounds for the suspicion that the authorities of Minnesota have utterly failed to find any citizen of Northfield who can identify Frank James as one of the robbers who raided that town. It is to be presumed that Northfield people have been sent to study Frank's present figure and face during the last two years, to see if he reminded them of either of the two men they saw for a few exciting moments in the melee at Northfield ten years ago, and then saw no more. Those who had known him all his life up to the time of the Northfield affair could hardly recognize him when he surrendered, and it is probable that no living man but the Younger boys can now identify Frank James as one of the Northfield raiders. The Governor of Minnesota would have to pardon all three of the Youngers unconditionally to get their testimony against Frank, and should they then take a notion to perjure themselves for his sake, it would not be a remarkable thing. To refuse compliance with a requisition in his case would advertise the political influence of his friends and put a new disgrace on Missouri. To let Minnesota have him and fail to convict him, would relieve Missouri justice of some of the odium of his escape.

An Unprecedented Success.

The opening to-day of the grand sacrifice sale of the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., at Fourth and Locust, was an unprecedented success. Despite snow and cold, throngs of purchasers crowded the establishment, and were delighted and astonished at the incredibly low prices at which the superb goods were offered. Remember the continuation to-morrow and be sure and attend early.

A Powerful Democratic Aid.

From the Denver News.

Steve Elkins is credited with saying that the accident which had most to do with the defeat of Blaine was Jay Gould's sale of the New York World to Mr. Joseph Pulitzer. There is a great deal of truth in that assertion. The World was a most powerful aid to the Democracy, not only in New York, but of the whole country, during the late campaign, and we are heartily glad that Mr. Pulitzer is achieving the success he so richly deserves in building up the circulation of his great paper. The history of the World is the most wonderful in the annals of American journalism. It has already outstripped all its rivals in the matter of circulation, and its advertising patronage is growing at a marvelous rate.

Gas Bills.

From the Philadelphia Times.

Gas consumers of Pittsburg complain that since the Pittsburg Gas Company began to mix natural gas with the artificial product monthly bills that formerly ranged from $10 to $12 now run up to $16. This, too, notwithstanding the fact that natural gas alone is furnished at from 10 to 15 cents a thousand feet, or about one-tenth the price of artificial gas. The consumers ought not to be surprised at this. If the gas bills had proved to be lower when gas became cheaper, from this or any other cause, it would have been something to talk about.

The Board of Health Kind.

From the Courier-Journal.

Readers of medical journals are laughing over the following true copy of the notes of a clinical lecture made by a medical college student: "Strained himself and spit of a brite red collor. Have you had any feaver or nite sweets? No. Very little expanshun of scapular on rite. Fisical exam: enashun, exacerated breading, herd friction sounds Herd snores valves. Fibrous teases. Cant be cured but can be sent to mexico."

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals are Saying To-day.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

New York, February 19.—The World says: "Should the Republicans carry out their programme to force an extra session, it is very doubtful if they will succeed. If the Government can get along without one, it will not be called, and the Republican Senate will bear the blame, without gaining any of the supposed political advantages."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "The only President who is hitherto made a positive and determined effort to break over the party traces was John Tyler, and we do not believe that the most enthusiastic admirer of his courage, can find in the success he met with anything to encourage a repetition of the experiment."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "The United States Senate which has not found time to give attention to the bill forfeiting the Texas Pacific land grant, yesterday passed by a vote of fifty to nine; the bill prohibiting the bringing of foreign laborers to the country under contract. This seems to be a feeble attempt to extend the benefits of the projected policy to labor."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "A liberal supply of refreshments has been laid in already for the inauguration ball, as specifications from Washington prove. But if the feeding committee thinks it will be able to satisfy the hunger and thirst, even of the comparatively few Democrats who are able to crowd themselves in out at festive occasion, it fools itself. An appetite of twenty-four years' growth is not so easily satisfied."

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

A Good Man Pointed Out.

St. Louis, February 17, 1885.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I am not aware that the Post-Dispatch has expressed itself editorially in favor of any of the gentlemen heretofore mentioned as the Democratic candidates for the Mayoralty; for which reason I am impelled to suggest for its consideration the name of Mr. Edward C. Kehr for that office. I haven't a word to say in disparagement of Messrs. Brown, Rainwater, Specht, Parks or De Menil, but without being invidious, I do assert that Mr. Kehr would make as good a race, and if elected, as good and possibly a more capable executive than any one of these gentlemen—under the circumstances of a thorough acquaintance with municipal affairs. I did not feel that my suggestion will receive instant and hearty adoption from many thousand Democrats and all other good citizens, I should refrain from troubling you. Timon

Where English is Weak.

St. Louis, February 18, 1885.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

The controversy between several parties respecting the proper pronunciation of the word "dynamite" causes me to suggest that there are not words in the English language which can properly be pronounced in more than one manner. The English language is greatly indebted for words not dy to dead languages, but also to living ones, and on this reason many English words can syllabica be divided in more than one way and pronounced ac cordingly. Consequently, it is proper to pronoce "dynamite" with the "y" short or long, the same we pronounce the "i" short or long in the wds (to) "calcine," "volatile," and the "e" in, for example, the word "lever." The pronunciation of the Eng ish language is very irregular; unlike tha of the German, French, Spanish and Italian langues, which latter have fixed rules for the pronunciion of words, and no controversy like that at present raging regarding "dynamite" can occur in ese languages.

Paul C. Gandolfi,
P. O. Box 414, cr.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENT

M—In the game you mention, a straightflush beats five aces.

Reader—Saturn, with eight satellites, leadall of the planets in the number of satellites.

Meigs-Underhill Grand Concert, Union turch, Garrison and Lucas avenues, to-night.

Several Readers (Clinton, Mo)—Apply to Geo. F. Durant, superintendent of Bell Telephone Co., 417 Olive street, St. Louis.

Subscriber—No citizen has the right to use the Post Office for the purpose of receiving letrs under an assumed name. The propriety of its restriction will suggest itself to any one who will think about it.

A and B—There are two different estimats of the area of California. By the census of 1870 is area was reported at 188,000 square miles, but th latest report gives it 155,980, which is less than tharea of the New England and Middle States.

Subscriber—An expert gives the following recipt to make a gallon of good whisky punch: ¾ gal. whisky, ½ gal. St. Croix rum, ½ gal. rock candy syrup, ½ pint lemon juice, 1 wine glassfull of curacoa; sliced oranges and pine apples, sweeten to taste.

Bat Him Hard.

From the Philadelphia Times.

When you see the bosses solid and earnest for a candidate bat him over the head at the polls every time. That's the music of reform.

He Shot a Bird and Hit His Hay.

From the Asheboro (N. C.) Courier.

A few days ago Joseph Hackett, near Red Cross shot a bird on his hay-stack and killed the bird, but did not notice that he set his hay on fire. The consequence was he lost his hay and nearly all his provender, and his barn nearly escaped.

A Buck With a Piercing Prong.

From the Tombstone Epitaph.

A Mexican vaquero in Arizona recently endeavored to lasso an infuriated buck, when that animal charged upon the Mexican's horse, drove an antler to its heart and dropped the horse dead. The vaquero had to take to a tree to protect himself.

How Dr. Frisbie Fooled 'Em.

From the Atlanta California.

Dr. Frisbie of Vallejo was stopped the other night by footpads, but he pluckily stood them off by pulling a pocket-case from his pocket and snapping it shut. The garroters mistook the noise for a pistol and departed.

France Repaid.

From the Courier-Journal.

Lafayette had a great mind, and he knew what he was doing when he assisted the United States. France is now getting large supplies of canned frogs from this country.

Mrs. Cobb's Very Old Vegetable.

From the Dawson Journal.

Mrs. S. A. Cobb of our town has a perfectly sound squash 150 years old. She was once offered $5 for one seed of it, but refused to cut it.

One insurance bill now before the Missouri Legislature may safely be passed, to the satisfaction alike of policy-holders, the State insurance Department, the companies, and everybody else. It is the one introduced by Senator Wear requiring the Insurance Commissioner to examine companies from other States doing business here only when he deems it essential to do so, instead of every five years as he is compelled to under the present law. The bill had the unanimous approval of the Senate Insurance Committee and of the Insurance Commissioner, and passed the Senate by a vote of 20 to 5. It allows the Commissioner to take the certificates of the States in which the companies are chartered as to their condition, this being the general rule elsewhere, and the regular costly examinations, valuation of policies, etc., are thus avoided. This is a direct saving to the companies, and thereby, of course, to the policy-holders, while it keeps the Insurance Department here just as well informed as to the condition of the companies as before. After an Insurance organization has recently been examined by the Commissioner of the State in which it is chartered, there is little sense in compelling it to be immediately overhauled again, at large expense, by designees from the Department of another State. The certificate of the former is recognized in most States as enough, and that will pass the House seems probable, and should be a certainty.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in the Post-Dispatch. Telephone 558.

A SPASM OF ACTIVITY.

Congress Hard at Work on the Appropriation Bills.

The Increased Republican Majority in the Senate—Complexion of the New Body—Something About the New Members—Men Who Will Make Their Mark.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

Washington, February 19.—There is a more hopeful feeling about the appropriation bills. Congress has experienced a spasm of activity, and the mountain is being gradually moved. The House Appropriations Committee hopes that it will get through, and a majority of the members think the chances are in favor of doing so.

"I have seen the appropriation bills in worse shape than they are now, at this date in the session," said an attache of the Appropriation Committee cheerfully. That is gratifying, of course; to know that things have been worse than they are now. It is interesting, now that ten working days remain in which to complete the work, to run over the list and see what there is yet to be done upon these bills. There are fourteen of them, sundry civil, legislative, army, navy, Post Office, Indian, diplomatic, pensions, military academy, fortifications, District of Columbia, deficiency, agriculture, and the river and harbor. Of this number only one, the military academy bill, is a law. The remainder are hanging along in all stages of progress. The army, Indian, diplomatic, agriculture, pensions and District of Columbia bills have passed the House and Senate, and are now in the hands of "conference committees" to adjust the differences. The Legislative and Post Office bills have passed the House and are waiting action by the Senate. The sundry civil, navy, fortifications, deficiency, and river and harbor bills have not yet passed the House, most of them, indeed, aside from the river and harbor bill, being yet in the committee. Of course they must all be acted upon by the House before they can be considered by the Senate, either in committee or in the Senate chamber. So that Congress, which has in seventy-five working days made one small appropriation bill a law, is now expected in ten more days to pass five through the House, seven through the Senate, and adjust the differences over thirteen of them in conference committee. And it must be remembered also, that those yet pending are the ones likely to cause most discussion.

THE NEW SENATE.

There is a good deal of curiosity to see the new Senators as they come in, and see what sort of a body the Senate is likely to be in the next Congress. For on that, of course, depends much of the result of the Democratic effort to make a "record," in the coming four years. Of course it will be a Republican more strongly than now, for in two States Oregon and California, Republican Senators take the place of Democrats, thus adding four to the Republican majority. Should a Democrat be elected in the place of Senator Logan, it would, of course, drop one name in the majority to two, instead of four, but as there is a very comfortable working majority at present, and the margin is sure to be increased by two, the Republicans feel quite easy on that score. The question most discussed is what may be effect of having a Democratic presiding officer, and what sort of men they are who come in to take the place of those who go out? Twelve members of the Senate retire to be succeeded by new men. Taking the list alphabetically the first is Cameron of Wisconsin. He is to be succeeded by Colonel Spooner, also a Republican. Spooner is a much younger man than Cameron, a shrewd, keen, plucky fellow, but lacking entirely in experience here. He has had some experience in the Wisconsin Legislature, which will be of some advantage to him. He will not, however, be Cameron's equal in the first year or two, though it is not impossible he may surpass him in time, as he is a very able and vigorous young man, with a brilliant record. Senator Farley of California is to be succeeded by Governor Stanford, the wealthiest man on the Pacific Coast, whose only experience in public life has been as Governor. Of course he will not cut any figure in the Senate except as a voter, for the first year or two, save, perhaps, on questions of finance or those relating to Western railways, in which he is largely interested. His is, however, one of the two cases in which his vote goes with the Republicans, against whom his predecessor voted when here. Senator Groome of Maryland is succeeded by an aged ex-Governor of the State, a sort of fossil, who will, it is predicted, be of less value, if possible than Groome has been, and that is saying a good deal. Mr. Hill of Colorado is to be succeeded by a man who had been Senator and then for four years Secretary of the Interior, so that he brings pretty large and valuable experience with him. The exchange of Hill for Teller will probably strengthen the Senate and strengthen the Republican party in it. Senator Jonas' successor, J. B. Eustis, was in the Senate before Jonas. The change will probably be rather

A GAIN TO THE SENATE

and the party, though Jonas has developed some pretty good ability as a politician in the past few months. In the exchange of Lapham for Evarts, of course the Senate and the Republican party gains greatly. The exchange of Payne for Pendleton in Ohio is a relief to some of the fellows who wanted to ride over the Civil Service law. It will probably lessen the friction in the Democratic ranks, and enable a more concentrated attack upon the pubic crib. Rhode Island gives the Senate a much stronger man than Sinefield by the election of Chace, and one who will be as valuable to the Senate and party in time as was his illustrious predecessor, Mr. Anthony, though he may not do so in the first year or two in that body. Walker of Arkansas is succeeded by a better worker from the House, Jones, as is the case with Williams, whose successor, Blackburn, surpasses him in experience, vigor and ability, and who will be a valuable addition to the fighting minority. Three States are yet to name their new Senators, Oregon, Illinois and New Hampshire. In Oregon the new man will be a Republican to take the place of Slater, a Democrat; Illinois no fellow can foretell the result. In New Hampshire no election will be had until next summer, on the whole, it seems that the new Senate will be something of an improvement on the present.

CHEAP PATENT MEDICINES.

A Chance That the Cutting of Prices Will Be Vigorously Resumed.

When the wholesale druggists of the United States met here in October they donated $1,000 toward what has been known as the Campion plan to prevent the cutting of prices on patent medicines. A great deal of confidence in the efficiency of the system was expressed, and it was expected to do wonders in the way of reforming scalpers. After nearly a year's trial this plan has failed to realize the anticipations of its friends, and the proprietors of patent medicines have finally concluded to drop it, leaving the retail druggists, who are in favor of full prices, to shift for themselves. This leaves the local druggists, who recently concluded to cut the prices, free to make any rates they see fit, and removes the only obstacle in the way of a general cut in the prices of patent medicines.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Wm. Wierst was fined $5 and costs yesterday for running a vehicle without a license.

Louis Boismeau, an old resident, died last night at his residence in the Fourth Ward.

C. E. Walrath, agent for the St. John estate, paid yesterday to Collector Stack the sum of $1,200 as taxes on the estate.

Mr. Martin Dennison of St. Louis and Miss Pauline Barker of this city were married last evening by Squire Eggman.

Lenten services will be held at St. Henry's Church on Wednesday and Friday evenings. On the former evenings there will be sermon and benediction, and on the latter the ray of the cross.

The City Council met this morning, all the members being present, and Mayor Winton presiding. A motion to dispense with the reading of the minutes was made and carried. Next in the order of business was the report of the special committees. Mr. Sackman, chairman of the committee to whom the Council referred the proposition of Mr. J. A. Jones to erect water works, submitted the committee's report, which favored the acceptance of the bid.

A motion was made that the report be adopted, which was carried; four of the Aldermen voting aye, and four refusing to vote, the deciding vote being cast by the Mayor. The ordinance for the establishment of the works was then ordered to be read. After the reading, Alderman Stephens made a motion that the ordinance be referred to committee of the whole. The motion was lost, and the ordinance finally passed by the usual vote of five to four.

Route of the Labor Demonstration Parade.

At their meeting at Central Turner Hall last night the Labor Demonstration Committee decided to have two speeches at the close of the parade, one in English and one in German. The following was decided upon as the line of march for the parade: From Central Turner Hall, where the several Unions will meet, north to Market street, west on Market to Twelfth, north to Washington avenue, east to Fifth street, south to Walnut, east to Fourth, north to Franklin avenue, west to Eleventh, south to Olive, east to Tenth, south to Central Turner Hall, where the speaking will take place.

SHE BROUGHT THE BABY.

A Young Mother's Sad Call Upon Her Husband in Jail.

"No; you can't get in to-day. You must come on visiting day," was the answer returned by the guard at the jail gate to a timid inquiry made of him. "You see we have nearly 200 men to keep watch on now, all out on the floor together, and we dare not open that gate."

The applicant for admission to the jail was a delicate girl not more than 17 years of age, pale and wan. She carried a child in her arms over which the long infant dress hung. During the exercise hour the little woman stood beside the grating performing the most delicate of maternal offices, looking sadly in at the groups of prisoners as they passed the screen. Every now and then the sad countenance brightened up and her eyes followed some figure in the crowd till it disappeared from view. At the suggestion of the guard that possibly she could get in after the prisoners were locked up she waited patiently in the little crowd attracted to the gate by curiosity.

"Who is it you want to see?" asked the doorkeeper.

"My husband."

"What's his name?"

"Fred. Becker."

"Have you any particular business with him?"

The girl faltered, and looking from the questioner to the charge she carried in her arms she answered, "Yes, sir. I want him to see the baby. He has never seen her."

The whistle announcing the close of the exercise hour blew, and the only sound that came out to the waiting mother was the tramp of the prisoners along the iron galleries and the slamming of the cell doors. A few moments later the guard reappeared at the grating and announced that no visitors could be admitted until visiting day. The young mother turned sadly away and the massive iron door slammed back into its frame. Fred Becker was arrested for an assault on a companion during a spree.

CAUSED BY POVERTY.

Louis Amann, a Barber, Blows Out His Brains.

Louis Amann, a barber 45 years of age, committed suicide this morning at 702 S. Fourth street, by shooting himself through the head. Amann formerly had a shop on Chouteau avenue, where he did a thriving business, but six weeks ago he moved to 702 S. Fourth street. He had few customers and soon found himself in want. Some time ago it was agreed that every night his wife should take the children to the house of a friend in the southern part of the city where they could be provided with comfortable beds, which his bare quarters at the above number did not afford. During the day his family, consisting of his wife and three children, occupied a little room just back of the shop. This separation, made necessary by his poverty, oppressed him, and often he wished himself dead. Last evening he visited his wife at the house and asked her to come to the shop as early as possible next morning. She arrived about 9 o'clock this morning, and found her husband dead in the back room, with a 44-calibre revolver in his right hand. He had emptied one chamber into his left temple, tearing and lacerating the face in a terrible manner. When discovered the body was cold, the deceased having probably shot himself during the night. His death leaves his family destitute and without any means of support whatever.

THE OHIO LABOR ASSEMBLY.

Numerous Petitions Relating to the Labor Interests Adopted.

Columbus, Ohio, February 19.—The State Trade and Labor Assembly, now in session, has adopted resolutions as follows: Against the license laws in general; against the use of the words "trade unions" by Anarchists and disclaiming any affiliation with the Nihilists' ideas, and indorsing the action of Governor Hoadly in not sending troops to the Hocking Valley during the strike; petitions to the General Assembly for night schools for children; protesting against the passage of the law pending in Congress modifying the mechanic's lien law; indorsing the City Hospital project of Cleveland; indorsing the Labor Press Association and the eight-hour law; requesting the passage of a law making mechanics' liens apply to all trades. A resolution was adopted boycotting the Cincinnati Graphic as opposed to the laboring men, the Christian Standard, the Guide and the Volksfreund of Cincinnati, the Globe-Republic of Springfield, the Dayton Democrat, Zanesville Courier and the cheap literature issued.

TWO CASES OF TRICHINOSIS.

The Terrible Condition of Mrs. Charles Andrix and Her Stepson.

Columbus, Ohio, February 19.—Two cases of trichinosis have developed in this city, the victims being Mrs. Charles Andrix and her stepson, aged 19. A counsel of physicians was held yesterday, and a microscopical examination of a small piece of the muscle of the boy's left arm revealed a specimen of trichina spiralis. No hopes are entertained of the recovery of the boy, as he has reached the stage of paralysis.

Brigade Drill and Review.

The commands composing the First Brigade, N. G. M., will assemble at the Armory at 7:45 p. m., Saturday, in service uniform for drill and review. Battalion and company drills will take place from 8:15 to 10 p. m., and at 10:10 p. m. the brigade will be formed in the arena in lines of battalion, facing north, as follows: First battalion, Lieut.-Col. Walbridge, composed of companies L, B, D, I, A; second, Major R. Buchanan, composed of companies H, C, E, F, G; third, Capt. P. H. Skipwith, composed of U. Cavalry, Bain Zouaves, Artillery Co., K. The brigade will be reviewed in column of masses in the main hall at 10:15 p. m. by the Commander in-Chief.

Dennison's Court.

Judge Dennison frowned upon twelve unfortunates this morning, among whom the following were compelled to pay fines:

Aaron Myers, for disturbing the peace, $25.
Wm. Krause, same offense, $15.
Chas. Manhook, for trespassing, $10.
Alex. Little, same am unt for same offense.
Arnold Wageman, for obstructing the sidewalk, $10.

The Smith Case.

Irwin Z. Smith, jr., obtained judgment this morning in Judge Horner's court against Joseph W. Branch, executor of the estate of Irwin Z. Smith, for $88,843 37. Smith, jr., was left a large sum of money by his mother and his father became his guardian. At his death the father still had the bulk of his son's legacy in his possession, and the above suit was begun in the Probate Court to recover it.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

Henry Flahr was arrested yesterday at Social Turner Hall by Officer Hurley of the Fourth District, on a charge of stealing an overcoat from Geo. F. Walsh of 1127 Monroe street.

The Misses Mollie and Ruth Gaty gave a candy party last night at their home, 3408 N. Ninth street. It was well attended and highly enjoyed by all present. Linderman's North St. Louis Cornet Band furnished music for the occasion.

About 9 o'clock last night a fire was discovered in the hide warehouse of Christian Wise, No. 2350 Wright street. It was promptly extinguished by Henry Richter and Henry Meyer by the application of a few buckets of water, having done but little damage. It was caused by some unknown trespasser trying to start a fire in the stove by using gasoline. No clue to the trespasser.

In the Fourth District donations have been received from the following persons: Miller Walden of the Union Stock Yards, $10; R. F. Wheeler, also of Union Stock Yards, 100 bushels of coal; Anton Sauerette, No. 3230 Klein street, a quantity of coffee; J. Handgarten of No. 3616 N. Eleventh street, seventy-five loaves of bread. At the Third District fifty loaves of bread were received from Gottlieb Straussacker of No. 1015 O'Fallon street.

How It Strikes the Boston Mind.

From the Boston Republic.

Dana of the Sun still keeps harping on the subject of the Magyar Congressman, which shows pretty plainly that some of Mr. Pulitzer's brickbats struck the "able and aged bully" pretty squarely.

Politics Not First.

From the Philadelphia Press.

Politics is not the first consideration in choosing members of Council. Above all things else the city wants intelligent, upright and faithful representatives.

GRITTY GIRLS.

Strike of Dissatisfied Knitters in the Hosiery Departments.

A Reduction in Wages the Cause—Hard Work and Small Pay—A Call for a Meeting.

A strike which promises to have considerable influence among the female laborers of the city has been quietly inaugurated the past two days by the operatives in Julius Weil's hosiery factory 317 Morgan street. The house has been employing about twenty girls for knitting hose, and in spite of the low prices already existing found itself compelled to still further lower the wages a few days ago. As a result all of the force, except three or four, struck Monday, and these few faithful ones when seen this morning were in a similar frame of mind, although they had not yet left their machines.

Mr. Weil, when seen to-day by a Post-Dispatch reporter, did not seem very much put out by the sudden stoppage of his productive agencies, and, indeed, gave expressions of admiration of the pluck of his operatives.

"I can not blame them," he said; "the Lord only knows their wages are small enough for the long hours they have to labor. But, then, what can I do? I had to cut down wages; times were hard, and my competitors were paying lighter than I, and to successfully compete with my rivals in business I had to bring the pay of my girls down to a lower basis. The wages paid by me up to a week ago gave the girls 21 cents a dozen for gents' socks and 25 cents for ladies' hose. The cut made reduced the compensation to 18 cents a dozen for gents' hose and 23 cents for ladies'. The pay for children's hose is 13 cents for No. 4½ in size; 15 cents for 5½; 17 cents for 6½; 19 cents for 8½. Now the demand of the girls is for 30 cents for ladies' hose and 25 cents for gents'."

"Of course the girls make good wages at even the present prices?"

"No," said he, with a dubious shake of the head; "it is a pity it has to be said, but it is a fact that they make only between $3 and $4 a week for work from 7 o'clock in the morning until 6 o'clock at night. You see, even the fastest knitter can't make over four dozen pairs a day, and nearly every one is satisfied to average three dozen—that is, they must make thirty-six pairs, or seventy-two distinct articles to make fifty or sixty cents a day. Their work is by the piece, and, when they cannot be supplied with something to do, of course the loss falls upon them."

"The girls are, of course, well matured and strong?"

"Yes," was the sarcastic reply. "Children that have been raised with insufficient food and clothing always are. We get that class entirely in our factories. They are from 13 to 18 years of age, and come to us frequently in great distress. Now just imagine such unfortunate beings being compelled to work from dark in the morning until dark at night, and then you will be able to appreciate their condition in this, their latest effort to secure something more like decent wages. So far as I am concerned, and others like myself, we are at the mercy of the larger dealers, who, by keeping the wages down, would crowd us to the wall if we didn't come down too. Remember this, that the small dealer never begins the cut in prices."

The reporter next ascended to the operating room, which usually is resonant with the clicking of the knitting machine propelled by the nervous energy of the girls' arms. The room this morning was silent, and the only occupants were four girls, between the ages of 16 and 20, who were gathered in a group discussing the absence of their fellow-operatives and seemingly feeling that it was very strange to be sitting idle in a place where they were always busy before. They were eagerly pouring over a well-soiled piece of paper containing a proclamation that apparently was as dear to them as any manifesto of the Nihilists. On the dark page was written the following call: "The knitters of the city will hold a meeting Monday morning, February 23, at 9 o'clock at Thiel's Hall, corner of Fourth and Plum streets. It is impossible to earn anything with the price we are getting now. If we don't hold this meeting, by next year we will be reduced to 10 cents a dozen. Of course it will throw us out of work for a week or two, but if we meet with success we will be able to make it up in a week."

This production, having the usual woman's if in it in the most important part, was explained by the girls as an endeavor to rally all the female knitters into one grand stand against the cruel cutting down of the wages. A paper was produced containing a list of names which the spokeswoman said comprised the knitters at the following places, the signers having agreed to go out and stay out until an advance is made: Julius Weil's, Dodd, Brown & Co's, Casner's, Standard Hosiery Mills, Posnansky's, and Pheraninger's. One of the girls, whose sleeves were out and her garments generally threadbare, turned to the reporter, and with tears almost welling up into her eyes, said: "We are not doing this because we want to bring about any trouble, but because we can't live as this rate. Why, look here, I only get $3 a week, and I have to supply my sick mother and two little sisters and one little brother. Now, if they cut our present wages down, I won't be able to carry the family along."

"Don't you get very tired with the hard work?"

"Oh, I don't mind the hard work as long as I know I am making enough to keep the fame; but oh, you don't know how desperate it is when we see 50 cents a week taken right out of our week's salary, because 10 cents to us means over so much work."

"Are you going to form a union?"

"We can't tell as yet. But we are going to have a lawyer at the meeting Monday, and he is going to tell us whether we can form a union or no. This movement is so young yet that we can't tell anything about what we'll do, but the girls are determined."

Before going Mr. Weil was asked about the possible results of a continued strike. "It would paralyze the hosiery manufacturing in this city. There are about 400 girl knitters in St. Louis, and they stand, their demands will have to be met, as one cannot replace them except at a great expense of time and material. New hands break lots of yarn, and require weeks of practice before they become expert enough to earn good wages."

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Interesting Personal, Social, and Neighborly Gossip from the Neighboring Towns.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

Richmond, Mo., February 18.—The wedding of J. Asan McDonald, the poet, and Miss Bellevieve took place at the Methodist Church this evening at 7 o'clock.

Centralia, Mo., February 18.—Miss Catie Adams and Lou Winn are visiting in Centralia.—The Mite Society met at Wm. Summers' this evening.—The members of the "Broom Brigade" will give another entertainment at the Opera House Thursday evening.—Miss Sallie Parks has returned home from Ashland, Mo.—There will be a temperance meeting at the M. E. Church, this evening, February 22. Messrs. W. J. Bootlbay and J. Paxton will deliver addresses.—Dr. G. W. Shoberg has returned home from Kirksville, Mo.

Louisiana, Mo., February 18.—Abraham Pike, an old and reputable citizen of Pike County, died down in a retired fit in Bowling Green yesterday and shortly afterwards expired.—The first natural commission issued by the new Governor was to Clark Fagg of this city.—Miss Nettie Gray (that was) of Rockport, Ill., has been found to be much married, having three living husbands and all within a radius of fifty miles. Her last turn was in September, when she joined her destiny, or what remained of them, to William McCown's, his place. Husband No. 2, in the person of Geo. W. Rice of Rockport, is here taking steps to secure a divorce.—The owners of the woolen mill at Spencerburg contemplate removing their establishment to this place.—Insurance men are headjusting their losses in the recent fire in Barry's row of brick.—Mrs. John Allen has returned from New Orleans.—Rev. Henry James, an evangelist of pronounced success, has begun a series of meetings here in the Baptist Church.

Mount Olive, Ill., February 18.—Mr. and Mrs. John Hughes of St. Louis are making a couple weeks's visit here.—This morning the thermometer registered 2° above zero, with a severe snow storm prevailing. This afternoon it is clear and thawing. There is about six inches of snow on the ground.—Mr. Fred Nieman, jr., and Miss Martha Wilhouse were united in marriage.

Midwinter on the Other Coast.

From the San Francisco Chronicle.

On Friday F. H. Russell of Sacramento cut from a lemon tree in his yard a Sicily seedling plant seven years ago, a branch on which were a lemon blossom, a bud starting, a full bud and four lemons varying in size from that of a small marble to the full grown and ripened fruit, representing seven different stages or crops on the same tree.

The Wear of Time.

From the French.

They are discussing metempsychosis in a drawing-room. "I," said a witty young man, "remember that way back in the days of Moses and Aaron I was the golden calf. Since then I have been changed.—" "Yes," said a lad, thoughtfully, "time has worn off the gilding."

A Rest for the Postmaster's Tongue.

From the Richmond State.

"The ides of March" draw near when the Virginia Mahone country Postmaster will have to wean himself from the taste of licking two-cent stamps and the perusal of thrilling postal cards.

REVEALED NOTHING.

Senator Bayard Talks About the Cabinet and Politics.

The Delaware Statesman Reticent as to His Intentions—His Impression of Cleveland—Manning Urged to Accept the Treasury Portfolio—The President-Elect at Work on the Inaugural Address.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, February 19.—Senator Bayard returned to Washington at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He went directly to the Senate. That body was in executive session. He escaped behind its closed doors during the afternoon, and so avoided the general attention that follows him as the head of Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet. Mr. Bayard was not communicative in his intercourse with the Senators. Last evening he received your correspondent at his home. He was asked: "Mr. Bayard, are you at liberty to-night to say whether you are going to leave the Senate or not?"

Mr. Bayard said slowly that he had nothing definite to communicate upon the subject. He said: "I greatly prefer the Senate to any other position. Nothing but a high sense of duty would tempt me to resign my seat there."

Mr. Bayard was here asked if there was anything about his recent interview with Mr. Cleveland that he was free to tell. Would he answer a question as to whether he was going into the Cabinet or not? How was the Treasury matter settled? Was it going to the East or the West?

Mr. Bayard replied: "About my own personal plans I never affect any mystery. The questions you have asked a I relate to a matter

NOT UNDER MY DISCRETION.

So far as I am concerned in the subject mentioned, I can say nothing. Mr. Cleveland has entire control of the subject of the construction of his Cabinet, and he is the only one who can, with propriety, disclose his personal preferences. I could not tell much about them if I would. I take it that the Presid-nt-elect is making up his Cabinet as a whole, so as to make known to the public at the proper time the whole list. There are a number of questions entering into the construction of a Cabinet not wholly upon one side. Those who are to be invited will, naturally, want to know with whom they will be associated before finally deciding upon their acceptance. Some take it that nothing can be definitely settled in this matter until the entire list of Cabinet ministers is completed."

"What is your impression of Mr. Cleveland from your second visit?"

"My first good impression is strengthened. Mr. Cleveland impresses me with his entire singleness of purpose. He is a man who has all the advantages of a celibate's life. He has no family duties to distract his attention. He is absolutely devoted to the public business. He has nothing else on his mind. There he sits in his little house at Albany, giving up utterly and completely his time to the work he has in hand."

"There is some uneasiness among some of the Democratic Senators about Mr. Cleveland. Some of them fear that he is not going to be a good party man. What have you to say upon that subject?"

"I do not think that such a word as party was ever mentioned in any conversation I have had with Mr. Cleveland. Party is a mere means

TO ACCOMPLISH A PURPOSE.

It is a great means to an end. The subject of Mr. Cleveland's partyism is something I have not thought much about. It would be quite natural if he were not a partisan. He was first elected Mayor of a Republican city. He was next elected Governor by the help of many Republican votes. Without the help of the Independent Republican vote he would have been beaten in the last campaign. I am more convinced of that since I have learned of the compactness of dynamite organizations of New York. They were undoubtedly arrayed against the Democratic party. The power and extension of these societies I have learned since I introduced in the Senate a resolution denouncing the recent outrageous attempt to blow up the House of Parliament in London. My mail since has been burdened down with anonymous threatening letters."

"Do you think the independents should be recognized in the Cabinet make up?"

"I have never heard that they have desired any such recognition. I should think that it would be *to their position to* group them as a member of a distinct *differing* party organization. It might give *rise to slanderous* charges. But I have never heard *that they* desired recognition. The uprising of independents in the last campaign I regard as one of the most encouraging of things by those who love Republican institutions. It was a warning to machine men of both parties that there is a large element of respectable, highly-minded citizens that should not be trifled with."

Cleveland and His Cabinet.

ALBANY, February 19.—President-elect Cleveland remained shut up in his Willet Street house yesterday, and was busily engaged in his preparation of his inaugural address. He already has portions of a rough draft completed. William C. Whitney, who came here Tuesday night, called upon Mr. Cleveland immediately after his arrival, and had a long talk with him. Mr. Whitney also visited Mr. Cleveland yesterday morning, before leaving for New York. Mr. Cleveland has the greatest respect for Mr. Whitney and looks upon him as a sound Democrat, and a man of much ability, statesmanship and force of character. He would have been pleased to have Mr. Whitney in his Cabinet, but the latter did not directly or indirectly

SEEK A PLACE IN IT,

nor did he embarrass Mr. Cleveland by intimation that he would accept the honor, if conferred upon him. Mr. Whitney is a warm friend of Daniel Manning, and while he was in Albany he called upon Mr. Manning and, it is understood, urged him to accept the Treasury portfolio. Mr. Whitney announced to friends here that he was in favor of Mr. Manning's selection as Secretary of the Treasury. Last night it was stated, on the best authority, that Mr. Manning has decided to go into Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet as the head of the Treasury Department. There appears to be no longer any doubt of this, and Mr. and Mrs. Manning's friends are quite jubilant. One of Mr. Manning's staunchest friends said yesterday that Mr. Manning had consented to be the Secretary of the Treasury. It is expected that the appointment will be made public in a day or two. The other Cabinet appointments, although they may be decided upon within the next week, will probably not be announced until Mr. Cleveland arrives in Washington.

SENATOR LAMAR

was expected here yesterday. This expectation came from news received from Washington and New York. Colonel Lamont said last night that the Senator had not called upon the President-elect during the day. Up to a late hour last night no one could be found who had seen the Senator, and if he is in Albany he has been very successful in evading recognition. There is every likelihood of Lamar paying a visit to Mr. Cleveland within the next few days, if he is selected for the Cabinet. Mr. Cleveland's desire appears to be to keep his determination about the formation of his Cabinet a secret as long as possible. In doing so he will keep a precedent that has been established by former Presidents. Mr. A. C. Hesing, editor of the Staats Zeitung of Chicago and a leading German of the West, had a talk with Mr. Cleveland yesterday afternoon. A number of the Republican Legislators appear to be opposed to the proposition to have a recess of the Legislature during inauguration week.

JAY'S JOURNEY.

Mr. Gould Leaves New York on His Trip South.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, February 19.—Three carriages dashed from the Desbrosse street ferryboat into the Pennsylvania depot in Jersey City last evening, and amid a great deal of talking and laughing, a half dozen ladies and as many children alighted with their arms full of bundles and wraps. From the front carriage emerged a little man in a dark overcoat and derby hat, whose black beard and snapping eyes were unmistakably Jay Gould's. He was followed by his eldest son, and the party hurried to a car standing on a side-track and

DISAPPEARED FROM VIEW.

It was handsomely furnished and contained so many windows that the side of the car seemed to be all glass. The curtains were down in a few minutes, and the room lighted by means of hanging lamps in anticipation of the party returning early. The center of the car was given over to a dining-room about 12x10 feet, with chairs and an extension table, to accommodate a dozen people. In each corner was a folding bed, having the appearance of a cabinet. These were used by the maids. Off the dining room was the steward's cupboard, with long shelves of white china and cases of silverware and linen closets. Steward Brown rolled back the carpet and raised the floor, disclosing a refrigerator, which hangs between the wheels of the car. It was stocked with butter, eggs, meats, vegetables, and everything necessarry for a ten days' trip. Beyond the dining-room was the kitchen, with a stove, utensils, closet, coal-bin and another ice-chest. Across from the kitchen was the servants' room. The car was heated by means of a base-burner in a closet, between Mr. Gould's bedroom and the dining-room. The rooms had electric bells, which ring at both ends of the car. The car was

BUILT IN ST. LOUIS

in 1883, for Mr. Gould as president of the Missouri Pacific Road. He used it on a trip South last year when he was gone twenty-eight days. When the party had disposed of themselves Mr. Gould lighted a fragrant cigar in the drawing-room, and chatted about his trip.

"I go South only to escape the month of March in this climate," he said. "I have no definite plans except to amuse myself, and escape the terrible winds and wet weather. I shall go to Charleston and board the Atlanta there, because it will be much pleasanter at this tempestuous season than to sail from New York. We escape the severity of the weather as well as the danger."

"How far South will you go, Mr. Gould."

"I may possibly go to Panama. We first

SAIL ALONG THE COAST OF FLORIDA,

calling at various points such as we did last year, and then cross over to Havana, and see what is to be seen of Cuba. Jamaica will also be an objective point and probably some other islands, and I hope, eventually, to get as far as Panama."

"How long will you be gone?"

"That depends somewhat on circumstances, but probably three or four weeks, possibly longer."

"How is your party made up, Mr. Gould?"

"Only my immediate family go with me."

The engine which was to speed the private car to Charleston was already blowing steam and puffing, as if impatient to be off and in another moment the gong sounded and the few friends who had come down to see the party off, were obliged to bid them a hasty farewell. At 9 o'clock the train left the depot. The car will come back to New York, as Mr. Gould will return in his yacht.

A MATTER OF "TICKERS."

New York Exchanges Engaged in a Lively War.

Proposed Consolidation of the Mining, Petroleum and Produce Exchanges to Compete With the Stock Exchange—The Difficulty of Securing Tickers.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, February 19.—The fight between the Stock Exchange and the Mining Exchange is growing interesting. At present the Mining Board appears to be getting the better of it. It is not unlikely that the contest will lead to the formation of a strong combination against the Stock Exchange and to important changes in the constitution of the latter. The proposition to unite the Mining and New York Petroleum Exchanges has been revived. On Tuesday evening the presidents of the two exchanges, Mr. Wilson of the Mining Board, and Mr. Smith of the Petroleum Exchange, were in conference up town, over the matter. No plan of consolidation has as yet been presented, but the sentiment in favor of the amalgamation is very strong on both boards. The chief business in both exchanges is now in oil certificates. The belief is that

OIL SPECULATION IS DYING

out in the same way that speculation in mining stocks did a few years ago, and the members have been looking around to see where else they could obtain business. Both saw a chance in dealing in railroad securities in small lots, and at two rates of commission. Both, therefore, have listed these securities, the Petroleum Exchange first and the Mining Exchange following. The belief is that by uniting they can together, present a strong and invincible opposition to the Stock Exchange. An endeavor is likewise also to add to the strength of the combination by adding the Produce Exchange with its splendid building and its admirable organization. The Produce Exchange has already listed pipe-line certificates and appointed a committee to confer with the Petroleum Exchange on the subject of consolidation. But this is not the worst feature of the situation for the Stock Board. For a long time past the Gold and Stock Telegraph Company, owned by the Western Union, has been supplying the street with quotations of the Exchange over its stock tickers. This is done under an agreement running from month to month. A year ago the Gold and Stock Company offered to supply the Exchange with

EXCLUSIVE SERVICE,

shutting out all competition and destroying the bucket shops, on certain conditions, which the Governing Committee has never complied with. It has adjourned the matter from week to week and has failed to come to any discussion. Now it is understood that the Gold Bud Stock Company has made a proposition to the Mining Exchange which, if accepted, must place that institution at once in an independent position as regards quotations. It offers to withdraw entirely from the service of the Stock Exchange and send over its tickers only the quotations of the Mining Board. This would compel the Stock Exchange to accept the services of the Commercial Telegram Company's "tickers," or else organize a "ticker" service of its own. The latter it would be glad to do if it could only find an instrument that would not be an infringement of the Gold and Stock Company's patents. The stock brokers maintain that the offer of the Gold and Stock Company to the Mining Change is

MERELY A "BLUFF,"

and not made in good faith. The committee appointed on Monday at the meeting of men who are members of both Exchanges has been at work endeavoring to discover how they could protect their rights. S. V. White's proposition was to demand of the Mining Exchange their pro rata share of all assets of the corporation, and then withdraw. This it was thought by some, would compel the appointment of a receiver for the Exchange. Several members of the committee called Tuesday on President Wilson of the Mining Board and made this demand. Mr. Wilson answered: "There are 1,400 members of the Exchange. The pro rata share of each in the assets is $357. I guarantee to every member of the Stock Exchange who wishes to withdraw from this exchange $300 for his certificate of membership." The committeemen

WITHDREW RATHER ASTONISHED

at this offer. Mr. Wilson said yesterday that the idea of a receiver was absurd. The exchange has no debts and large assets. He said about forty stock brokers had sold their seats in the exchange, but this instead of depreciating the value of the memberships, had enhanced the value. The price had been as low as $225. Yesterday the quotation was $335 to $340. Among the stockmen who have sold their seats in the Mining Board is Washington E. Connor. He sold it because he is a member of the Stock Exchange, and the latter connection is more valuable to him at present. But as is free to admit that the competition of the Mining Board is likely to prove very formidable, especially in case of consolidation with the other exchanges.

DERBY'S SENSATIONAL WEDDING.

A Youth of Twenty-Three Marries a Lone Widow of Seventy-Three.

BIRMINGHAM, CONN., February 19.—Derby, a quiet little hamlet across the Naugatuck river, was wild with excitement Tuesday night over the wedding of Henry Baldwin, a youth of 23 years, to Mrs. Charlotte Canfield, a widow 73 years old. From Baldwin's birth until to-day he had not done anything to distinguish himself. He is a clerk in a grocery store, and the grace with which he weighed codfish and measured tape won the susceptibilities of the bride who is a small, weazened person, bent a trifle by age, but still vigorous and possessing some property. Before the gossip of the neighborhood realized that a courtship was in progress the date of the wedding had been announced. The Rev. Dr. Roberts, rector of Christ's Church, made the pair man and wife. No reception was provided but the neighbors determined to

MAKE UP THE DEFICIENCY.

Tin horns, tin pans, drums, rattles, bass fiddles and cow-bells were industriously collected, and soon after the ceremony the procession reached the house. The "rattlethump," as this method of serenade is named here, was an entire success, and moved Mr. Baldwin to such an extent that he came out and addressed his visitors. Whatever he said was vigorously applauded, and it was long after midnight when the last of the serenading party left. Mr. and Mrs. Baldwin will not go on a tour, but will reside in Derby.

Malaria is a Mean Thing.

Malaria has no color. Malaria has no odor. Malaria makes no noise. Malaria is very sly in its way of coming. It captures us before we can resist. It attacks bad blood, weak lungs, torpid livers, and dyspeptic stomachs. But Brown's Iron Bitters can drive it out, and expel the ugly fever it brings. Mrs. S. R. McDonald, New Haven, Conn., says: "I suffered for six years from the effects of malaria. Brown's Iron Bitters cured me completely."

A TYRANNICAL FEW.

The Persecution of Mormons Discussed by an Old St. Louisan.

Interesting Talk With Mr. George Dunford, Who Used to Own the Big Hat on Broadway, but Has Now for Many Years Been a Mormon Merchant.

"I tell you it is a game of grab, sir, on the part of that small minority."

"But why does the majority submit to it?"

"Because we are patient and long-suffering. Because these Gentiles, as you call them, or these 'outside friends,' as we call them, are doing all in their power to provoke the Mormons to some overt act of violence in order that they may use the powers of the Federal Government to still further outrage us. I tell you, sir, you would not believe that any class of people here in free America could be so basely put upon, and so wantonly deprived of the rights of citizenship as the Mormons are to-day."

The speaker was a well-dressed gentleman of advanced years, but energetic movements, whose face was very familiar to St. Louisans during the war, but who is now a Mormon, and a resident of Salt Lake City. His name is Mr. Geo. Dunford, and during the period mentioned he used to be proprietor of "the Big Hat" up on Broadway, moving subsequently down to Cherry street, and then to Franklin avenue. The party addressed was a POST-DISPATCH reporter.

"But the popular impression has been that the Mormons have things all their own way in Utah, that a Gentile is at a great disadvantage there, and that whatever of persecution is practised is chargeable to the Mormon authorities."

"I know that the public has been grossly misled in this matter, and it seems to be entirely impossible for the Mormons to get a fair hearing among the people of the United States."

"But how is the Gentile minority enabled to

PERSECUTE THE MAJORITY?"

"Through the medium of the Government which the United States has established over us, and with which we have absolutely no voice or influence. The Mormons of Utah constitute eighty per cent of its population, and our outside friends twenty per cent. In Salt Lake City the Mormon percentage is even greater than this. And yet this 20 per cent are evidently determined to never rest content till they have secured possession of our municipal government and our treasury. Do you think it strange that we should strive by all lawful means to prevent it?"

"But you have laws to protect you."

"Which utterly fail to protect us. Take, for instance, the Edmunds law. That law provides among other things that any man who lives in a state of polygamy, or cohabits with more than one woman in the marriage relation, shall not be entitled to vote, and shall not be qualified to sit on a jury. Now only about 12 per cent of our people are living with a plurality of wives, and yet that law is so construed as to almost insure the majority, or a part of the jurors, who are selected to try cases in our courts are Gentiles."

"And now is that accomplished?"

"Well, under the law, our outside friends are allowed the same number of names in the wheel or box, whence the names of jurors are drawn as we are. That is to say, they put in the names of two hundred Mormons and two hundred of our outside friends. This, too, in disregard of the fact that the latter constitute only one-fifth of the population, while the Mormons constitute four-fifths. Then, when it comes to examining the jurors, they are asked whether they believe in a plurality of wives, and, if they respond affirmatively, they are challenged by the prosecuting attorney for cause, and are not allowed to sit as jurors."

"But that is according to law, is it not?"

"Not a bit of it. The law provides that no man who is married to

MORE THAN ONE WIFE

shall be disqualified, but it does not go so far as to disqualify men for believing that such a mode of life is proper. It is contrary to the spirit of American institutions to proscribe any man because of his belief, and even the Edmunds law does not attempt to go so far as that. Still, by putting this unfair construction upon it, the representatives of the Government are able to weed a large majority of the Mormons out of the juries, and if the panel is exhausted, an officer goes out into the street and picks up whom he pleases to serve as jurors. Can it be said that a Mormon who is forced to trial under such conditions as these has any show of justice? Put yourself in our place and see whether you could think so."

"Is the law against polygamy enforced?"

"Very rigorous measures are adopted for its enforcement, and very unworthy methods are resorted to for the purpose of procuring evidence. A Mormon never goes into or out of a private house without feeling that some detective or spy is hiding in the woodshed or under the porch for the purpose of watching his movements and procuring evidence going to show that he is maintaining marital relations with more than one woman. If procured, this evidence is promptly submitted to the Grand Jury and an indictment follows. You would be amazed to see the zeal which Prosecuting Attorney Dickinson shows in this respect. Yet he has never been able to discover the notorious fact that there are in the city several assignation houses and other houses of evil repute which our outside friends visit frequently, notwithstanding they be men men of family. This form of cohabitation appears to be no offense at all in his eyes; yet when a man too honorable to even think of visiting such places as that is found maintaining more than one woman in the respectable state of wifehood, this officer of the law

IS FIERCE TO PROSECUTE."

"But is there no proscription on the part of the Mormons against the Gentiles? Are the latter not denied a voice in social or municipal legislation, and are they not prevented from holding local offices?"

"Not a bit of it. I know that there is a popular impression abroad, and I know that a certain mischievous element who are seeking to get hold of our treasury and our city government are largely responsible for it. I do not make this charge against our outside friends generally, because there are a great many among them who are thoroughly fair and honest in all their dealings with us, and whom we respect. Many of them are regarded as highly as we do our own brethren. But the class I refer to are very active in creating misrepresentations, and we owe most of our troubles to them. Now, as to proscription on our part, it is not practised there a bit more than it is on the part of the minority party in St. Louis would have just as much right to complain of proscription when it fails to carry a municipal election as has the minority party in Salt Lake. We elect our municipal officers and our municipal legislature just as you do, and the ballot is perfectly open to all citizens. Inasmuch, however, as the Mormons outnumber our outside friends in the ratio of four to one, you cannot think it strange that as a rule Mormons are elected to office. On the contrary, would it not be strange if the Gentiles, being in such a decided minority, succeeded in electing a ticket?"

"But do the Mormons always vote together?"

"Always. There is never any division of Mormon sentiment or of the Mormon vote at election times. Yet these men who complain against us would be utterly unable to show any ordinance that we have passed, or any exercise of official power which discriminates against the Gentiles or in favor of the Mormons. They can show no such unjust methods as those I have described as prevailing in the courts furnished us by the Federal Government. Of course, in ecclesiastical matters there is a sharp division between the Mormons and

OUR OUTSIDE FRIENDS.

But that exists right here with the Catholics and the Protestants, and sometimes in a much greater degree than with us. Outside of ecclesiastical matters, however, we are all on a level, and if you will note the names of those who figure in any of our concerts, balls or other social festivities, you will find the Mormons and Gentiles freely intermingled. When the nuns who have charge of a large Catholic hospital there, give their annual festival, the Mormons join in the enterprise with a munificent spirit, and patronize with as much liberality as any other class of people. When Father Ryan came there a few years ago to build a Catholic Church, he called on our late lamented President Young for assistance. President Young remarked to him that the Catholic Church had not been a party to the war of extermination which had been prosecuted against the Mormon faith, and he would gladly aid it, so he gave Father Ryan a check for $500. This illustrates what I have been saying. In business, it is the same way, and were I to need financial aid to-morrow, I would as soon go to some of our outside friends as to my Mormon brethren to ask it. All the talk of Mormon proscription and all the measures by which our people suffer come from a limited number of men who taking advantage of the popular antipathy to the institution of a plurality marriage, which is hardly a noticeable feature in Utah at the present day, are industrious in their work of keeping alive a strong prejudice against our people among the masses who are remote from us, and have no means of knowing the real facts. As I said before, it appears that they will never be content until their very small minority is permitted to take possession of our municipal government. We have nothing to do but to submit to the tyranny to which the Federal Government subjects us through the officers it appoints, for to offer any form of resistance would be but to furnish what would be regarded as a proof that we are the dangerous people which the general public is so ready to believe we are."

Mr. Dunford will stay here a week or two, and will endeavor to effect an organization among the Mormons, who are quite numerous in St. Louis. He will probably deliver a lecture next Sunday afternoon to a Mormon assemblage at Bolte's Hall on Broadway.

A Matter of Surprise.

The enthusiasm, unqualified pleasure and eagerness to take advantage of the splendid bargains offered of the throngs in attendance at the opening of grand sacrifice sale of the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co. at Fourth and Locust are indescribable. The reductions were so great, the prices so low and the goods of such superior quality that it was a matter of boundless surprise how such goods could be sold at such prices. The opening and continuation of the sale offer unparalleled advantages for fine investment to the people of the Mississippi Valley.

AN AGED MAN'S FOLLY.

How a Charming Young Widow Tried to Marry a Dying Man.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

SCRANTON, Pa., February 19.—A year ago Mrs. D. O. Jones, the wife of a wealthy hotel proprietor, of Carbondale died childless. Jones owned the American House at Carbondale, and lived in an elegant house on Church street. After his wife's death, he boarded in the fashionable boarding house of Mrs. Myra Bagley, a charming widow, about 30 years of age. Jones was then nearly 70 years old. A few weeks later, the boarders intimated that the widow was

MAKING LOVE TO THE ELDERLY WIDOWER.

On his return a few weeks ago, from a visit to his relatives, Jones stopped at the American House, which he still owned. A few days later he sold the house, but continued to board there. On Monday, February 9, Jones was taken sick with typhoid pneumonia. He was attended by Dr. D. L. Bailey, and Landlord Longsdorf and his wife watched over him. When Mrs. Longsdorf went into Jones' room on Friday evening, she was astonished to find Mrs. Bagley sitting on the edge of the sick man's bed. She had entered the house unperceived, and found her way to Jones' room. Jones appeared to be excited. Mrs. Longsdorf told Mrs. Bagley that she ought to know better than to be there. Mrs. Bagley called again Saturday, and on Sunday evening, and Longsdorf repeated his objections, but when Jones informed him that he desired to have Mrs. Bagley for his nurse, Longsdorf made no further objections. He became convinced that the widow was making immediate arrangements for her marriage to Jones, and he determined to place an obstacle in the way until he could summon some of Jones' nearest relatives to him. On Monday afternoon the Rev. Mr. Root, a Baptist clergyman, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Peck, called at the hotel

TO PERFORM THE MARRIAGE CEREMONY.

The Longsdorfs would not permit the clergyman to enter Jones' room, saying he was too ill to be responsible for his acts. Mr. Peck said that Jones had requested him to get the clergyman, and Dr. Bailey said that Jones, though an exceedingly sick man, knew what he was about. But Longsdorf, who had telegraphed to Jones' brother at Hartford, Conn., insisted on having his own way, until the brother should arrive. Mrs. Bagley was much disappointed and shed tears copiously. The clergyman was obliged to go without performing the ceremony. Tuesday the brother reached Carbondale. When he learned the state of affairs he stamped his foot and said that no wedding should take place until Jones got well. He said it seemed to him as though there was a conspiracy to get his brother's property, but he had no objections to letting his brother do as he pleased as soon as he got well. In spite of the presence of the sick man's brother, Mrs. Bagby says she has a right to act as his nurse, and that she means to do so until Jones gets well or dies. Jones is still a very sick man, and the chances of his recovery and death are about even.

WE call the especial attention of picture buyers to the fine collection of engravings, prints and French oleographs which will be sold at auction on Saturday morn ng at 10 o'clock by Messrs. O. J. Lewis & Co., at their salesrooms, 417 N. Broadway. Their orders are peremptory to sell without reserve, thus giving buyers an opportunity which should not be neglected.

THE ENGLISH PARLIAMENT.

Prospects That the Ministry Will be Censured—Excitement in Political Circles.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, February 19.—The one theme of discussion in clubs last night was the approaching session of Parliament, and the fortunes of Mr. Gladstone's government. All the gossip is inspired by the general conviction that the ministry will be beaten on a direct vote of censure. By comparing notes during the day and evening it has been discovered that a large body of Liberals will be absent from town at the opening of the session, and that another large body, when a vote comes to be taken, will be absent from their seats. As for the Tories they, of course, are muttering strongly. About seven or eight Liberals are said to intend voting against the ministry. As usual the Irish votes are doubtful, but I have good authority for saying that they will be plumped against the ministry should the Tories give them a guarantee not to carry murderous Ulster parliamentary districts. That this excitement should prevail in political circles

AT FEVER HEAT,

is not wholly due to the close approach of a stormy and eventful session. It is due also to the rumors, persistently circulated, that the officials are keeping back the mass of the bad news from the Soudan. It is at least tolerably certain now that several whole passages from Gordon's last letters have been suppressed, because they bitterly assail the ministry, and it is confidently declared that there has been hard fighting around Gubat, and that the place is now invested; facts of which the public is allowed to know nothing. So much that is conflicting appears in the day's news that this statement has been easily credited, and if the morning papers fail to reassure the people's minds, the effect of the suspicion on the House of Commons will be directly felt. Rumors are current that the Tories have agreed upon a policy which will be

BOLDLY OFFERED IN BOTH HOUSES,

and it is said to be a policy calculated to attract support to itself. Much regret is expressed at the absence of Lord Randolph Churchill, whose health compelled him to leave the country several weeks. He has been telegraphed for strenuously, and is said to have promised a swift return. The talk of a coalition ministry has faded out, and the fight will be drawn on nearly straight party lines, the absentees turning the scale if it is turned at all.

Phil Robinson, the familiar sketch writer, has started for Suakim in order to serve the Daily Telegraph as its correspondent. Mrs. Lowell, the wife of the American Minister, is likely to die at any moment. Her condition last night was unchanged. Her physicians have abandoned all hope of her recovery.

MRS. BARBARA FLICK, Cleveland, Ohio, was completely cured by St. Jacobs Oil, the wonderful pain-reliever, of chronic rheumatism of long standing.

STEAMERS BURNED.

The Destruction of the City of Helena and the Ida Darragh.

MEMPHIS, TENN., February 19.—The steamers Ida Darragh and City of Helena were burned here yesterday afternoon. The fire originated in the Ida Darragh among some cotton bales and spread so rapidly that it was impossible to extinguish the flames. The wharf boat at the foot of Union street next took fire and from it the flames spread to the City of Helena. An attempt was made to get the Helena in mid-river before she caught fire, but it was unsuccessful. Both steamers and the wharf-boat were

ENTIRELY CONSUMED.

The Darragh had 419 bales of cotton and 4,000 sacks of cotton seed aboard. She was valued at $18,000 and insured for $12,000 in Cincinnati offices. The wharf-boat was owned by the Anchor Line, and was valued at $8,000; only partially insured. The City of Helena was also owned by the Anchor Line and had arrived last night from Vicksburg with 150 bales of cotton and 20,000 feet of lumber for northern and western points. She had up here, owing to the heavy ice in the river. She took on 750 barrels of cotton-seed oil here destined for Chicago. Her entire cargo was lost. The oil was insured for $15,000. The officers of the Helena lost nearly all their clothes and effects. The City of Helena, commanded by Capt. J. T. McCord, was owned by the Anchor Line and made weekly trips between St. Louis and Vicksburg. She was built at Jeffersonville, Ind., in January, 1872, by the Howards at a cost of $100,000. She was 266 feet long, 42½ feet beam and 7½ feet hold. At the time of the fire the Helena was valued at $30,000, and was uninsured.

It is a great satisfaction to be able to record a cure of disease, and we do not, therefore, wonder when Mr. B. F. Welsh of Albany, N. Y., (State Department) writes: "I cannot refrain expressing my satisfaction at the success of Mishler's Herb Bitters in curing me of catarrh." There are many thousands of others like Mr. Welsh, who write to tell of their cure of dyspepsia, liver and kidney diseases, stomach disorders, and other complaints, for all of which this great medicine is a sovereign remedy.

SHOT BY HIGHWAYMEN.

A Drunkard's Suicide—Slid Under a Morning Train—Missouri Matters.

ST. JOSEPH, February 19.—Two highwaymen attempted to rob Christ Bast, who resisted. In the scuffle Bast was shot and seriously wounded.

WASHINGTON, February 19.—The wheat crop of Franklin County has been nearly destroyed by the severe winter. Ferdinand Stoff, while intoxicated, suicided last night.

HANNIBAL, February 19.—Harry Leach, aged 10, while coasting ran under a moving train and had both legs and an arm cut off. He will probably die.

JOPLIN, February 19.—Burglars forced the dry goods store of Parker & Chinn, and stole $300 of goods.

MARYVILLE, February 19.—Mr. Royston was last night robbed of his pocket-book by highwaymen.

INDEPENDENCE, February 19.—Milton Boone, township constable, has been arrested by United States Marshall Peas for selling, under judgment, a lot of tobacco belonging to Wm. Hoot, and on which no revenue had been paid.

POPLAR BLUFF, February 19.—At a row between whites and negroes James Wiggins was cut in the back and arm, and George I. Rothenburg was shot.

BUTLER, February 19.—A bad railroad wreck occurred near here, in which the conductor was seriously hurt.

BOONVILLE, February 19.—A verdict for $5,000 has been found for plaintiff in the case of Parsons vs. Missouri Pacific Railroad. A man named Parsons had been killed by the breaking of one of defendant's cars. A verdict for $3,000 against the same road was found for Perry Diedrick, who sustained injuries by the breaking of a hand-car handle. Leading citizens have pledged $800,000 and a building site as an inducement for the removal of the State Capital to this city. The Frank James case will be tried at the end of the week. The train due here at 8 a. m., was wrecked at New Palestine by a broken rail. Nobody hurt.

FAILED FOR MILLIONS.

Further Particulars Respecting the Chaffe Assignments in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, February 19.—John Chaffe & Sons and R. H. Chaffe & Bro., whose failures were announced yesterday, have made statements of their liabilities and assets, and asked for a respite from their creditors. John Chaffe & Sons report their assets at $1,762,000 and their liabilities at $983,000, while R. H. Chaffe & Bro.'s total assets are $401,000 and their liabilities $166,000. None of the banks are affected by the failures. A meeting of creditors is fixed for March 25.

America's Pride.

True American men and women, by reason of their strong constitutions, beautiful forms, rich complexions and characteristic energy, are envied by all nations. It's the general use of Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic which brings about these results.

Want Some Plugs.

The owners of the residences and property extending along Broadway, from Osceola to Elwood street, are beginning to agitate the question of securing some protection from the city against fire. That two miles of road is overlooked by many of the handsomest residences that the city boasts of, a water main extends down the road to Carondelet, a majority of the way, but in that long stretch there is not a single tap or plug, so that if a fire occurred the engines would be powerless. The risk is so great that several plugs will be petitioned for very soon.

Greatest Ever Known.

The greatest success ever known in this city was the opening to-day of the million-dollar sacrifice sale of the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co. at Fourth and Locust. Immense crowds were in attendance all day, and the delight and astonishment at the wonderful reductions were unbounded. The opportunities for investment in the finest goods are unparalleled, and no one should fail to see the superb bargains offered.

NON-BOARD INSURANCE

In reliable and prompt paying companies at adequate, but fair rates.

BENJ. KIMBALL,
208 Olive Street.

DIED.

Marriage and death notices will be inserted at the rate of twenty-five cents for three lines.

BRETTELLE—RUBY, twin daughter of A. K. Brettelle and Mary E. Brettelle, granddaughter of the late W. H. Haggerty.

Funeral from residence, 3420 Chestnut street, Friday, February 20, at 2 o'clock. Friends invited to attend.

MARY SPARROW—At residence, 1104 Gratiot, February 18, 11 o'clock p. m.

Funeral from Annunciation Church, February 20, at 2 o'clock p.m.

LOUIS BOISMENUE—Aged 52 years, died February 18, 1885.

Funeral from St. Patrick's Church, East St. Louis, to Cahokia Cemetery, Thursday, February 20, 1885. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

TUTHILL—JOHN P., at 10:30 a. m., February 18, at residence, southwest corner Main and Mullanphy streets.

Notice of funeral will be given in morning papers.

TRIGG—February 13, 1885, after a painful illness, NANCY ELISABETH TRIGG, daughter of Alfred and Catharine A. Trigg, aged 16 years.

TEST YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY!

Brands advertised as absolutely pure
CONTAIN AMMONIA.

THE TEST:

Place a can top down on a hot stove until heated, then remove the cover and smell. A chemist will not be required to detect the presence of ammonia.

DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA.
ITS HEALTHFULNESS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED.

In a million homes for a quarter of a century it has stood the consumers' reliable test,

THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
MAKERS OF
Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,
The strongest, most delicious and natural flavor known, and
Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems
For Light, Healthy Bread, The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.
FOR SALE BY GROCERS.
CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

QUICK MEAL
GASOLINE STOVES.
RINGEN STOVE CO.
508 N. Fourth Street.

ANDREWS
Parlor Folding Bed, 30 Styles
Elegant, Comfortable, Portable
Price $22 upward
ANDREWS & LEE,
1136 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

By the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters the haggard appearance of the countenance and sallowness of dyspeptics are supplanted by a healthier look, and as the food is assimilated, the body acquires substance. Appetite is restored, and the nervous system refreshed with much needed slumber, through the use of this medicine, which is also beneficial to persons of a rheumatic tendency, and an inestimable preventive of fever and ague. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

AMUSEMENTS.

POPE'S THEATER.

All week, Matinee Saturday,
WM. REDMUND and MRS. THOS. BARRY
—IN—
A MIDNIGHT MARRIAGE.
Sunday, February 22—Evans and Hoey in "A PARLOR MATCH," by the author of "Bunch of Keys," "Rag Baby," etc.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.

To-Night, Every Night This Week, Matinees Saturday and Sunday.
Bartley Campbell's greatest play,
THE WHITE SLAVE.
Special White Slave Matinee Sunday, February 22.
Sunday night, February 22—Boston Theater Company in "Youth."

BROADWAY & TREYSER'S
NEW DIME MUSEUM,
North Sixth street, near Franklin avenue.
JAMES A. BARNES.....Sole Manager.
P. T. BARNUM'S
CLOWN ELEPHANT, TOM THUMB,
—AND—
ZELTNER & CHRISDIE'S
Pantomime Company in Humpty Dumpty.
Admission 10 cents.

STANDARD THEATER.

Week Commencing Sunday, February 15. Matinee Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday
Engagement of the Charming Little Soubrette,
MISS FLORA WALSH,
In the Latest and Greatest Comedy Success,
"OUR MARRIED MEN."
Brimful of Local Hits, Songs, Dances, etc. A week of uncontrollable mirth.
Next week—"Lilly Clay's Adamless Eden Company."

OLYMPIC.

Every Evening at 8 o'clock. Only Matinee Saturday.
LOTTA
IN
NITOUCHE
SUPPORTED BY HER OWN COMPANY.
Sunday, February 22—LOTTA in MUSETTE.
Sale of seats for Lotta's second week opens this morning at 9 o'clock.

CASINO | MATINEE To-day at 2:30.
FOURTH AND WALNUT STS.
GRAND VAUDEVILLE ENTERTAINMENT. | Ladies' Matinees, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturdays, 25c.
February 22—Alice Oates Burlesque Company.

THE MEIGS SISTERS.
MISS HATTIE, First Soprano.
MISS JENNIE, Second Soprano.
MISS EDITH, First Contralto.
MISS FLORENCE, Second Contralto.
VOCAL QUARTETTE.
Will Give a
GRAND CONCERT
Thursday Evening

BRANCH OFFICES.

1500 CHOUTEAU AV.—H. F. A. Spilker 2731 CHOUTEAU AV.—Mrs. P. Quigley. 2736 MARKET ST.—Jacob Beffa. 1515 OLIVE ST.—Exposition Pharmacy. 3340 OLIVE ST.—M. Mahoney. 1018 CARRISON AV.—Bischhy's Pharmacy. 2358 CARR ST.—Chambers' 1106 N. SIXTEENTH ST.—John F. Howe. 1854 CASS AV.—Benj. Parent's. 1659 S. JEFFERSON AV., cor. Lafayette—Harris & Smith. 1836 PARK AV.—J. Callaghan 2100 SIDNEY ST.—Ed. Dufour 2101 N. THIRTEENTH ST.—Mrs. Israel. 3625 N. BROADWAY.—Bremen Drug Store. 3129 S. BROADWAY.—Otto A. Karnatz. EAST ST. LOUIS, cor. Post Office—Oscar F. Kreusa.

Parties advertising in these Columns and having the answers addressed in care of POST-DISPATCH, will Please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes. Parties answering advertisements must have their replies directed to their own POST OFFICE address.

LODGE NOTICES.

O. S. C—Fifth anniversary Clan Douglas, No. 8—A social meeting will be held in Druids' Hall on Friday, the 20th inst., at 8 p. m. All clansmen and friends cordially invited. PETER WALKER, Chieftain.

MISSOURI LODGE, NO. 11, I. O. O. F.—Members are requested to attend the "Ancient Roll Call" of this lodge next Friday evening, at Odd Fellows' Hall, 4th and Locust sts. Visiting and resident brothers are invited. JACOB ROTHERMEL, N. G. LOUIS HELM, Secretary. 633

BENTON LODGE, No. 1822 R. of H.—The members of this lodge are requested to meet at Druids' Hall this evening at 8 o'clock sharp, to make preparations for the funeral of Brother John P. Tuthill. WM. J. DUFF, Dictator.

HALL OF ANCHOR LODGE, No. 144, K. of H.: The members are requested to meet at hall, n. e. corner Broadway and Exchange st., Thursday evening, February 19, to make arrangements to visit Harmony Lodge in a body; also work in first degree. J. A. SWIFT, Dictator. W. O. LIPE, Reporter. a33

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-Keepers.

MONEY to loan on all personal property from 25c to $10,000, at S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 38

WANTED—A situation as assistant book-keeper by a young man. Address J. C. Coyne, 613 Washington av. a36

WANTED—By a book-keeper, set of books or other writing to attend to in evening. Address A 39, this office. a38

WANTED—By young married man, position as assistant book keeper or collector; good refs from present employer. C 76, this office. a38

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—By an experienced dry goods clerk, situation in retail or wholesale house; best city references given. Ad. G 84, this office. 37

WANTED—By a first-class grocery counter hand, quick and neat, a place at any salary; best of refs. 618 N. 23d st. a37

WANTED—Employment: a young man desires a position in an office or grocery house; has had five years' experience in the latter; A No. 1 ref. Ad. W 37, this office. a37

The Trades.

WANTED—A licensed engineer with best of references wants work. Address Joseph Morrison, Hotel, 620 Morgan st. 638

Coachmen and Drivers.

WANTED—Situation as coachman by young man; best city refs. J. K., 3806 Olive st. a39

WANTED—A situation as porter or driver by a young married man; can read and write German; will work for moderate wages. Ad. H. B. V., 2008 S. Broadway. a39

WANTED—By a young man of 18, situation to take care of horses or drive team; no objection to country. F. C. E cables, 713 N. 6th st., city. a39

Boys.

WANTED—Some good person out of town to take an honest boy of 15 and learn him a trade or business. Address D 38, this office. m42

WANTED—German boy of 15 wi hes to obtain a situation either with a druggist or jeweler with prospect of learning the trade; good refs. given. Ad. Schnitzer, 620 S. 4th st. a42

WANTED—Situation by a boy of 15 to learn a trade with a reliable party, as carriage blacksmith or butcher; good reference. Address James Rule, 1021 Call st. a42

WANTED—Situation by a boy of 14 years to learn a trade or any other kind of work. Ap to 1340 S. 8th st. f42

WANTED—Situation by a boy 15 years of age to do any kind of work; speaks English, French and German. Address K 33, this office. a42

WANTED—A boy of 17 years wishes a situation of any kind. 1848 State st. Ben Haller. 142

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A situation by a young man as waiter or second bar keeper. Appir at 40 N. 3d st. a40

WANTED—Work at anything honest that a middle aged man and young man 17 can do; must have work. Address L. Riley, 1332 Biddle st., city. f43

WANTED—A situation to attend to horses and do general work about a house. Ad. N. N., 2019 N. 10th st. f43

WANTED—Situation by an experienced overalls, drawers and shirts folder. Ad. H. Springarn, 6 N. 11th st. f43

WANTED—A st. by an Englishman; married, sober and industrious; understands gardening, or to work about a gentleman's place. Apply at 817 N. 7th street. George W. Morton. a43

WANTED—Situation to attend shoe store and do the repairing; good mechanic; city or country. Shoemaker, 205 Washington av. a43

WANTED—Situation by a young German as servant, or tend horse and buggy. Cor. 2d and Market st.

WANTED—A young man would like a situation of any kind; speaks English and German. Call or Ad. C. P. Hoppe, care of A. Fries, 1726 Franklin ave. a43

WANTED—Situation by a young man of 18; good penman; accurate at figures; best of references given. Add. N 87, this office. a43

WANTED—Situation by young man with experience in bank and loaning office; refers to State Savings Association. Ad. P 36, this office. a43

MONEY to loan on all personal property from 25c to $10,000, at S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

MONEY to loan on all personal property from 25c to $10,000, at S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 54

Laborers.

WANTED—2 wood-choppers to cut cord-wood. Apply 1924 Laflin st., s. e. cor. Laflin and North Market, 1 block west of Garrison av. a39

The Trades.

WANTED—A tonce, one No 1 tinner; none other need apply. H. M. Snyder, 112 N. 12th st. a28

WANTED—In a wholesale manufacturing house experienced pressers to press ladies underwear. Call at 508 St. Charles st. a38

WANTED—First-class white barber; must bring his own tools; steady job. W. H. Johnson, Shelbyville, Ill. a36

WANTED—50 men to board and lodge; board, $3 50; with room, $4 per week; meals, 15 cents; beds, 15 cents. 611 Market st., Hotel Adler. a36

WANTED—A tailor. Call at Henry Bromschwig & Co's., 604 N. 4th st. a36

TO BOSS BAKERS. Wanted—A job by a good, steady man on bread, cakes, pies, pastry, and can bake Boston brown bread; no objection to the country. Ad. K 36, this office. 138

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—All persons out of employment to call at Chapel reliable Commercial Employment Agency, 22 N. 4th st. a42

$2 A DOZEN—Finest cabinet photographs; open on Sunday. Parsons, 1407 Market st. a42

WANTED—Intelligent man, over 21 years of age, to learn business; $15 per week to start; room 5, 810½ Olive st. a42

100 PERSONS wanted at the Gaslight House, 409-419 Spruce st.; single beds, 15c; single rooms, 25c for two per night; shaves, 5c; hair cut, 15c. a42

DRAWING for shops, or for patents; also, drawing and the application to the trades taught, night or day. Geo. Crehore, 314 Vine st. 39

MONEY to loan on guns and pistols from $1 to $10,000 at S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 37

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—By a girl, a situation as saleslady in any kind of a store. Call or address Miss M. H., 103 Valle av. f44

Stenographers.

WANTED—A situation by an experienced and competent lady stenographer and typewriter; 20 N. 6th street. f45

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—By a good plain seamstress, a situation to do plain sewing and light housework. Ad. 1921 E. Grand av. a46

WANTED—By a German woman plain sewing. Ad. H. H., 2019 N. 10th st. f46

Housekeepers.

WANTED—A lady wishes a situation as housekeeper in a private family; would like the entire charge. 2614 Laclede av., notion store. a47

WANTED—Situation by a competent and reliable young woman as housekeeper; can give A No. 1 ref. Address F 38, this office. f47

WANTED—By a German woman with one child, situation as housekeeper for a single man, or as cook for a small family. Ad. 2115 Mallinckrodt st. a47

General Housework.

STOVE REPAIRS

For every stove or range made in the United States, to be had at A. G. Rau's, 219 Locust st. 48

WANTED—Two girls want situations; general housework; 1619 N. 18th st. a42

WANTED—A first-class girl wants a situation to do general housework or housework, washing and ironing, at once. Call at 1547 N. 2nd st. a48

WANTED—Situation by a girl to assist in general housework. 927 N. 12th st. a40

WANTED—A situation by a good girl to do general housework. Call at 813 Walnut st. a40

WANTED—Situation in a private family by a respectable middle aged woman to do general housework 908 Montgomery st. a48

WANTED—Sit. as house-girl. Apply at 2734 Chouteau avenue. a42

WANTED—Situation to do general housework or housework. 2509 Scott av. a48

WANTED—Situation by a woman to do general housework in private family. Call at 1221 N. 7th st.; in rear. a48

SAVE CAR FARE

and purchase your house furnishing goods in the hardware, china, stove and tinware line at F. Simons, 3703 Cass avenue. 48

WANTED—Situation by two girls, one nursing and sewing or housework and sewing; the other general housework in a small family. Call at 810 N. 9th st. a48

WANTED—Situation by a girl to assist in house or dining-room work, or to nurse a child; a good home more an object than wages. Ad D 39, this office. f48

WANTED—Situation by a girl for housework or cooking. Call at 2805 Chouteau av., upstairs. f48

WANTED—A young girl wishes a situation to do housework or assist at general housework; can give reference if required. M 38, this office. f48

WANTED—A girl wants a situation to do housework in small family or nurse children. T 38, this office. f48

WANTED—By a girl, a place to do house or dining-room work. Ad. M 39, this office. f48

Cooks.

WANTED—Situation by German girl to cook, wash and iron, or general housework in small family. Please call a 2021 Clark av. a49

WANTED—A middle aged lady wants a place in a small family to cook and do housework; German. 1403 N. 19th st. a49

WANTED—Situation by a young man as cook; best references given. Address 223 N. 3d st. f49

WANTED—By a middle aged woman, situation to cook, wash and iron, has a daughter 15 years old; good refs. given. Call at 640 m. Clark's Rock road. f49

WANTED—A situation by a first-class cook and laundress. Addr as 1227 N. 16th st., new number. f49

WANTED—Situation in a private family by first-class cook; competent to take full charge; wages $15; city or country. 705 Chouteau av. f49

WANTED—Situation to cook or do general housework. Call at 1918 Franklin av. a49

Nurses.

WANTED—A young girl of 19 would like a situation as child nurse in a hotel. 38 S. Center st. a50

WANTED—By a young girl a place to nurse a baby. Call at 1513 Lucas av. f50

WANTED—A respectable young girl would like a place to nurse or housework. Address 2318 N. 17th street. a50

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Good girl for kitchen and dining-room work; colored or German. 911 Chestnut st. a41

WANTED—By a first-class milliner, position in country town best of ref. J 36, this office. f42

WANTED—A no 1 young German girl wants a situation on upstairs work and assist with children. 2321 Blair av., rear. a36

WANTED—Situation by competent cook in either boarding house or private family. 1615 Franklin av.

WANTED—To go out washing dishes in hotel or take boue lady's washing. 5:4 Argyle av. a32

WANTED—By a reliable woman, work, such as scrubbing, cleaning, etc. 1515 S. 2nd st., rear. a32

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Housekeepers.

WANTED—A working housekeeper, single in a lodging house. Call at the Gaslight House, 409 and 419 Spruce st. a46

General Housework.

WANTED—German or Swede girl, 15 or 16 years old, to assist with housework in a family of 4 persons. Inquire this afternoon between 3 or 6 o'clock, 40 2110 Morgan st. a68

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. 2622 Lafayette ave. a66

WANTED—At 1329 Garrison avenue, a first-class girl for general housework; a good home and best wages. f66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework at 1450 Wright st., 2d floor. a66

WANTED—A reliable middle-aged woman to do general housework in a family of four; good wages; ref req. S. P. Griffin, Bowling Green, Mo. a66

WANTED—A good young German girl in a family of two, to do light housework; ref. req. Call at 2825 Clark av. a66

WANTED—A German girl for general housework without washing; must understand cooking. Call in forenoon at 21 Nicholson place, op. Lafayette Park. a66

WANTED—Trusty colored girl for general housework, 1127 Pine st. a66

WANTED—25 good girls for housework, at once. Commercial Employment Agency, 22 N. 4th st. a66

Cooks.

WANTED—Good cook, washer and ironer immediately; small family. 3547 Laclede av. a68

WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron and do general housework in small family; good wages. Apply at 2757 Gravois av. a68

WANTED—A No. 1 German girl to cook, wash and iron; small family; good wages; also tidy nurse girl. Call for two days at 2801 Caroline st., two blocks west of Jefferson av., between Rutger st. and Park av. a68

WANTED—Girl for cooking and general housework. 2320 Washington av. Call for two days. a68

WANTED—A good woman to cook, wash and iron and girl for up-stairs work. Ad. with ref., N 38, this office. f68

WANTED—Neat German girl; first-class cook; no washing. Call at 2741 Morgan, third floor; ref. a68

WANTED—A good cook by family of three. Apply at 2308 Laclede av. a68

WANTED—A girl to cook and do general housework at 813 Tayon av. a68

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—A first-class dressmaker at 1227 N. 6th. a51

Miscellaneous.

$2 PER DOZEN—Elegant Cabinet photos: 2 positions given and proofs shown. Parsons, 1407 Market st. a71

WANTED—Sorter and marker at Conway's Laundry, 6th and Walnut sts. a71

WANTED—Two intelligent young ladies to go to Springfield, Ill.; expenses paid; light work and good pay. Address, with name and number, P 36, this office. f71

WANTED—German girl preferred, who loves children; no washing or ironing. Call at 3185½ Easton av. a71

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. M. A. DUDLEY, 2044 Olive st., artistic dress making; evening dresses, street costumes, wedding and mourning outfits; special attention given to purchasing dress goods and trimmings; prices reduced. 172

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—A young man with experience to solicit for lithographing and printing. L 39, this office. a70

WANTED—Two respectable solicitors for subscriptions. Call at office "The Whip," 306 Olive st., Room 8. a70

WANTED—A few lady canvassers for an article any lady will buy on sight; only married women, widows or professional nurses wanted; those meaning business can address, stating where and when an interview can be had. Address J 37, this office. a70

WANTED—Lady agents can positively make $10 a day with my wonderful new rubber undergarment for females. Madam Little, Box 443, Chicago, Ill. 72

WANTED—Agents to collect small family pictures to be enlarged and painted by a new patent process in a beautiful oil potrait, at one-tenth the cost of old style paintings; samples free. Address for catalogues, Fried man & Co., Marlinburg, Md. 72

WANTED—Men: Any man or woman making less than $40 per week should investigate our easy money-making business. We offer energetic persons the best chance on earth to make money. $1 Samples free to those meaning business. An agent writes: "Your plan brings money quickest of any I ever tried." Address with stamp for papers R. H. Harrell & Co., Chicago, Ill. 72

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen in city or country to take light work at their own homes; $1 to $4 a day made; work sent by mail; no canvassing. We have good demand for our work and furnish steady employment. Address, with stamp, Crown Manufacturing Company, 264 Vine st., Cincinnati, Ohio. 72

WANTED—Ladies or gentlemen to take light, pleasant work at their own homes (distance no objection.) Work sent by mail. $2 to $5 a day can be quietly made. No canvassing. Please address Globe Manufacturing Co., Boston, Mass., Box 6044. 72

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection. The money will not be refunded when advertisements will be removed and for rejected advertisements. All personals must be paid in advance. Not more than three words in a line. Not more than five cents a line.

PERSONAL—Lizzie: Note of 15th inst. addressed to Mr. R., 123 — st., was duly received and appointment made for 17th inst. Sept; you were not there; make another appointment for I have something about the interest awakened to say to you. f7

PERSONAL—Wanted, by a widow, the acquaintance of a gentleman, as no notice will be taken of any other. Ad. O 38, this office. f7

PERSONAL—Jeanette: This evening at 8 o'clock. Charley. a1

PERSONAL—A gentleman wishes to correspond with an educated lady; object amusement, not acquaintance. F 39, this office. f7

PERSONAL—Genevieve: I have four; will leave H. O. 24th, a. m.; you shall have one. Vincent. a1

PERSONAL—Will young lady that met gent on 12th and Olive September last, afterward at restaurant in regard to situation as cashier, please address K 39, this office. a1

PERSONAL—Z 26; Nellie Jack, did you get my letter? be at Post Office 8 p. m., Friday; if you can't come, write to R 39, this office. a1

PERSONAL—1485: Be patient; have been sick. 8514. a1

PERSONAL—M. M., Page av.: Your note received; write again and make appointment. A. P. R. a1

PERSONAL—Wedding Invitations at Charles Goodenough, Printer, 318 Olive st. a1

PERSONAL—Divorces legally obtained; advice free. Ad. P. O Box 423, St. Louis, Mo. 1

BOOKS.

WANTED—10,000 stand books, new and old, law and med. cal, free. Dan Linahan, 4th and Wash'ton av.

DO NOT ORDER THAT BIBLE OR ANY OTHER BOOKS ANYWHERE till you get our prices. Archer's, 813 Pine st. a13

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—Board in private family; German preferred, by young lady employed during day; convenient to Grand Avenue Depot; reference exchanged. Answer Grand Avenue Depot; state terms. a10

WANTED—To sell furniture, stoves and carpets at the lowest cash price on easy payments. Geo. W. Jones, 22 and 24 S. 11th st. f9

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—By lady, to give lessons on piano for room or board. L. T., 2018 Eugenia st. 120

MONEY to loan on jewelry from $1 to $10,000, at S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 30

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—Furnished house; will pay double rent; very choice. Richards & Co., 614 Pine st. a21

WANTED—A flat of four rooms, first floor in Stoddard Addition by a family with one child. Address 2706 Thomas st. a21

WANTED—An office in business center of city; 1st or 2d floor; good light and conveniences required; state terms. E. Ault & Co., 108 and 110 Spruce sts., city. a21

WANTED—To rent, a small cottage of 3 or 4 rooms, with or without garden spot, on line of R. R. bet. Kirkwood and city. Ad. T 39, this office. a21

WANTED—By man and wife, about four rooms with bath, etc., separated, or over a store, in good locality. Ad. B 39, this office. a21

WANTED—Two or three unfurnished rooms between 17th and 18th, Clark av. and Lucas av., or man and wife without children; rent reasonable; if possible, a bedroom furnished for a lady; address Rangel. Answer, with price, Wade, 2346 Clark av. w21

WANTED—Nicely furnished room in quiet locality. Ad. T 34, this office. f21

WANTED—An unfurnished room; rent not to exceed $6 per month. Ad. with particulars to W., this office. f21

WANTED—To sell stoves, carpets and furniture on easy time payments, 10 per cent cheaper than the cheapest. Geo. W. Jones, 22 and 24 S. 11th st. 21

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—To buy small house, centrally located. Ad. W 39, this office. a22

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—Would like to meet gentleman with capital to develop a profitable manufacturing business, a monopoly. Ad. E 39, this office. a28

WANTED—Capital to manufacture best coal oil burner for glass lamps ever offered; burns round, brilliant, powerful light. Address H 35, this office. a31

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED—To exchange lands in Arkansas and Texas for goods; no objection to cut stock. Box 1356 Eureka Springs, Ark. a21

STORAGE.

WEST END STORAGE for furniture and goods; clean, dry and safe; moving, repairing, packing and shipping. J. Brown & Co., 2625 Olive st. 852

STORAGE—Cheapest, best, dry st and most convenient in the city for furniture, pianos, trunks, boxes, etc. An itemized warehouse receipt given; money advanced on same; packing and shipping household goods a specialty; moving done with care at low rates at our large fireproof warehouse. Wm. O. Langan & Co., 1006 and 1010 Morgan st. 852

FURNITURE, pianos etc., stored; money advanced when desired; packing and shipping a specialty; moving with care. C. F. Betts, 308 N. 8th st. 84

BEST storage for furniture, clean, dry and lowest rates. Brosnan & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 74

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Tuesday night, February 17, black astrakhan shoulder cape, between Bissell Hall and O'Fallon st.; finder will be liberally rewarded by returning same to Mrs. Emma Crowell, 1317 N. Broadway. f38

LOST—Cocker dog; license 413; suitable reward if returned to H. Klein, 3507 Chouteau av. f39

LOST—One setter dog strayed from 1109 N. 10th st., Tuesday morning; license No. 459; liberal reward paid when returned. Lewis Hales, jr. f39

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

CAST-OFF clothing bought by S. Barnett, 819 Locust st. Send postal card. 74

TAPE-WORM.

Dr. Ramey, 1120 Olive st., guarantees to expel tape-worm head and all, in 40 minutes; no sickness or fasting. m14

VALENTINES! Valentines! A very large assortment of fancy and comic Valentines at reasonable prices at Zeller's book store, No. 108, 4th st., between Market and Walnut sts., e. st side. 74

BARGAINS.

Trunks and Satchels. Having to vacate February 28, to permit alterations in the business, we offer bargains to save moving stock. Call and see. TRUNK CO., 507 and 509 N. 3d st.

MRS. LANKTON, Indian fortune teller, 108 N. 13th st., bet. Chestnut and Pine sts. 74

PERSONAL—Mrs. Wilcox, trust fortune-teller, 502 N. 15th st., bet. St. Charles and Washington av. can be consulted on matters of love, business and matrimony. Separated lovers brought together in nine days. Ladies received only. 874

SELL your cast-off clothing to N. Jacobs. Address postal card, 818 Locust st. 74

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. J. L. FITZPORTER—Offices Nos. 305 S. 14th st. and 827 S. 7th st. Female and chronic diseases specialties

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—Child's patent rocker crib, high-chair and buggy. Ad. T 39, this office. f38

WANTED—To sell tobacco and cigars on commission for some wholesale house; have horse and buggy. H 39, this office. f36

WANTED—To sell groceries on commission for some wholesale house; has a horse and wagon. G 39, this office. f36

ALL wishing to build send 25 cents for "A Home for Every Body," containing 40 designs for city and country residences, school and court houses, churches, stores, etc., published by J. M. Lagg, architect, s. e. cor. Olive and 8th sts., St. Louis. 24

WANTED—Some respectable and well-to-do party to adopt two children, a boy and girl, aged from 2 to 4 Boone County, Mo. m26 Address F. Williams, Columbia,

WANTED—To adopt a healthy, intelligent orphan child, between 18 months and 2½ years of age, by a family without children; best of references given. R 34, this office. w28

WANTED—Four young ladies and four gentlemen to telegraphize on our lines; offices paying from $30 to $150 per month. Apply to superintendent's office, 102 N. 3d street, take elevator. a28

EDUCATIONAL.

WANTED—Unfurnished room and board for gentleman and wife, in vicinity of Lafayette Park. Address B 34, this office. a30

TELEGRAPH.

The best telegraph school at Jones' Commercial College. Tuition for night session, $5. 809 N. Broadway. 29

PROF. CHAS. PREVOT'S Natural method of French taught in 45 lessons, guaranteed. 1620 Olive st. 29

BARNES & HAYWARD'S Shorthand, Telegraph and Business College, 506 Olive st. 29

BRYANT & STRATTON'S Business, Shorthand and English Training school, corner Fifth and Market sts. We are agents for the Stenograph or Shorthand Machine, and also have the best and shortest method of teaching the Pitman system of Shorthand. 29

MARTIN'S Shorthand and Type-writing College, 618 and 620 Olive st. Established 1876. Trial free.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

12 N. FOURTH ST.—People's House, opposite Court House; rooms elegantly furnished and well ventilated; 50c to $1 per day; special rates by the week. J. Leland & Co. 18

121 N. EIGHTH ST.—Nicely fur. rooms, single or en 2 suite. a13

14 S. FIFTEENTH ST.—Three nice unfurnished rooms. a13

16 S. EIGHTH ST.—1 finely furnished front room up day, week or month. a13

228 S. EIGHTH ST.—Six-room brick; good order, $20 per month. T. G. Watts & Co., 204 N. 8th st. a14

29 S. SIXTEENTH ST.—Furnished front 2d-story rooms, for one or two gents; new house, all conveniences; private family; references required. 18

103 S. FIFTEENTH ST.—Handsomely furnished front parlor and hall room; also gentleman room mate wanted. Breakfast and supper if required; private family. a18

111 S. FIFTEENTH ST.—Two rooms completely furnished for housekeeping; also hall sleeping room. a18

121 N. SEVENTH, (s. w. cor. Pine st.)—Handsomely fur. rooms with gas and fire. a13

212 S. TWELFTH ST.—Nicely furnished room opposite Park; cheap. a13

216 LOCUST ST.—Furnished rooms, large room for $8, and a partner for a small room $3 a month.

303 N. TWELFTH T.—Nicely furnished front and back rooms, fire and gas. a13

320 S. FOURTEENTH ST.—One large room and kitchen for light housekeeping. a13

707 N. FOURTEENTH ST.—(New No.) well furnished front parlor with fire and light; $12; also rooms for housekeeping. w13

814 WALNUT ST.—Furnished rooms. a13

1009 N. COMPTON AV.—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. a13

1013 WASHINGTON AV.—Two adjoining fur. rooms for 8 or 4 gentlemen; s. wap., also single rooms.

1118 FINE ST.—2 rooms nicely furnished for light housekeeping; desirable. f13

1122 OLIVE ST.—Two unfurnished 2d-floor rooms, water, etc., in private family; $10 per month. f13

1125 N. EIGHTEENTH ST. (near Carr place).—Furnished front and back rooms; 2d floor; hall, gas, bath, w. c. and stationary wash-stand, all on same floor; would rent for light housekeeping to parties without children; rent low; good location. a13

1129 PINE ST.—Will have on the 1st of March, four furnished rooms suitable for light housekeeping; rent single or double to respectable parties. a13

1201 N. SEVENTH ST.—1 large fur. front room or 2 rooms unfur.; rent very cheap. a13

1209 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsome furnished, 1 large 2d-floor front room, one 3d-floor front room, front and back parlor. fi4

1309 C RR ST.—Nicely furnished back parlor suitable for one or two gents. a13

1421 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished room, gas, fire; good attendance. f13

1516 WASHINGTON AV.—Elegantly furnished rooms, by day, week or month. a13

1605 CHESTNUT ST.—One nicely furnished front room for one or two gentlemen; quiet family. a13

1613 PINE ST.—Three very handsomely furnished rooms for gentlemen only; 2d floor; gas, bath, etc.; southern exposure; private family. m13

1618 WASHINGTON AV.—Large, neatly furnished 3d-story front room; 2 gentlemen; gas, bath, hot and cold water etc.; 1 or 2 gentlemen. a13

1800 CARR PLACE—Furnished and unfurnished rooms and rent, with closet, for light house keeping; terms reasonable. a13

1805 OLIVE ST.—Second floor of 4 rooms furnished complete for light housekeeping; or unfurnished; ref. ex.; no children. a13

1816 MORGAN ST.—Two connecting furnished rooms, single or en suite; $10 and $12 per month, with fire. a13

1821 LUCAS AV.—Suite of rooms, 2d floor front, furnished for small family; also room and kitchen on same floor; all conveniences, water, etc. a13

1908 DIVISION ST.—Four rooms, second floor, water; front and side entrance; large yard; $15. f13

2018 HICKORY ST.—Three rooms and bath to parties without children; reference required. Inquire within. f13

2018 EUGENIA ST.—Four unfurnished rooms with bath. f13

2307 CHES. NUT ST.—Large, light and airy back parlor, fur. or unfur.; elegant neighborhood and location; fine table board next door if ref. ex. f13

2338 WASH ST. (new number)—By March 1, two or three rooms on 2d floor, with bath and water closet on same floor. f13

2622 WASH ST.—Three elegant rooms on second floor with bath, gas and water closet, for light housekeeping. a18

2712 LUCAS AV.—Nicely furnished room; southern and eastern exposure; private family, with board. f13

2712 GLASGOW AV.—Upper half stone-front, 5 rooms, gas, marble mantels, water in kitchen; rent $21 50, including water. Apply on premises. a13

2808 MORGAN ST.—Three unfurnished rooms on third floor, suitable for light housekeeping; rent $10. a13

3330 LOCUST ST.—Handsomely furnished front room. a13

FOR RENT—Pine st., west of Compton av., two nicely furnished rooms, 2d floor, with fire, gas, bath and good attendance; $25 per month; two 2d-story rooms elegantly furnished, $40 per month; private family. E 38, this office. f13

FOR RENT—To a small family, half of a desirable six-room house, centrally located, all modern improvements; reference required. Ad. C 39, this office. a13

FOR RENT—Southeast corner California and Ann avs.; 3 rooms on 2d floor; cheap. Inquire on premises. a13

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms at 615 Locust st. f13

FOR RENT—Elegantly furnished large and small rooms, hot and cold water; bath and halls well heated; terms reasonable. Address O 37, this office. a13

MONEY to loan on trunks and valises from $1 to $10,000, at S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 18

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

2645 CAROLINE ST.—Will be for rent about March 11th; brick cottage, 4 rooms and summer kitchen, $18 per month. a14

3013 CAROLINE ST., near Lafayette Park.—Brick cottage, with bath; owner pays water license; $18 a month. a14

FOR SUMMER RENT—A commodious house, comfortable, with hot and cold water, gas, stabulation for 3 ponies; pretty good sized grounds; use of cow; convenient to street cars and railroad; possession given when desired; rent, $80 per month. Ad. C 34, this office.

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

UHRIG'S CAVE HALL,

For rent for parties, entertainments, festivals. For terms apply to Thomas McNeary, 2600 Washington av. 17

FOR RENT—Large room, well lighted, suitable for warehouse or carpet sales; cheap; inquire in shoe factory, rear 812 St. Charles st. a17

FOR RENT—Desk room. Call at room 13, 620 Chestnut st. a17

BUSINESS LOCATION—Parties seeking location for wholesale or manufacturing purposes can have a building erected to suit. Lot 80x165, Nos. 717 and 719 Lucas av. W. H. Stevenson, 14 N. 4th st., 2d floor. 17

BOARDING.

613 N. TWENTY-THIRD ST. (new number)—Nicely furnished rooms, with board or without; best of attention to guests; also splendid second-floor front, unfurnished. f18

908 PINE ST.—Room, with board, $4 per week; rooms on 1st and 2d floor front; table board $3 per week. w13

1002 PINE ST.—Neatly furnished rooms with fire; cheap; with or without board; one small room with fire cheap. w14

1008 CHAMBERS ST.—By day or week; also rooms suitable for a few gents, or man and wife. f18

1106 PINE ST.—Furnished rooms for rent, with or without board. f18

1305 WASHINGTON AV.—Neatly furnished rooms for rent with or without board.

1416 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished rooms with or without board; strictly private family; best of refs. a18

1521 MORGAN ST.—One large light front room; furnished $6, or unfurnished $5. With or without board. Inquire on second floor. f18

1522 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished parlors on 2d floor; rooms for rent; also 3 small rooms, with gas, bath and fire; also first-class board.

1834 LUCAS PLACE—Pleasant rooms, with board. a18

1925 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms with board. a18

2223 WASHINGTON AV.—For rent—A nice pleasant room, with good clean board, for a couple of gentleman or man and wife. a18

2313 WASH ST.—Handsomely fur. rooms with or without board; suitable for light housekeeping. f13

2904 FINE ST.—One large, handsome furnished 2nd-story front room; also one 3rd-story with board—French cuisine. Late dinner. a18

2936 LOCUST ST.—Gentleman and wife, or two gentlemen, with good ref., can obtain a nice room, with board; stone front; house, heated by hard coal furnace, and location all that could be desired.

WANTED—Lady wants a reliable, agreeable lady room-mate; desirable room, good board, very reasonable; refs. Ad. M 37, this office. m13

MRS. DAVIS' PRIVATE HOTEL

1000 Locust st., corner of 10th, regular, transient and day boarders. a18

MONEY to loan on clothing from $1 to $10,000, at S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 18

MUSICAL.

MY intention is, and has been, to do a strictly legitimate, honorable business, to make no misrepresentation about my stock, and to sell at the lowest price consistent with an honest profit. Miller, Guild, Hall & Pease, and second-hand pianos always on hand. Cash or time; no interest. J. A. Kelsenhorst, 1111 Olive st. 27

PIANO lessons by a competent teacher. 1404 S. 2d st. f27

FOR LEASE—Fine parlor organ, little used; will sell cheap. Add. F 37, this office. a27

THE BAHNSEN PIANOS have become famous in a most remarkably short time. Musicians and critics pronounce them the best in the market on account of the fine musical and sustaining qualities of tone and promptness of touch. The price is lower than any other first-class piano, and piano customers should not fail to examine the Bahnsen Piano Factory before buying. Factory and warerooms 2721 and 2723 Laclede av. (Market st.). Old pianos taken in exchange; pianos tuned and repaired. 27

WANTED—A piano player for variety business. Apply at 304 Locust st. a27

PIANOFORTE lessons at 25c per lesson by an experienced teacher. Ad. W 38, this office. a27

WANTED—An experienced teacher wishes a few more scholars for piano; best references. Miss R. M., 1830 Carr place. a27

BANJO lessons at 1604 N. Ninth st. a27

WEBER

Pianos are known to be the best in the world. Western supply depot at H. Koerber's, 1108 Olive street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BUSINESS CHANCE—New store room for rent at Eureka, Kan., 22x100 feet, fitted for dry goods or drugs; good opening here for either. Ad. N. R. Collins, Eureka, Kan. 2

BUSINESS WANTED.

WANTED—To buy, small grocery that will bear investigation, with one or two rooms attached. G 38, this office. a3

WM. P. STEWART,

Notary and Conveyancer, 808 Chestnut street. 8

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Good corner grocery, saloon attached, at a very low price; good reason for selling. S 35, this office. a34

FOR SALE CHEAP—A nice, handsome and trim store; proprietor has too much other business on hand. Apply mornings and evenings at 1413 Olive st. a4

FOR SALE—Retail Hardware Business in Kingman, Kan.—A rare opportunity is offered for securing a most desirable and paying stock of hardware in Kingman, Kan. The business has been established since 1878, and has been very successful; the stock on hand is clean and desirable, and will invoice from $12,000 to $15,000. This is a most desirable location, situated on a leading line of railway, in the county seat of Kingman County, and contains 2,000 inhabitants. Application can be made in person or by letter to Babcock & Alexander, Kingman, Kan.

FOR SALE—A $1 200 grocery store, centrally located; horses and two wagons. Richards & Co., 614 Pine st.

FOR SALE—A four story hotel, saloon and pool tables full of paying boarders; rent $45; lease three years; Richards & Co., 614 Pine st. a4

FOR SALE—Good route on this paper situated in North St. Louis. Apply to superintendent of carriers. 4

FOR SALE—Cheap, a good corner grocery and saloon; good reason for selling. Ad. R 36, this office. a4

FOR SALE or trade, two patents; owners not able to introduce them. Box 27, Arenzville, Ill. 4

FOR SALE—36 No. 1 grain and stock farm, Perry Co., Mo., 12 miles from Fredericktown R. R. station, rich soil and valuable timber; 100 acres in cultivation; double frame house, stable and outbuildings; fine orchard, bearing; 11 springs and cistern; 1 cow, 1 heifer, 1 calf, 3 sheep and 7 hogs; this clear and warranted deed given. Price, $2,000 cash if taken at once. P. Dixon Cordell, 720½ Chestnut st., Room 4. 17

FOR SALE—Hotel at Springfield, Mo.; fixtures and lease; 8-story brick hotel, centrally located and doing good business; $6,000 half cash, balance on time. Ad. P. O. box 1032, Springfield, Mo. a4

FOR SALE—A great bargain—Best located druz store in New Orleans. For further particulars inquire of J. D. Bryant, No. 12 Exchange Place, New Orleans, La.

FOR SALE—One of the best paying down town corner saloons. Ad. L 34, this office. 4

A THOUSAND business cards, bill-heads or statements for $1. HOWARD SCOTT, Printer, 810 Olive st.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—One thousand pound Hall's combination safe; safe near Pierce City. Mo. Ad. O 39

THE PRIZE CABINET.

Another Batch of Premium-Seekers All Over the Country.

Active Competition for the Post-Dispatch Offer of $100—The Guesses Received Up to Noon To-Day.

The guessing for the POST-DISPATCH $100 prize still continues at a lively rate, as will be seen by the mass of answers published below. C. R. Buchanan of Hannibal, Mo., sends in a guess which contains only six names. W. Ferguson of Milan, Tenn., and F. W. Daehn, Hannibal, Mo., have also omitted one name from their lists. They should try again with a full Cabinet. Mr. C. Dougherty of 212 N. Third street, complains that his name was printed incorrectly. The list to-day is as follows:

TO-DAY'S LIST.

Mrs. Ellen Cavanaugh, 122 Soulard street; S., Bayard; T., Manning; I., Carl Schurz; W., Witthorne; N., Stockton; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Money.

E. W. Meyer, 1463 Warren street; S., Bayard; T., Manning; L., Thurman; W., Vilas; N., McDonald; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Lamar.

C. A. Mittzer, 3010 N. Twenty-first street; S., Bayard; T., Hewitt; L., Thurnan; W., Vilas; N., McDonald; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Lamar.

E. Belerson, 1416 N. Market street; S., Bayard; T., Whitney; L., McDonald; W., McClellan; N., Vilas; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Lamar.

J. W. Foss, 1618 St. Louis avenue; S., Bayard; T., Whitney; L., Thurman; W., Vilas; N., McDonald; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Jonas of Louisiana.

B. C. Cooper, 2820 Arsenal street; S., Bayard; T., Manning; L., Taurman; W., Vilas; N., Holman; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Lamar.

C. G. Brenizer, 116 S. Commercial street; S., Bayard; T., Manning; L., McDonald; W., Lamar; N., Garland; A. G., McClellan; P.-G., Vilas.

P. W. Connerton, 212 S. Third street; S., Bayard; T., Whitney; L., Thurman; W., Vilas; N., McDonald; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Jonas.

Pans: Sherwood, Springfield, Mo.; S., Bayard; T., Manning; L., Thurman; W., Vilas; N., Joun Quincy Adams; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Cockerell.

Miss Gundelfinger, Jefferson City; S., Bayard; T., Randall; I., Thurman; W., Vilas; N., Quincy Adams; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Rosecrans.

J. O'Connell, with Decastro & Donner, Brooklyn, E. D.; S., Bayard; T., Hewitt; L., Lamar; W., McClellan; N., Vilas; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., McDonald.

H. C. Rigby, 120 Broadway, New York; S., Bayard; T., McDonald; L., Lamar; W., McClellan; N., Vilas, A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Thurman.

Lake, 85 Chariton Place, New York; S., Bayard; T., Manning; I., Vilas; W., Jonas; N., Whitney; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Miller.

Thomas Bryan, 2016 Dayton street; S., Bayard; T., Manning; I. Vilas; W., McClellan; N., Gorman; A.-G., Hubbard; P.-G., Lamar.

H. Rotisechild, 164 E. Third street, St. Paul, Minn.; S., Bayard; T., Manning; L., Vilas; W., McDonald; N., Randall; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Barnum of Connecticut.

Robert G. Macfay, St. Paul, Minn.; S., Bayard; T., Whitney; L., McDonald; W., Thurman; N., Randall; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Lamar.

W. Roumens, 2322 La Salle street.; S., Bayard; T., Manning; L., Vivas; W., McClellan; N., Thurman; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Jonas of Louisiana.

J. Hartmann, 563 Franklin avenue; S., Bayard; T., Manning; I., Thurman; W., McClellan; N., Vilas; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Lamar.

Clara Nagel, 2321 Hebert street; S., McDonald; T., Lamar; I., Trumbull; W., Rosecrans; N., English; A.-G., Tilden; P.-G., Vilas.

Mrs. S. J. Schoemaker, 2021 S. Twenteth street.; S., Bayard; T., Manning; I., McDonald; W., Vilas; N., Thurman; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Jonas.

Mrs. Mary Cavanaugh, 122 Soulard street; S., Bayard; T., Randall; L., Thurman; W., Rosecrans; N., McDonald; A. G., Garland; P.-G., Money.

Thomas Halligan, 122 Soulard street; S., Lamar; T., Manning; I., Thurman; W., Vilas; N., McDonald; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Jonas.

Thomas Cavanaugh, 122 Soulard street; S., Mc Donald; T., Hewitt; I., Thurman; W., Vilas; N., Mc Donald; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Jonas.

Miss Kate Cavanaugh, 122 Soulard street; S., Bayard; T., Manning; L., Thurman; W., McClellan; N., McDonald; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Lamar.

Miss K. Hartdman, 823 S. Seventh street; S., Bayard; T., Manning; I., Thurman; W., McDonald; N., Pendleton; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Jonas.

J. Goldman, 518 S. Second street; S., Bayard; T., Manning; L., Thurman; W., McClellan; N., Lamar; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Whitney.

Mrs. N. W. V., 2724 Bernard street; S., Bayard; T., Whitney; L., McDonald; W., Rosecrans; N., Jones; A.-G., Lamar; P.-G., Barbour.

Wm. T. Tanner, care of B. Nugent & Bro.; S., Bayard; T., Manning; L., Vilas; W., McDonald; N., Jones; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Jonas.

Andrew Celia, 4 South Fourteenth street; S., Thurman; T., Manning; I., McDonald; W., McClellan; N., Vilas; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Reazan.

L. Blocks, 209 N. Thirteenth street; S., Bayard; T., Manning; L., Thurman; W., McClellan; N., McDonald; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Hubbard of Texas.

Miss Lottie Kuna, 1318 Chestnut street; S., Bayard; T., Manning; L. Thurman; W., McClellan; N., Vilas; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Jonas.

S. C. Freeman, 1920 Morgan street; S., Bayard; T., Manning; L., Thurman; W., McClellan; N., McDonald; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Jonas.

C. Heliger, 1015 Autumn; S., Bayard; T., Manning; L., Thurman; W., Vilas; N., McDonald; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Lamar.

L. Arado, 1231 Pine; S., Bayard; T., Manning; I., Thurman; W., McClellan; N., Jonas; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Vilas.

Mrs. J. R. Cagacol, 1811 S. Twelfth street.; S., Bayard; T., Mannin.; I., McClellan; W., Vilas; N., McDonald; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Lamar.

Mr. J. R. Cagacol, 1811 S. Twelfth street.; S., Bayard; T., Manning; I., Jones; W., McClellan; N. Vilas; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Miller.

F. R. Mittenberger, care of Simon & Morse; S., Bayard; T., Manning; L., McDonald; W., McClellan; N. Vilas; A.-G., Gnaland; P.-G., Lamar.

W. S. Rowland, 3325 Washington avenue; S., Bayard; T., Manning; I., Vilas; W., McClellan; N., McDonald; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Lamar.

John A. Nagel, Hebert street; S., Trumbull; T., Schurz; I., German; W., Vilas; N., Tilden; A.-G., English; P.-G., Rosecrans.

J. O'Connell, with Decastro & Donner, Brooklyn, E. D.; S., Bayard; T., Hewitt; I., Lamar; W., McClellan; N., Vilas; A.-G., Garland; P.-G., McDonald.

H. C. Rigby, 120 Broadway, New York; S., Bayard; T., McDonald; L., Lamar; W., McClellan; N., Vilas, A.-G., Garland; P.-G., Thurman.

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W. Roumens, 2322 La Salle street.; S., Bayard; T., Manning; I

F. W. CUERIN, PHOTOGRAPHER,
Twelfth and Washington Av.
Highest prize awarded at National Photographic Exhibition, Cincinnati, 1884, and medal awarded at the World's Exposition, Paris, 1878. Special attention paid to Crayon and Pastel work.

SUGARS

Granulated Best	14 lbs for $1 00
Granulated, off	16 lbs for 1 00
Best Clarified	15 lbs for 1 00
Best Clarified	17 lbs for 1 00
Choice Yellow	18 lbs for 1 00
Choice Brown	

ROASTED COFFEE.

Fine O. G. Java	3½ lbs for $1 00
Choice O. G. Java	4 lbs for 1 00
Golden Rio	5 lbs for 1 00
Choice Rio	7 lbs for 1 00
Guatemala	8 lbs for 1 00

FAIRLEY, the Grocer,
820 Franklin Av.

MILK THE Largest Retailers of Pure Illinois Milk in the city Telephone No. 4,122.
BOWMAN & CO.,
[illegible] and 820 Morgan [illegible].

CITY ITEMS.

FOLLOW the crowds, say we, and avail yourself of the great bargains now being offered at D Crawford & Co.'s, of their two immense bargain purchases of bankrupt stocks. Now is the weather for cloaks, blankets, bed comforts, flannels, wool underwear, knit goods, skirts, etc., and your grand chance to buy them at less than half cost is now. Don't miss it and follow the crowds.

'TIS vain to seek a powder that defies detection; but use Pozzoni's to improve the complexion.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
922 Olive street. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicine furnished Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles street, cures diseases of indiscretion, excesses, indulgencies. Call or write

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

It is rumored that Cardinal Jacobini has resigned his position.

The Pope is suffering from a renewal of his intestinal complaint.

Mexico is ready to repel any settlement of the Mormons in Sonora.

War between China and Japan may result from the recent settlement of the latter with Corea.

It is growing more apparent every day that Paris is the home of Socialists, Invincibles and Nihilists.

David Dickson, one of the most prominent lawyers in Georgia, died of apoplexy, leaving a fortune of $500,000.

E. L. Jones of Williamsburg, Ky., has been indicted for defrauding the Government on forged mail contracts.

The motion of censure in Egyptian affairs will be introduced in the House of Lords by Salisbury, and in the Commons by Northcote.

Bray Bros. of San Francisco, Cal., grain commission merchants, made an assignment. Assets, $500,000; liabilities about the same.

Henry Cooper, a confidential clerk of R. G. Dun & Co., has skipped off with $1,150 of the firm's money and $2,000 belonging to his aged mother.

An attempt was made to blow up the Court House at Greensburg, Westmoreland County, Pa., by placing a can of dynamite in one of the corridors.

The London Fishmongers' Company, a very rich guild, will sell its extensive estates in Ireland, giving the 400 tenants the first opportunity of purchase.

Gen. Foote, American Minister to Corea, has been formally thanked by the Japanese Government for rescuing him personal peril several Japanese during the recent riot.

Lord Dufferin, Viceroy of India, has made a call on England for at least 20,000 soldiers as reinforcements. He claims the garrison and fleet forces are absurdly weak, and that some of the native princes are maintaining good-sized armies.

Mrs. William Westfall of Denver, Col., was told by a gypsy fortune-teller that her husband, who is a railroad man, would be killed that afternoon unless she kept him off the train. She could not reach him and worried herself insane. The gypsy has disappeared.

General Buller has withdrawn his entire force from Gubat to Abu Klea because of the approach of the Mahdi's forces from Ombarkan. At Abu Klea the British force number nearly 1,000 all told. The Mahdi is said to be advancing with 50,000 men upon the command. He has secured all of Gordon's papers and paper money, which he is causing to raise funds. Some of the Indian medals struck off by Gordon to commemorate the defense of Khartoum have reached London and are selling at fabulous prices.

Neuril Cures Neuralgia.
A few drops applied kills the pain instantly. Sold by druggists at 50c. Neuril Co.

CITY NEWS.

Meigs-Underhill Grand Concert, Union Church, Garrison and Lucas avenues, to-night.

P. T. Robins was thrown from a wagon on Sixth and O'Fallon streets, yesterday, and badly injured.

John Doyle's saloon was entered by burglars, yesterday, and forty-five boxes of cigars stolen. The cigars were valued at $70.

Fred Meyer, one of the prisoners at the Work House, while engaged in quarrying, had his right leg broken by a huge rock falling upon it.

The Southern Historical and Benevolent Society will hold a meeting to-night at which officers and a board of directors for the ensuing year will be elected.

Capt. William Lourey, the vice-president of the St. Louis and Mississippi Valley Transportation Company, is lying dangerously ill at his residence, 3502 Pine street.

A pocketbook containing $37 was stolen yesterday afternoon from John Scheb of 2315 Chestnut street.

The musical and literary entertainment given last night by the Pride of the West Lodge, No. 791, at their club rooms on Nineteenth and Cave streets, was largely attended.

Annie Gemges reported to the police last evening that on Monday last she gave Louis Stockhauser $25 with which to pay her house rent at the office of Green & Lamotte, but instead of paying the rent he appropriated the money for his own use.

The St. Louis Engineers' Club held a meeting last night at the Mercantile Club Rooms on Seventh and Locust streets. Mr. Thomas Macalled read a lengthy paper on "Street Paving." An able paper on "Railroad Switches" was read by Mr. Albert Taussig.

Charles Printz, aged 13, the son of Officer Printz, who was shot by Charles Sanders, met with an accident yesterday which will most probably prove fatal. He attempted to jump on a car train at Eighteenth street, and fell under the cars, his right leg being taken off near the hip. He was sent to the City Hospital.

Private Watchman James W. Twombly states that he discovered the fire at 2740 Olive street, Tuesday night, turned on the alarm at box 192 at once, and, after the firemen and gone, plastered the broken glass, sprung the door too, put a fire in the furnace, and, in fact, by saved $500 worth of plants. He wants the credit of it.

"Brown's Bronchial Troches," are excellent for the relief of hoarseness of Sore Throat. They are exceedingly effective."—Christian World, London, Eng.

Diamond Rings.
It will pay you to call and see the bargains we are offering before buying elsewhere.
HESS & CULBERTSON,
22 N. Fourth st.

A Sensation Exploded.

CUMBERLAND, Md., February 19.—The sensational story about the burial cave of Mary Cox, near Little Capon, W. Va., has been exploded. The remains were not exhumed until yesterday, when it was done under the direction of the physician who attended her. The position of the corpse was exactly as when placed in the coffin. The grave had not before been disturbed.

Go and See Them Yourself.
Such crowds as attended the great sacrifice sale of the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company at Fourth and Locust were never known before in the jewelry trade. The delight and satisfaction of the purchasers at the incredibly low prices offered were unbounded.

Out on a Spree.

Frank Jenkins, a colored man, went on a spree Wednesday evening, and yesterday was found lying on the railroad track at the city limits, near Jennings Station, with both of his hands frozen.

CUTTING PRICES
AND KNOCKING OUT VALUES
Is the order of the day, and don't forget that we are keeping up our end WHEN IT COMES TO SHOES. We are keeping it up in all departments, and have added the following in GENTS' Boots and Shoes.

Gents' Calf Waukenphasts, Down from $4 00 to $3 00
Gents' Calf Button, Congress and Lace Bals, in all the styles Down from $5 00 to $3 50
Gents' Hand-Welt French Calf Shoes, including all styles, Down from $6 00 and $6 50 to $4 50
From $1 50 to $3 a Pair off on Machine and Hand-Welt Calf Boots.
J. G. BRANDT, 504-506 Franklin Avenue.

BANDS OF MERCY.

Their Organization Under the Auspices of the Humane Society.

A Morning Among the Children at a Public School—Curious Scenes Among the School Children.

For several weeks past a movement has been in progress in the public schools which, judging from what came under the notice of a reporter of the POST-DISPATCH this morning, is destined to have a marked influence in the amelioration of many of the worst features of our metropolitan life. The Humane Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, which is doing so much towards the promotion of right conduct and feeling in the treatment of dumb creation, resolved to strike at the root of existing evils and, through the inculcation of lessons of mercy among the school children, to prepare the way for a better and nobler condition for the rising generation. To this end they secured the services of an English clergyman, the Rev. Thomas Timmins, who was traveling in this country and whose life is entirely devoted to spreading the gospel of mercy among children. This gentleman is an enthusiast in his chosen work; has labored with most gratifying results in Boston, New York, Chicago, Toledo, and other large cities and whose methods will best be understood by a brief description of morning's work in the Hamilton School, which, situated within the confines of the classic fields of Kerry Patch, presents elements that peculiarly need the refining influences of humane teaching.

HAMILTON SCHOOL.

On arriving at the school shortly after 9 o'clock the reporter was welcomed by Miss McGrath, the warm-hearted principal of the Hamilton School, and by her introduced to Mr. Timmons, who immediately commenced expatiating in his enthusiastic way on the good work he is engaged in and the ready reception this teachings have met with. The creation of Bands of Mercy in the various public, parochial and private schools of the country forms the basis of his operations, and he drew from his pocket a slip of paper showing the total results thus far achieved. In America he had organized during his tour 4,700 bands of mercy, with a total membership of 305,187 children, while 745 bands were in St. Louis, with a membership of about 30,000. These bands are simply voluntary organizations, the members taking the simple pledge. "I will try to be kind and merciful to all harmless living creatures, and will try to protect them from cruel usage." Mr. Timmins went on to explain that the movement was confined to no religious denomination or creed, but embraced all, Catholic, Protestant, and in fact people of no creed whatever. He told how the Catholic priesthood had been particularly friendly to the movement and related instances of cases where the members of entire neighborhoods in some of the larger cities had been reported to him by school teachers, and officers of the law had shown marked improvement after his ministrations. "For," said he, "simple as the method may seem, and though the good seed may at times fall on barren ground, it must also be remembered that where the seed does take root in the hearts of the children, they, in their turns, become small missionaries, reaching into the inmost recesses of the family, and what father or mother will not listen to the voice of their children pleading for mercy, and which of them will indulge in cruel practices when the little ones are arrayed on the side of humanity?"

ORGANIZING BANDS.

At this time Miss McGrath summoned Mr. Timmins and she reporter to one of the larger rooms, or rather two of the larger rooms thrown into one, where the children from four rooms were assembled. Being introduced to the little folks, Mr. Timmins gave them a timely greeting, captured their attention at once by a deserved compliment to their bright faces and neat appearance, and then began a sort of parable to which they all eagerly listened. He took these in infancy, with their teachers for company, on a journey across the ocean: Described the journey to New York; the getting on board a great steamer; described the rolling of the ocean and the raging of the wind; landed them at Liverpool and then described visits to historical places that they were likely to have heard of. And that they had been many of these visits was evident by the occasional ejaculations of recognition his graphic but simple language called forth. Then he took them down to the South coast and across the narrow water to the Isle of Wight, where Queen Victoria dwells at times. Here, he said, they would visit one of the loveliest spots in the Wight. Block Gang Chine, a valley full of curious and beautiful sights. But to enjoy the sights they needed a guide which he found in the person of a little girl who lived in a cottage at the entrance to the Chine. This little one, before going with them, provided herself with a cracker, and when they were all walking through the valley, three golden robins began to fly round the head of the little girl. Presently she broke three pieces off her cracker and putting the pieces between her lips and whistling up, the birds, one by one, flew down and took each a piece out of her lips, flying off to their nestlings in the trees. "Now," said the parable, "you children don't often see wild birds do a thing like that; why?" "'Cause the'd be afraid," was the chorused reply. "Why were the afraid of that little girl?" This was a poser at first, but presently a little bright-eyed ass of about 10, threw up a hand to signify her ability to answer, and added, "They wasn't afraid, 'cause de girl was kind to them". "That's it!

BECAUSE SHE HAD BEEN KIND.

Better to have the happiness of seeing these birds not afraid than to scare them with cruelty, eh?" "Yes," in loud chorus. "Now, I suppose some of you boys hurt each other sometimes?" "Yes," from what do you say he is?" "Bad," said two or three. "Mean," said some of the girls. "Yes, he's bad and mean too, but what else?" Then a sturdy little chap and a far corner cried out: "He'd be a coward." That was the word, and the speaker went on with other illustrations to the same point, on each occasion drawing out of the minds of the children themselves the conditions and interesting them by concealing the art by which he made them every one feel that there was a total absence of instruction, but that each and all were learning for themselves. In short, when Farmer Dane told Ada and the field laborers ratiocination."

The talk over, the objects and methods of the Bands of Mercy were explained, and the children of the several rooms, one room at a time, were asked whether they would like to join and to take the simple pledge of the order. The reply in most cases was an enthusiastic "Yes," though in one room there were a couple of gipsy-looking little fellows who smart to pledge themselves to forego the pleasure of stoning cats or tying tin-pans to dogs' tails.

All the expense incidental to this labor in St. Louis has been borne by the Humane Society, who also supply badges and literature for the use of the schools. Under authority of the School Board, there will be monthly meetings of the Bands in all the schools, at which simple stories will be told, hymns and songs composed for the purpose sung, and the spark of mercy thus kindled maintained alive. Not a small feature of the work is the naming of each individual band by the children themselves and the study emanation between Rosebud Band, Lily Band, Hearty Band, Forget-me-not Band and the like will serve to fan the flame and preserve the memory of the pledge they have taken in the children's hearts.

As a rain drop foretells a storm, so does a pimple upon the human body indicate health-destroying virus in the blood, which can be neutralized and expelled only by Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic.

A GREAT LOSS TO ONE,

But a Great Gain to Thousands.

The rapid and destructive fire that took place at the *Globe Clothing Store* one night last week created quite a sensation throughout the city during the last few days. The store-rooms and even the sidewalks were crowded with people clamoring for the bargains in clothing damaged by fire and water. Among the bargains still left are a few Men's satin-lined overcoats at $2 50; a few Men's cassimere and worsted suits at $2 50 and $3 50; Men's good pants at 75 cents; Children's odd coats and overcoats damaged, at 25 cents; Men's fine cassimere and corkscrew suits and overcoats slightly smoked, which were $15 and $20, for $7 50 and $10; Men's blue flannel shirts 40 cents, and thousands of other articles at about 10 cents on the dollar. If you want a bargain, call in time at the

GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin Avenue.

AFTER THE "SCALPERS."

A Crusade Begun on 'Change, Which May Prove a Failure.

The commission men on 'Change who trade in grain futures are engaged in a crusade to suppress some of the operators, generally known as "scalpers." The failure of some of these "scalpers" to make good losses in trades, or to give up responsible parties' names to whom to put trades down to, was the cause of this movement against them. The following agreement was circulated on the floor today and received the signatures of a majority of the traders:

"We, the undersigned commission merchants, doing business in the Merchants' Exchange, hereby agree to trade only with the known and acknowledged representatives of regularly established houses of brokers, on whom we shall require the names of their principals always at the end of the session during which the trade is made, or sooner if we desire."

Opinions seem to differ as to whether this agreement can be carried out. One merchant who took an active part in having it signed remarked:

"We cannot afford to lose the sums of money we do every now and then through irresponsible men. For instance, our firm lost $500 yesterday, another house lost $80, and others considerable amounts. We cannot afford to pay these men for the privilege of trading with them. It is too much like playing against our own money. I can refuse to trade with any customer I wish to, and they can't help themselves."

Another party said: "I don't see how we can refuse to trade with any member who has his card of admittance on the floor. We are liable for a suit for damages for refusing to accept a member's trade. Of course, we can call them for margins the minute after the trade has been made, and then, if they fail to put up the money, we can sell them out under the rules. And we can do it for the same or principal at once if we wish, but we can't refuse to trade with a member."

A Truly Notable Event.

The inauguration of the immense sacrifice sale of the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company was in reality a grand and notable event. The people of the city appreciated the fact and attended in vast numbers. Never was there so much satisfaction and delight expressed at the way in which the Company's promise of low prices was kept. From the way in which this appreciation was shown those who wish to secure the choicest bargains will have to attend the sale early. Bear in mind the second day's sale to-morrow.

A DRIVING BARGAIN.

The St. Louis Driving Club to Have a Season at Cote Brilliante.

At a meeting of the St. Louis Driving Club yesterday an arrangement was effected with Mr. Samuel Ecker which secures to the club the use of the Cote Brilliante track for the year ending February 15, 1886. Under the arrangement Lew Clark is named as the party having sole authority to represent Mr. Ecker, and the members of the Driving Club are secured free entrance to the park at all times with such guests and with such friends as may hold complimentary tickets from the president. Mr. Ecker is to erect a stand at the track to seat 500 people, and the club is to keep the track in order. If the club grows in membership to over 350, one out of six membership fees in excess of that number shall be paid to Mr. Ecker. The club will proceed at once to make the place attractive, and to effect arrangements for keeping it in the best condition for driving during the summer season.

Everybody Going to Washington.

Representatives of the Pennsylvania Lines West of Pittsburg—the Fort Wayne Route, the Panhandle Route and the Vandalia Line—advise us that the Pennsylvania Lines through to Washington, under one and the same management, have completed ample and satisfactory and comfortable arrangements for transporting their multitude of patrons to Washington and back on the occasion of President Cleveland's inauguration. PULLMAN Palace Sleeping Cars and Day Coaches run through to Washington without change, from St. Louis, Chicago, Cincinnati, Fort Wayne, Terre Haute, Indianapolis, and other stations—*over the Pennsylvania Lines only.*

Tickets at unusually low rates on sale at principal offices of Connecting Roads, and at various offices Pennsylvania Lines, February 28th to March 3d, inclusive, good returning to leave Washington not later than March 10. For special information address E. A. FORD, *General Passenger Agent, Pittsburg, Pa.*

ADVERTISE in the POST-DISPATCH if you want help of any kind—three lines for ten cents.

A Blazing Oil House.

At 4 o'clock this morning fire was discovered in a one-story frame building at the crossing of the Missouri Pacific railroad track and Ewing avenue. It was used by the railroad company as a store-house, containing oil and paints valued at $2,000. An alarm was turned in from box No. 236.

BEST French Brandy, Smart-Weed, Jamaica Ginger and Camp or Water, as compounded in Dr. Pierce's Extract of Smart-Weed, is the best remedy for colic, diarrhœa, cholera morbus, dysentery or bloody-flux; also, to break up colds, fevers and inflammatory attacks if used early.

Gold Watches.
It will pay you to call and see our stock before buying elsewhere.
HESS & CULBERTSON,
22 N. Fourth st.

THE best wedding gift is an etching or engraving artistically framed at Redheffer & Koch, 1000 Olive street, the leading art dealers.

READ! READ!!
THE FINEST OVERCOATS IN THE WORLD!
At Less than Cost of Material and Trimmings.
Comfortable Ulsters, Elegant Sacks and the Matchless Surtout REDUCED ONE HALF—some more—many of which are SATIN LINED and FIT!—we'll let YOU say how they FIT.
Our GREAT CLEARING SALE of the VERY FINEST Clothing, not only here in St. Louis, but in the ENTIRE COUNTRY, is WIDELY KNOWN by an INTELLIGENT PUBLIC.
Here are a few specimens of our UNPARALLELED REDUCTIONS:

$65 Overcoats going at $35	$50 Overcoats going at $25
$35 Overcoats going at $20	$25 Overcoats going at $15
$20 Overcoats going at $10	$10 Overcoats going at $5

Our Present Prices are the LOWEST ever quoted for the BEST and FINEST Clothing—Clothing that's Clean, Tailor-like and FITS equal to custom made.
Those in need had better come QUICKLY.
F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,
Retailers of the Finest Clothing, Broadway and Pine.

A MUTUAL MISUNDERSTANDING.

Funny Shooting Affair on Fourth Street This Morning.

The guests of the Planters' and Southern Hotels and other persons residing in the neighborhood were aroused in their slumbers about 6 o'clock this morning by four ringing gun-shot reports, which sounded forth upon the still mountain air, accompanied by wild shouts of "Murder!" and "Stop!" Windows were flung open and heads by the score popped out into the wintry air to investigate the cause of the fusillade and clamor. Absolute stillness succeeded, however; the windows were closed down again and the disturbed sleepers were once more wrapped in pleasant dreams. This morning the hotel clerks were pestered to death by guests making inquiry regarding the affair and rumors of a terrible murder were rife. The facts in the case, however, are as follows: At a few minutes before 6 o'clock this morning Felix Feroni, the porter of Cafferata's fruit store, reached that establishment and was greatly surprised to find the front door open. Suspecting that burglars had visited the place during the night he entered cautiously and made a rapid examination of the premises, which convinced him that his suspicions were without foundation, as not an article in the place had been disturbed. Still wondering how the door could have been opened he suddenly became

POSSESSED OF A DREAD

that himself was the object of a conspiracy. He carried $750 about his person and persons aware of the fact had laid a trap for him. They were ambushed about the building ready to strike him down and rob him at the earliest favorable opportunity. He felt certain of all this and his knees trembled and a cold sweat enveloped his frame as he began considering the best way of getting out of the place without exposing himself to attack from the assassins whom his imagination painted as lurking, stiletto in hand, behind the banana bushes which lay in confusion around the store. While he was thus painfully occupied he was being very carefully watched by Private Watchman Gumersell, who had seen him enter the store, and, judging his actions to be suspicious, had decided to pipe him off as a burglar. While the terror-stricken Italian was still wondering how to escape from the store with the least danger of a passing thrust from one of the concealed assassins, Gumersell opened the door and rushed in. Feroni felt that his day had come and uttering a piercing shriek he made a dash for the window. With the strength of despair he flung it up and leaped into the street calling for help. Gumersell followed, shouting him to stop. The more he shouted the less inclined Feroni was to come to a halt and so Gumerse I fired off his revolver into the air. At the fourth shot Feroni came to a halt, and falling upon his knees, flung his arms up in a piteous appeal for mercy. Gumersell placed him under arrest and took him to the Chestnut Street Police Station, where Mr. Cafferata arrived shortly afterwards and, explaining the matter, secured his release.

Remarkable Scenes.

The scenes at The Opening Sacrifice Reduction Sale of The Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., at Fourth and Locust, are never to be forgotten. The establishment was crowded at an early hour with purchasers who were charmed and amazed at the unheard-of reductions and low prices. The sale will be continued to-morrow, and those wishing to secure the choicest bargains should call at the earliest possible hour.

He Thanks His Paper.
Mr. Editor:—I was induced by reading your good paper to try Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic for debility, liver disorder and scrofula, and three bottles have cured me. Accept my thanks. Jos C. Boggs.—[Ex.

Frightened Away.
About 8:30 o'clock last night Officer Billy McGrath discovered the front door of Thomas Borlan's commission store open. On making an examination he found a crow-bar, a poker, and a pick-axe near the safe. The arrival of the officer evidently frightened the burglars from their work.

Cod-Liver Oil and Lime.—That pleasant and active agent in the cure of all consumptive symptoms, "*Wilbor's Compound of Pure Cod-Liver Oil and Lime*," is being universally adopted in medical practice. Sold by the proprietor, A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, Boston, and all druggists.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

C. Roach, Chicago; H. McAlister and wife, and Miss E. Davidson, New Orleans; E. Grover and S. F. Eagles, Dallas, Texas; John Cunningham, Chicago; J. Welch, Dubuque, Iowa; C. M. Lewis and wife, Philadelphia, are at the St. James.

C. P. Stewart, Chicago; Henry Cox, John A. Keane, New York; S. Allen, Keokuk, Iowa; Edward A. Jones, London, England; M. Goldsmith, Louisville, Ky.; G. Billing, Socorro, N. M., are at the Southern.

N. C. Hardin, Louisiana, Mo.; J. W. Smith, Detroit; J. F. Gear, Boston; Elijah Gates, St. Joseph, Mo.; E. W. Payne and wife, Morrison, Ill.; F. P. Wade Indianapolis, H. P. White, Chicago, are at the Planters'.

H. B. Anthony, Philadelphia, Pa.; Ralph Haynes, Springfield, Ill.; J. F. Carr, Milwaukee; John D. Othwell, New York; E. A Sanger, Keokuk; T. Shalet, New York; E. Philadelphia, are at the Lindell.

A. Vaid, Des Moines, Cal.; J. Little and Harry Wilson, Chicago; C. H. Schaepenneger, Lexington; W. B. Powell and H. D. Harris, Sulphan., Miss.; J. B. Christian and sis er, and Wm. Gray, Waynesville, Mo., are at the Hotel Barnum.

E. T. Smith, Charlotte, Mich.; G. Evans, Burlington; O. S. Rowse, Salem, Mo.; J. M. McClellan, Troy; Wm. Black, Sedalia, Mo.; J. S. Brooks, Kansas City, are at the Moser Hotel.

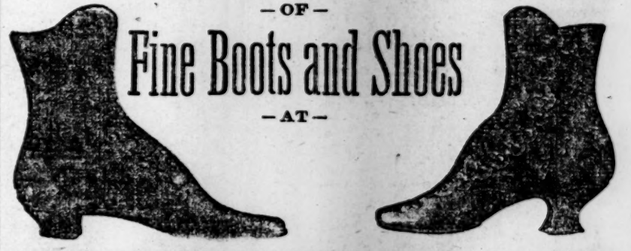
T. W. Allen; Pittsburg; S. Bates and wife, Burlington, Kan.; C. Murray, Indianapolis; L. E. Perkins, Englewood, Ill.; D. C. Andrews, Cleveland; C. R. Canelon, Rockford; T. J. Grant and wife, Salt Lake, are at the Laclede.

W. G. McCracken, Nashville, Ill.; G. L. McLean and wife, Denver, Col.; B. F. Seisly and wife, Carlinville, Ill.; A. L. Forgy, New Windsor, Ill.; T. S. Sullivant, Columbus, Ohio, C. S. Mess, Cleveland, Ohio; M. R. Yates, Texarkana, E. Y. Backus, New York; C. A. Robinson, Independence; J. D. Swain, Bloomington; G. J. Condy, Chicago; J. C. Kennoyer, Kansas City; J. C. Stone, Ironda e; E. L. McOmber, Hopewell; B. H. Evans, Dallas County, Ark.; R Warinroop, Boston; R. McFeeters, New York, are at Barnum's.

E. T. Smith, Charlotte, Mich.; R. A. Kerfon, Brazil, Md.; G. W. Milsap, Denver, Col.; O. S. Rouse, Salem, Mo.; W. H. Powell, Chicago; Mose Mayer, New York; A. Potter, Detroit, Mich.; B. N. Robinson, San Antonio, Texas, are at Hotel Hunt.

PUBLIC speakers and singers find B. H. Douglass & Sons' Capsicum Cough Drops a sure remedy for hoarseness.

Annual Clearing and Shop-Worn Sale
—OF—
Fine Boots and Shoes
—AT—



JOEL SWOPE & BRO.'S, 311 N. 4th St.
Ladies, Misses and Children with slim feet will find this a splendid opportunity to fit themselves in a Fine Shoe for very little money.

Ladies' French Kid Hand-made Button Boots, all sizes, 2 to 8, B, C, D, E width, reduced from $7 50 to $3 50	Ladies' Fine Bronze Toilet Slippers, reduced from $3 50 to $2.
Goat Foxed Matt, Kid Top Button, our hand-made Tireless Walking Shoe, reduced from $4 50 to $2 50.	Ladies' Fine Kid Slippers, beaded front and bows, reduced from $2 50 to $2 00.
Ladies' French Kid Button Boots, reduced from $6 to $4.	Boys' Calf Congress Gaiters, 1 to 4, reduced from $3 50 to $1 50.
Ladies' Best American Kid Button, reduced from $4 to $3.	Lots of Misses' and Children's Shoes at very much reduced prices.
Ladies' Best Straight Goat Button, reduced from $4 to $2 50.	Men's French Calf Hand-made Congress and Lace Shoes, reduced from $8 50 to $5.

J. I. MAYER & CO.,
St. Louis, Sole Proprietors.
TRADE SUPPLIED BY
J. I. MAYER & CO'S
THE BEST IN THE LAND
V
FINE SUPERFINE 5¢ CIGAR
NEW NICKEL CIGAR
FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.
Headquarters S. W. Cor. 4th & Olive Sts
TELEPHONE NO. 382.

GOOD WEATHER for BROKEN BONES!
And the thousand and one other causes that disable people by accident. Do not postpone securing a policy in the TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD, CONN.
The only thoroughly reliable and safe Company doing an Accident Insurance business.
Traveling men and others should send for our rates.
ARTHUR A. MOSHER, State Agent,
Walnut and Broadway (Southern Hotel), St. Louis, Mo.

HURST'S EUROPEAN HOTEL,
Cor. Fourth and Locust Sts., St. Louis, Mo.
The most central location in the city. ROOMS 75 CENTS TO $1 50 PER DAY.
First-class Restaurant attached, the members of which make reasonable prices prevail. Very convenient for Ladies shopping. Street cars pass the door for all the Parks and Gardens.
Nearer the Bridge than any hotel in the city.
JAS. H. HURST, Proprietor

STANDARD NEEDLES FOR ALL SEWING MACHINES.
Dry goods dealers, general stores, sewing machine agents and manufacturers can obtain their Sewing Machine Needles from us at Factory Prices. Our stock is large and of best quality—"Standard Goods Only." We also keep in stock a full supply of Repairs for all machines; Shuttles, Bobbins, Belts, Oil Cans, Screw Drivers, Oil, etc. Send for price-list. Dealers only. BLELOCK MANUFACTURING CO.,
309 Locust Street, St. Louis, Mo.

FURNITURE AND CARPETS ON EASY PAYMENTS.
Call at once, while you can make ONE DOLLAR go as far as two formerly did. We are selling at very low prices and on such an easy plan that you do not miss the money.
Staley House Furnishing Co., 807 Franklin Avenue.

250 CHOICE ENGRAVINGS
Prints and French Oleographs
AT AUCTION
On Saturday, February 21, at 10 A. M.
This collection has just been received by us with positive instructions "to sell without any reserve." They are all beautifully framed and comprise a very attractive line of popular and choice subjects, worthy the attention of all lovers of fine pictures.
EVERY PICTURE MUST AND WILL BE SOLD
Pictures can be seen at our salesrooms, 417 N. Broadway, Friday afternoon and morning of sale.
Remember Date of Sale—Saturday, Feb. 21
O. J. LEWIS & CO.

Manhood Restored
REMEDY FREE.—A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, &c., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address, J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., New York.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—A meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis Car Wheel Company will be held, pursuant to the by-laws of said company, on Tuesday the third day of March, 1885, at 12 o'clock m., at the office, No. 207 N. Third street, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., for the purpose of electing five directors of said company for the ensuing year and to transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
J. C. WHITE, Secretary. J. H. BASS, President.
St. Louis, February 16, 1885.

OFFICE of the St. Louis Union Stock Yard Co., Broadway avenue, east of Broadway, St. Louis, February 18, 1885.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis Union Stock Yard Company will be held at this office, Monday, March 2, 1885, for the purpose of electing seven directors to serve the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be presented. Polls open from 9 o'clock a. m. till 3 o'clock p. m.
JOHN A. SCUDDER, President.
W. A. RANSAY, Secretary and Treasurer.

A MEETING of stockholders of the St. Louis Glass and Queensware Company will be held on the 24th of February for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year and transact such business as may be brought before them.
F. BREMERMANN, Sec.

CONSUMPTION.
I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give express & P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

Nervous Debility